# Package: pubmed.mineR (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Text Mining of PubMed Abstracts

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**Description** Text mining of PubMed Abstracts (text and XML) from <a href="https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/">https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/</a>>.

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0), methods

Imports RCurl, XML, boot, R2HTML, RJSONIO

Collate 'Abstracts-class.R' 'HGNC-class.R' 'Yearwise.R' 'Genewise.R' 'combineabs.R' 'gene\_atomization.R' 'Find\_conclusion.R' 'getabs.R' 'getabsT.R' 'gethgnc.R' 'ready.R' 'readabs.R' 'removeabs.R' 'searchabsL.R' 'searchabsT.R' 'sendabs.R' 'subabs.R' 'cleanabs.R' 'word\_atomizations.R' 'SentenceToken.R' 'contextSearch.R' 'uniprotfun.R' 'local\_uniprotfun.R' 'tdm for lsa.R' 'printabs.R' 'pubtator function.R' 'cos\_sim\_calc.R' 'cos\_sim\_calc\_boot.R' 'wordscluster.R' 'whichcluster.R' 'wordsclusterview.R' 'find intro conc html.R' 'cluster\_words.R' 'get\_original\_term.R' 'get\_original\_term2.R' 'input\_for\_find\_intro\_conc\_html.R' 'xmlreadabs.R' 'xmlword atomizations.R' 'xmlgene atomizations.R' 'pubtator result list to table.R' 'genes BWI.R' 'BWI.R' 'currentabs fn.R' 'previousabs fn.R' 'altnamesfun.R' 'subsetabs.R' 'prevsymbol\_fn.R' 'alias\_fn.R' 'get\_NMids.R' 'get\_PMCIDS.R' 'get\_PMCtable.R' 'get\_Sequences.R' 'Give\_Sentences\_PMC.R' 'head\_abbrev.R' 'names\_fn.R' 'official\_fn.R' 'pmids\_to\_abstracts.R' 'get\_gene\_sentences.R' 'Give\_Sentences.R' 'get\_MedlinePlus.R' 'co\_occurrence\_fn.R' 'space\_quasher.R' 'readabsnew.R' 'word\_associations.R' 'get\_DOIs.R' 'additional\_info.R' 'new\_xmlreadabs.R' 'pubtator\_function\_JSON.R' 'xmlgene\_atomizations\_new.R' 'co\_occurrence\_advance.R' 'pubtator3\_function.R'

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LazyData true

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# Description

S4 Class with three slots Journal, Abstract, PMID to store abstracts from PubMed

# **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("Abstracts", ...).

#### **Slots**

```
Journal: Object of class "character" to store Journals of the abstracts from PubMed Abstract: Object of class "character" to store Abstracts from the PubMed PMID: Object of class "numeric" to store PMIDs of abstracts from PubMed
```

# Methods

No methods defined with class "Abstracts" in the signature.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Ab Rauf Shah

#### See Also

searchabsL getabs contextSearch Genewise Yearwise combineabs subsetabs readabs

```
showClass("Abstracts")
```

additional\_info 5

additional_info To extract sentences with nultiple keywords from Abstracts	
----------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

# **Description**

additional\_info will help to extract the sentences containing multiple query term(s) from a large corpus of multiple abstracts.

### Usage

```
additional_info(abs, pmid, keywords)
```

#### **Arguments**

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

pmid Vector of PMIDs from abstracts

keywords Character Vector of Terms

#### Value

It will return a matrix object containing PMID, keywords and sentences

### Author(s)

Surabhi Seth

#### See Also

```
Give_Sentences
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: additional_info(abs = Abstract, pmid = "26564970"", keywords = "text-mining")
```

alias\_fn To extract sentences containing Alias of the Human Genes from Pubmed abstracts.

# **Description**

alias\_fn This function returns the sentences containing alias of gene and the user given terms from the Abstracts using HGNC gee data table. In this sense this function is a 2 Dimensional search.

### Usage

```
alias_fn(genes, data, abs, filename, terms)
```

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#### **Arguments**

genes genes a table containing genes (official symbol, first column) with its frequency

of occurrence (second column)could be an output of gene\_atomization function and subsequently subsetting the table using for example the code genes\_table = subset(t2diababs\_genes, select = c("Gene\_symbol","Freq")). Alternatively, a custome gene table can be supplied with two columns, the first one being the column for Gene symbols and the second one being the Frequency of occurrence. If Frequency of occurrence is not available then a dummy value of 1 can

be set.

data data is HGNC data table with all 49 features (columns) available from the web

site https://www.genenames.org/

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

filename filename specifies the name of output file. Please note that the term alias will

be suffixed to the given filename.

terms query term(s) to be search in the abstracts, could be a vector of terms.

