Package: sparktf (via r-universe)

September 9, 2024

Type Package	
Title Interface for 'TensorFlow' 'TFRecord' Files with 'Apache Spark'	
Version 0.1.0	
Description A 'sparklyr' extension that enables reading and writing 'TensorFlow' TFRecord files via 'Apache Spark'.	
License Apache License (>= 2.0)	
Encoding UTF-8	
SystemRequirements TensorFlow (https://www.tensorflow.org/)	
LazyData true	
Depends R (>= 3.1.2)	
Imports sparklyr (>= 1.0)	
RoxygenNote 6.1.0	
Suggests testthat, dplyr	
NeedsCompilation no	
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Repository CRAN	
Date/Publication 2019-03-05 14:30:03 UTC	
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Description

Read a TFRecord file as a Spark DataFrame.

Usage

```
spark_read_tfrecord(sc, name = NULL, path = name, schema = NULL,
  record_type = c("Example", "SequenceExample"), overwrite = TRUE)
```

Arguments

sc	A spark conneciton.
name	The name to assign to the newly generated table or the path to the file. Note that if a path is provided for the 'name' argument then one cannot specify a name.
path	The path to the file. Needs to be accessible from the cluster. Supports the "hdfs://", "s $3a$://" and "file://" protocols.
schema	(Currently unsupported.) Schema of TensorFlow records. If not provided, the schema is inferred from TensorFlow records.
record_type	Input format of TensorFlow records. By default it is Example.
overwrite	Boolean; overwrite the table with the given name if it already exists?

Examples

```
## Not run:
iris_tbl <- copy_to(sc, iris)
data_path <- file.path(tempdir(), "iris")
df1 <- iris_tbl %>%
ft_string_indexer_model(
    "Species", "label",
    labels = c("setosa", "versicolor", "virginica")
)

df1 %>%
spark_write_tfrecord(
    path = data_path,
        write_locality = "local"
)

spark_read_tfrecord(sc, data_path)

## End(Not run)
```

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spark_write_tfrecord Write a Spark DataFrame to a TFRecord file

Description

Serialize a Spark DataFrame to the TensorFlow TFRecord format for training or inference.

Usage

```
spark_write_tfrecord(x, path, record_type = c("Example",
   "SequenceExample"), write_locality = c("distributed", "local"),
   mode = NULL)
```

Arguments

x A Spark DataFrame

path The path to the file. Needs to be accessible from the cluster. Supports the

"hdfs://", "s3a://", and "file://" protocols.

record_type Output format of TensorFlow records. One of "Example" and "SequenceExample".

write_locality Determines whether the TensorFlow records are written locally on the workers

or on a distributed file system. One of "distributed" and "local". See Details

for more information.

mode A character element. Specifies the behavior when data or table already exists.

Supported values include: 'error', 'append', 'overwrite' and 'ignore'. Notice

that 'overwrite' will also change the column structure.

For more details see also http://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/sql-programming-guide.

html#save-modes for your version of Spark.

Details

For write_locality = local, each of the workers stores on the local disk a subset of the data. The subset that is stored on each worker is determined by the partitioning of the DataFrame. Each of the partitions is coalesced into a single TFRecord file and written on the node where the partition lives. This is useful in the context of distributed training, in which each of the workers gets a subset of the data to work on. When this mode is activated, the path provided to the writer is interpreted as a base path that is created on each of the worker nodes, and that will be populated with data from the DataFrame.

Examples

```
## Not run:
iris_tbl <- copy_to(sc, iris)
data_path <- file.path(tempdir(), "iris")
df1 <- iris_tbl %>%
ft_string_indexer_model(
    "Species", "label",
```

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```
labels = c("setosa", "versicolor", "virginica")
)

df1 %>%
spark_write_tfrecord(
  path = data_path,
   write_locality = "local"
)

## End(Not run)
```

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