

Package: venneuler (via r-universe)

October 11, 2024

Version 1.1-4

Title Venn and Euler Diagrams

Author Lee Wilkinson <leland.wilkinson@gmail.com>

Maintainer Simon Urbanek <simon.urbanek@r-project.org>

Depends rJava

Description Calculates and displays Venn and Euler Diagrams.

SystemRequirements Java 1.5 or higher

License MPL-1.1

URL <https://www.rforge.net/venneuler/>,
<https://www.cs.uic.edu/~wilkinson/>

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-01-14 15:20:02 UTC

Contents

plot.VennDiagram	1
venneuler	3

Index	5
--------------	----------

plot.VennDiagram	plot <i>method for Venn diagrams</i>
------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Plots the Venn diagram returned by [venneuler](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'VennDiagram'
plot(x, col, col.fn = function(col) hcl(col * 360, 130, 60),
     alpha = 0.3, main = NULL, edges = 200, border = NA, col.txt = 1,
     cex = 1, lwd = 1, lty = 1, font = NULL, family = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	object of the class <code>VennDiagram</code> as returned from the <code>venneuler()</code> function.
<code>col</code>	optional, vector of colors (as accepted by the graphics system) to use. The colors are recycled if necessary (so passing a scalar will result in all circles having the same color). If not specified, colors are obtained by calling <code>col.fn</code> on the <code>colors</code> component of the <code>x</code> object.
<code>col.fn</code>	function taking one argument (numeric vector of values between 0 and 1), returning a vector of colors of the same length. It is not used if the <code>col</code> argument is specified.
<code>alpha</code>	numeric, value of the alpha channel(s) for the colors (hence their opacity). It will override any alpha channel information in the color specification, recycling as needed. If set to <code>NA</code> then no alpha adjustment to the colors is performed.
<code>main</code>	passed to <code>title()</code>
<code>edges</code>	integer scalar, specifies the number of edges to use when drawing circles
<code>border</code>	color of the border for each circle (recycled) or <code>NULL</code> if no border is to be drawn
<code>lwd</code>	line width used to draw borders of the circles
<code>lty</code>	line type used to draw borders of the circles
<code>col.txt</code>	passed as <code>col</code> to <code>text()</code> for text labels in the circle centers
<code>cex</code>	passed to <code>text()</code> for text labels in the circle centers
<code>font</code>	passed to <code>text()</code> for text labels in the circle centers
<code>family</code>	passed to <code>text()</code> for text labels in the circle centers
<code>...</code>	any further arguments passed to <code>title()</code>

Value

Returns `NULL` invisibly.

Author(s)

Simon Urbanek

See Also

[venneuler](#)

Examples

```
vd <- venneuler(c(A=0.3, B=0.3, C=1.1, "A&B"=0.1, "A&C"=0.2, "B&C"=0.1, "A&B&C"=0.1))
plot(vd, border=1, lwd = c(1,1,3), cex=2)
```

venneuler	<i>Calculates Venn and Euler Diagram</i>
-----------	--

Description

venneuler calculates a Venn diagram from a set specification.

Usage

```
venneuler(combinations, weights, ...)
```

Arguments

combinations	<p>This can be one of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a character vector (specifies disjoint class combinations as class names separated by the ampersand & character – e.g. <code>c("A", "B", "A&B")</code>) • a named numeric vector (names specify class combinations and values specify weights – e.g. <code>c(A=1, B=2, `A&B`=0.5)</code>) • a character matrix of two columns (specifies mapping of elements to sets – elements in the first column and set names in the second column, weights argument is ignored) • a logical or numeric matrix whose columns represent sets and co-occurrence is defined by non-zero (rep. TRUE) values in rows (weight for a row being 1 for logical matrices or the row sum for numeric matrices). <p>For convenience data frames can be passed instead of matrices and they will be coerced using <code>as.matrix()</code>.</p>
weights	If combinations is a character vector then this argument specifies the associated weights. It is ignored in all other cases.
...	Additional arguments (currently unused).

Value

An object of the class `VennDiagram` with following components:

centers	centers of the circles (columns are x and y coordinates)
diameters	diameters of the circles
colors	colors of the circles as values between 0 and 1
labels	labels of the circles
residuals	residuals (percentage difference between input intersection area and fitted intersection area)
stress	stress value for solution
stress01	.01 critical value for stress based on random data
stress05	.05 critical value for stress based on random data

Author(s)

Lee Wilkinson <leland.wilkinson@gmail.com>, R package: Simon Urbanek <simon.urbanek@r-project.org>

See Also

[plot.VennDiagram](#)

Examples

```
vd <- venneuler(c(A=0.3, B=0.3, C=1.1, "A&B"=0.1, "A&C"=0.2, "B&C"=0.1, "A&B&C"=0.1))
plot(vd)
# same as c(A=1, `A&B&C`=1, C=1)
m <- data.frame(elements=c("1", "2", "2", "2", "3"), sets=c("A", "A", "B", "C", "C"))
v <- venneuler(m)
plot(v)
m <- as.matrix(data.frame(A=c(1.5, 0.2, 0.4, 0, 0),
                          B=c(0, 0.2, 0, 1, 0),
                          C=c(0, 0, 0.3, 0, 1)))

# without weights
v <- venneuler(m > 0)
plot(v)
# with weights
v <- venneuler(m)
plot(v)
```

Index

* **hplot**

plot.VennDiagram, 1
venneuler, 3

* **multivariate**

plot.VennDiagram, 1
venneuler, 3

plot.VennDiagram, 1, 4

venneuler, 1, 2, 3