

Package: snap (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Simple Neural Application

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Description A simple wrapper to easily design vanilla deep neural networks using 'Tensorflow'/'Keras' backend for regression, classification and multi-label tasks, with some tweaks and tricks (skip shortcuts, embedding, feature selection and anomaly detection).

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Depends R (>= 3.6)

Imports keras (>= 2.3.0.0), tensorflow (>= 2.2.0), dplyr (>= 1.0.2), purrr (>= 0.3.4), forcats (>= 0.5.0), tictoc (>= 1.0.1), readr (>= 1.4.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.3.3), CORElearn (>= 1.54.2), dbscan (>= 1.1-5), stringr (>= 1.4.0), reticulate (>= 1.18)

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friedman3

friedman3 data set

Description

Data set to demonstrate regression task.

Usage

```
friedman3
```

Format

A dummy data frame with 5 columns and 150 rows created using Benchmark Problem Friedman 3 by mlbench. The target feature is "y".

Source

```
mlbench.friedman3(n = 150, sd = 3)
```

snap

snap

Description

A simple wrapper to easily design vanilla deep neural networks using 'Tensorflow'/'Keras' backend for regression, classification and multi-label tasks, with some tweaks and tricks (skip shortcuts, embedding, feature selection and anomaly detection).

Usage

```
snap(  
  data,  
  target,  
  task = NULL,  
  positive = NULL,  
  skip_shortcut = FALSE,  
  embedding = "none",  
  embedding_size = 10,  
  folds = 3,  
  reps = 1,  
  holdout = 0.3,  
  layers = 1,  
  activations = "relu",  
  regularization_L1 = 0,  
  regularization_L2 = 0,
```

```

nodes = 32,
dropout = 0,
span = 0.2,
min_delta = 0,
batch_size = 32,
epochs = 50,
imp_thresh = 0,
anom_thresh = 1,
output_activation = NULL,
optimizer = "Adam",
loss = NULL,
metrics = NULL,
winsor = FALSE,
q_min = 0.01,
q_max = 0.99,
normalization = TRUE,
seed = 42,
verbose = 0
)

```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A data frame including all the features and targets.
<code>target</code>	String. Single label for target feature when task is "regr" or "classif". String vector with multiple labels for target features when task is "multilabel".
<code>task</code>	String. Inferred by data type of target feature(s). Available options are: "regr", "classif", "multilabel". Default: NULL.
<code>positive</code>	String. Positive class label (only for classification task). Default: NULL.
<code>skip_shortcut</code>	Logical. Option to add a skip shortcut to improve network performance in case of many layers. Default: FALSE.
<code>embedding</code>	String. Available options are: "none", "global" (when identical values for different features hold different meanings), "sequence" (when identical values for different features hold the same meaning). Default: NULL.
<code>embedding_size</code>	Integer. Output dimension for the embedding layer. Default: 10.
<code>folds</code>	Positive integer. Number of folds for repeated cross-validation. Default: 3.
<code>reps</code>	Positive integer. Number of repetitions for repeated cross-validation. Default: 1.
<code>holdout</code>	Positive numeric. Percentage of cases for holdout validation. Default: 0.3.
<code>layers</code>	Positive integer. Number of layers for the neural net. Default: 1.
<code>activations</code>	String. String vector with the activation functions for each layer (for example, a neural net with 3 layers may have activations = c("relu", "gelu", "tanh")). Besides standard Tensorflow/Keras activations, you can also choose: "swish", "mish", "gelu", "bent". Default: "relu".
<code>regularization_L1</code>	Positive numeric. Value for L1 regularization of the loss function. Default: 0.

regularization_L2	Positive numeric. Value for L2 regularization of the loss function. Default: 0.
nodes	Positive integer. Integer vector with the nodes for each layer (for example, a neural net with 3 layers may have nodes = c(32, 64, 16)). Default: 32.
dropout	Positive numeric. Value for the dropout parameter for each layer (for example, a neural net with 3 layers may have dropout = c(0, 0.5, 0.3)). Default: 0.
span	Positive numeric. Percentage of epoch for the patience parameter. Default: 0.2.
min_delta	Positive numeric. Minimum improvement on metric to trigger the early stop. Default: 0.
batch_size	Positive integer. Maximum batch size for training. Default: 32.
epochs	Positive integer. Maximum number of forward and backward propagations. Default: 50.
imp_thresh	Positive numeric. Importance threshold (in percentiles) above which the features are included in the model (using ReliefFbestK metric by CORElearn). Default: 0 (all features included).
anom_thresh	Positive numeric. Anomaly threshold (in percentiles) above which the instances are excluded by the model (using lof by dbscan). Default: 1 (all instances included).
output_activation	String. Default: NULL. If not specified otherwise, it will be "Linear" for regression task, "Softmax" for classification task, "Sigmoid" for multilabel task.
optimizer	String. Standard Tensorflow/Keras Optimization methods are available. Default: "Adam".
loss	Default: NULL. If not specified otherwise, it will be "mean_absolute_error" for regression task, "categorical_crossentropy" for classification task, "binary_crossentropy" for multilabel task.
metrics	Default: NULL. If not specified otherwise, it will be "mean_absolute_error" for regression task, "categorical_crossentropy" for classification task, "binary_crossentropy" for multilabel task.
winsor	Logical. Set to TRUE in case you want to perform Winsorization on regression tasks. Default: FALSE.
q_min	Positive numeric. Minimum quantile threshold for Winsorization. Default: 0.01.
q_max	Positive numeric. Maximum quantile threshold for Winsorization. Default: 0.99.
normalization	Logical. After each layer it performs a batch normalization. Default: TRUE.
seed	Positive integer. Seed value to control random processes. Default: 42.
verbose	Positive integer. Set the level of information from Keras. Default: 0.

Value

This function returns a list including:

- task: kind of task solved

- configuration: main hyper-parameters describing the neural net (layers, activations, regularization_L1, regularization_L2, nodes, dropout)
- model: Keras standard model description
- pred_fun: function to use on the same data scheme to predict new values
- plot: Keras standard history plot
- testing_frame: testing set with the related predictions, including
- trials: statistics for each trial during the repeated cross-validation (train set and validation set):
 - task "classif": balanced accuracy (bac), precision (prc), sensitivity (sen), critical success index (csi), FALSE-score (fsc), Kappa (kpp), Kendall (kdl)
 - task "regr": root mean square error (rmse), mean absolute error (mae), median absolute error (mdae), relative root square error (rrse), relative absolute error (rae), Pearson (prsn)
 - task "multilabel": macro bac, macro prc, macro sensitivity, macro sen, macro csi, macro fsc, micro kpp, micro kdl
- metrics: summary statistics as above for training, validation (both averaged over trials) and testing
- selected_feat: labels of features included within the model
- selected_inst: index of instances included within the model
- time_log

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- https://rpubs.com/giancarlo_vercellino/snap

Examples

```
## Not run:
snap(friedman3, target="y")

snap(threenorm, target="classes", imp_thresh = 0.3, anom_thresh = 0.95)

snap(threenorm, "classes", layers = 2, activations = c("gelu", "swish"), nodes = c(32, 64))

## End(Not run)
```

threenorm

threenorm data set

Description

Data set to demonstrate classification task.

Usage

threenorm

Format

A dummy data frame with 5 columns and 150 rows created using Threenorm Benchmark Problem by mlbench. The target feature is "classes".

Source

mlbench.threenorm(150, d = 20)

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