#### Value

An output file containing sentences with aliases of genes. For convenience both the official symbol and the corresponding alias are written in the output. The PMID of the corresponding Abstract containing the extracted sentence also appears just before the sentence. Note that multiple sentences from different abstracts are clubbed together under one gene alias that appears in those sentences.

### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

```
prevsymbol_fn
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: alias_fn(genes,data,myabs,"nephro_",c("diabetic nephropathy","kidney disease"))
## genes output of gene_atomization()
```

altnamesfun

To Get Alternative names of Genes

### **Description**

This function is used to retrieve the Alternative names of genes from UniProt using HGNC gene symbol.

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#### Usage

```
altnamesfun(m)
```

#### **Arguments**

m

is a character vector of HGNC official gene symbols.

#### Value

It returns a list of alternative names of given Gene symbols.

### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### References

UniProt Consortium. "The universal protein resource (UniProt)." Nucleic acids research 36.suppl 1 (2008): D190-D195. http://www.uniprot.org/

#### See Also

```
uniprotfun, ~~~
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = altnamesfun(c("ADIPOQ","BDNF"))
## here "ADIPOQ" is the HGNC gene symbol for which alternative name(s) is required.
```

BWI

To obtain the Buzz Word Index of terms from the Abstracts.

#### **Description**

This function is used to obtain the Buzz word index value for the terms.

# Usage

```
BWI(current, previous, n, N)
```

# **Arguments**

current	current an S4 object containing the Abtracts for the current year we require the BWI an output from currentabs_fn()
previous	previous an S4 object containing the Abstracts for years previous to current year of study an output from previousabs_fn().
n	n is a character term for which Buzz Word Index is to be calculated.
N	N is a character value specifying the theme from the large corpus.

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### Value

It returns a list containing BWI value for the given word.

### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### References

Jensen, Lars Juhl, Jasmin Saric, and Peer Bork. "Literature mining for the biologist: from information retrieval to biological discovery." Nature reviews genetics 7.2 (2006): 119-129.

#### See Also

```
genes_BWI
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: result = BWI(mycurrentabs, mypreviousabs, "insulin", "inflammation")
## BWI for the term "insulin" and the theme is inflammation.
## Note that in the previous, years are starting one before the current year 2015;
## current is an S4 object containing the output from currentabs_fn()
## previous is an S4 object containing the output from previousabs_fn().
## 'n' and 'N' are query terms whose BWI is sought and the theme respectively
```

cleanabs

To clean the result of searchabsL

#### **Description**

It will remove the 'NONE' abstracts from the result of searchabsL.

#### Usage

```
cleanabs(object)
```

# Arguments

object

an S4 object of class Abstracts.

#### Value

an S4 object of class Abstracts.

# Author(s)

Jyoti Rani

cleanabs-methods 9

### See Also

searchabsL

# Examples

```
## Not run: test1 = searchabsL(abs, include=c("term1", "term2"));
test2 = cleanabs(test1)
## End(Not run)
## here 'abs' is an S4 object of class Abstracts
## 'term1', 'term2' are the searchterms
## test1 is an S4 object containing abstracts for given terms
## and test2 is an S4 object of class Abstracts containing clean abstracts of searchabsL
```

cleanabs-methods

Methods for Function cleanabs

# **Description**

To clean 'NONE' part of searchabsL output.

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") From an S4 object of class 'Abstracts' the cleanabs function is able to clean the output of searchabsL by removing the 'NONE' part of resultant abstracts.

cluster\_words

To Find the highest frequency of words within clusters

#### **Description**

Function for finding the word (term) of highest frequency within clusters.

#### Usage

```
cluster_words(wordscluster, n)
```

# Arguments

```
wordscluster an R object containing the output of wordscluster()

n a numeric vector containing cluster numbers
```

#### Value

a list containing cluster and its highest frequency word

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#### Author(s)

S. Ramachandran

#### See Also

```
wordscluster
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = cluster_words(wordscluster, 5)
## wordscluster is an R object of wordscluster
## 5 is number of cluster
## End(Not run)
```

combineabs

To combine the abstracts

# Description

combineabs will automatically combine two abtracts of two objects.

# Usage

```
combineabs(object1, object2)
```

# **Arguments**

object1 An S4 object of class Abstracts object2 An S4 object of class Abstracts

### Details

Two objects of class 'Abstracts' are combined to return non-redundant combined abstracts. It can be used sequentially to combine many objects of class 'Abstracts'. It will also write the number of combined abstracts into a text file named "data\_out.txt"

### Value

An R object containing the combined abstracts, and a text file named "data\_out.txt" containing the number of abstracts combined together

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

```
## Not run: res1 = combineabs(x,y)
## here 'x', 'y' are the S4 objects of class 'Abstracts'.
```

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combineabs-methods

Abstracts Method to Combine Abstracts

# Description

combineabs method to combine the abstracts. object1 and object2 are from Abstracts class.

#### Methods

```
signature(object1 = "Abstracts") An S4 object of class "Abstracts"
signature(object2 = "Abstracts") An S4 object of class "Abstracts"
```

common\_words\_new

R Data containing words which frequently in text

# **Description**

This dataset is used to remove common words from the abstracts. This step is used for size reduction for further data mining.

# Usage

```
data(common_words_new)
```

#### **Format**

The format is: chr "common\_words\_new"

#### **Details**

The dataset containing common words used to remove them from the text for size reduction.

#### References

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Most\_common\_words\_in\_English

```
data(common_words_new)
```

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contextSearch

For Context Search

# **Description**

contextSearch is a method to extract the sentences containing a given query term

# Usage

```
contextSearch(object, y)
```

# **Arguments**

object An S4 object of Class Abstracts containing text abstracts

y a character vector of term(s)

#### **Details**

It takes object of class Abstracts and query term(s) as arguments and returns a text and latex file of the sentences containing query term. The latex file can be further converted into PDF by using the system command in R i.e. system("pdflatex filename.tex"). pdflatex is a shell command in Linux to convert the latex file into PDF. In the pdf file the terms are written in bold face type to enable ease of reading

# Value

contextSearch() will write two files one is a text file named "companion.txt", and other is a Latex file. If the single term is given in query then file name comes with the term name. If multiple terms are used then the file name will be "combined.tex"

# Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

```
## Not run: contextSearch(x, "diabetes")
## here 'x' is S4 object of class 'Abstracts', and query term is 'diabetes'.
```

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contextSearch-methods Method for Context Search

# Description

contextSearch will search the sentence for the given term(s).

# Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") The object from where it will search should be an S4 object of class Abstracts

cos\_sim\_calc

To calculate the cosine similarity between terms.

# **Description**

cos\_sim\_calc calculates the cosine measure of similarity between pairs of terms from a corpus.

#### Usage

```
cos_sim_calc(nummatrix)
```

#### **Arguments**

nummatrix

A numerical matrix for e.g. a Term Document matrix (output from tdm\_for\_lsa)

# **Details**

The term document matrix is taken as input and cosine meausures of similarity between all pairs of terms are calculated.

#### Value

A tab delimited text file containing the similarity values between all pairs of terms.

# Note

This file can be input to cytoscape directly.

#### Author(s)

S. Ramachandran

#### References

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cosine\_similarity

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#### See Also

```
tdm_for_lsa
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: x = cos_sim_calc(nummatrix)
## here nummatrix is the 'Term Document Matrix' generated from tdm_for_lsa()
```

cos\_sim\_calc\_boot

Cosine Similarity Calculation by Boot Strapping

### **Description**

cos\_sim\_calc\_boot allows boot strap analysis. This function should be used as argument for 'statistic' in the boot function of 'boot' package.

### Usage

```
cos_sim_calc_boot(data, indices)
```

# **Arguments**

data Term Document Matrix generated from tdm\_for\_lsa function of this package.

In this matrix, rows are terms and columns are abstracts.

indices index of matrix.

#### **Details**

while calling this function we need to transpose the input tdm and can also set the number of replicates. boot package is required to call this function.

#### Value

It will return a matrix containing the cosine similarity of pairs of terms in the abstracts. This object is in same format as returned by the 'boot' function of 'boot' package.

# Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran

### See Also

```
tdm_for_lsa
```

```
## Not run: test_boot = boot(data = t(nummatrix), statistic = cos_sim_calc_boot, R = 2)
## here 'nummatrix' is a Term Document Matrix, boot inbuilt function of boot package,
## R is number of replicates here it is 2. User can extend this number.
```

co\_occurrence\_advance 15

co\_occurrence\_advance Extracts multiple sentence with co-occurrence of two sets of terms)

# **Description**

Extracts single or multiple sentences with co-occurrence of given terms

#### **Usage**

```
co_occurrence_advance(abstract, term1, term2, n)
```

#### **Arguments**

abstract an S4 object of class Abstracts
term1 a character vector of terms
term2 a character vector of terms

n A numeric value, which can be 0,1,2.

#### **Details**

Sentences with co-occurrence of two terms will be extracted along with the corresponding PMIDs. The output will be a data frame. In regard to the argument n, when the value is 0 then the co-occurrence is sought in the same sentence. When the value is 1, then the co-occurrence is sought in two consecutive sentences, namely, first term in the first sentence and second term in the next sentence. When the value is 2, then the co-occurrence is sought in two sentences separated by a sentence without either term1 or term2.

#### Value

It will return a data frame object containing PMID, sentences and the terms pairs.

# Author(s)

Shashwat Badoni Surabhi Seth

#### See Also

```
co_occurrence_fn
```

```
## Not run: co_occurrence_advance(myabs, "resistance", c("genes", "genetic"), 2
```

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co\_occurrence\_fn

Extracts sentences with co-occurrence of two sets of terms

# **Description**

co\_occurrence\_fn will automatically extract sentences with co-occurrence of two sets of terms.

# Usage

```
co_occurrence_fn(terms1, abs, filename, terms2)
```

# **Arguments**

terms1 a character vector of terms.

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts

filename a single character, filename

terms2 a character vector of terms.

# **Details**

Sentences with co-occurrence of two terms will be extracted along with the corresponding PMIDs. The data will be written in a text file with the user given filename and the word co\_occurrence will be suffixed to it.

# Value

A text file.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: co_occurrence_fn("resistance",myabs,"resistance_genetic",c("genes","genetic")
##
```

currentabs\_fn 17

currentabs_fn
---------------

# Description

This function is used to extract the abstracts for year we want to study. Its output is used as input in other functions like BWI() and genes\_BWI()

# Usage

```
currentabs_fn(yr_to_include, theme, parentabs)
```

#### **Arguments**

yr\_to\_include yr\_to\_include is the year for which we want to extract the Abstracts.

theme is a character value specifying the themes for the Abstracts.

parentabs an S4 object containing the Abstracts.

#### Value

It returns an S4 object containing the abstracts of the given year.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

```
previousabs_fn
```

```
## Not run: test = currentabs_fn("2015", "atherosclerosis", diabetesabs)
## here "2015" is the year for which, we wish to extract the abstracts on theme"Atherosclerosis"
## from the large corpus of diabetes i.e. diabetesabs.
```

Find\_conclusion

*To find the conclusion from the abstract(s).* 

### **Description**

This function is designed for the user convinience, so that user can get the conclusion from the abstract(s) with out reading the whole abstract(s).

#### Usage

```
Find_conclusion(y)
```

#### **Arguments**

У

An S4 object of class 'Abstract'.

#### Value

A list containing conclusions of given abstract(s)

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: res1 = Find_conclusion(y)
## here 'y' is an S4 object of class Abstract.
```

find\_intro\_conc\_html

To find the introduction and conclusion from the abstracts.

# **Description**

it helps to fetch the introduction and conclusion part from the abstracts.

#### Usage

```
find_intro_conc_html(y, themes, all)
```

### **Arguments**

y and S4 object of class Abstracts

themes a character vector containing terms to be search in the abstracts

all is logical, if true, will include title and author otherwise only abstracts will be

considered.

genes\_BWI

#### **Details**

find\_intro\_conc\_htmlprovides an HTML file containing space separated introduction and conclusion part from the abstracts of given query term as well as gives a link directly to PubMed for the resulting PMID.

#### Value

```
an HTML file.
```

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### See Also

```
input_for_find_intro_conc_html
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = find_intro_conc_html(abs, "diet", all=FALSE)
## here 'abs' is an S4 object of class Abstracts
## and 'diet' is a term to be search from the abstracts
## this function works for small size of corpus, say about 30-40 abstracts
```

genes\_BWI

Function to obtain the Buzz Word Index of Genes from the abstracts.

# **Description**

This function provides the Buzz word index for each gene. The theme is the context in which the gene is studied for e.g. atherosclerosis. Using this function user can identify abstracts with emphasis on a given gene.

### Usage

```
genes_BWI(currentabs, previousabs, theme, genes)
```

### **Arguments**

currentabs an S4 object containing the Abtracts for the year we want to study.

Output from currentabs\_fn()

previousabs an S4 object containing the Abstracts for years previous than our

year of study. Output from previousabs\_fn().

theme a character value to categorize our search. For e.g. 'Atherosclerosis'

from 'diabetes' Abstracts.

genes genes list of genes.

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# Value

It returns a dataframe containig Genes with their corresponding BWI values.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

BWI

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = genes_BWI(currentabs, previousabs, theme, genes)
## currentabs is an S4 object containing the Abtracts for the year we want to study.
## previousabs is an S4 object containing the Abtracts for the years previous
## than our query year for e.g. before 2015
## theme is a character value specifying the search.
## genes is a character vector of gene symbols.
```

GeneToEntrez

Data containing Entrez Ids

# **Description**

This dataset is used in DAVID\_info function of the package, and it contains the Entrez Ids for the respective genes and these Entrez Ids will be used to get information about human genes.

# Usage

```
data(GeneToEntrez)
```

#### **Format**

The format is: chr "GeneToEntrez"

```
data(GeneToEntrez)
```

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Genewise

To Search the number of abstracts for Genes

# Description

Genewise reports the number of abstracts for given gene(s) name(s)

# Usage

```
Genewise(object, gene)
```

# Arguments

object An S4 object of class Abstracts

gene a character input of gene name(HGNC approved symbol)

# **Details**

This function will report the number of abstracts containing the query gene term(s) [HGNC approved symbols], and the result is saved in a text file "dataout.txt". Genewise() will report numbers of abstracts only. The abstracts themselves for corresponding gene names can be obtained using searchabsL() and searchabsT.

# Value

Genewise will return an R object containing the abstracts for given gene, and a text file named "dataout.txt" containing the number of abstracts

### Author(s)

S. Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

```
## Not run: Genewise(x, "TLR4")
## here 'x' contains the S4 object of Abstracts.
```

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Genewise-methods

method to find the abstracts for the given gene.

# **Description**

Genewise The method Genewise will automatically report the numbers of abstracts for a given gene. It will write the result in the text file named "dataout.txt"

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") This method will search in an S4 object, containing abstracts. It will write a text file named "dataout.txt", containing the number of abstracts for the query gene terms

gene\_atomization

To Extract Genes from the Abstracts

# **Description**

gene\_atomization will automatically fetch the genes (HGNC approved Symbol) from the text and report their frequencies. presently only HGNC approved symbols are used.

# Usage

gene\_atomization(m)

### **Arguments**

m

An S4 object of class Abstracts

#### **Details**

The function writes a text file with file name "data\_table.txt". The function gene\_atomization() is used to obtain the name of genes along with their frequencies of occurence.

#### Value

A tab delimited table containing gene name and their frequencies of occurrence.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

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### **Examples**

```
## Not run: gene_atomization(myabs)
## here myabs is an S4 object of class 'Abstracts'containing the abstracts
## uses older version of HGNC data (https://www.genenames.org/) by default.
## users may also use other functions such as official_fn and related
## family of functions for deeper data mining.
```

getabs

To get Abstracts for a given term.

# **Description**

getabs will automatically fetch the abstracts containing the query term. A base function of the package pubmed.mineR.

#### Usage

```
getabs(object, x, y)
```

# Arguments

object An S4 object of class Abstracts

x A character string for the term

y logical, if TRUE, search will be case sensitive

#### **Details**

getabs() is used to find and exctract the abstracts for any given term, from the large a large corpus of abstracts. It uses regexpr based search strategy.

#### Value

An S4 object of class 'Abstracts', containing the result abstracts for the given term.

#### Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: getabs(x, "term")
## x is an S4 obeject of class abstracts containing the abstracts.
```

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getabs-methods

getabs To Get abstracts for a term

### **Description**

getabs will search for the abstracts of a given term. It is case sensitive.

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") This method takes three arguments, first 'object' containing data to be search, 'x', the term to be search, 'y' is logical if set "YES" will consider the case of text.

getabsT

To get Abstracts for a given term.

# Description

getabsT will automatically fetch the abstracts containing the query term.

# Usage

```
getabsT(object, x, y)
```

# **Arguments**

object An S4 object of class Abstracts
x A character string for the term

y is logical, if set TRUE, search will be case sensitive.

# **Details**

getabsT() is similar to getabs(), but it performs more specific search.

#### Value

An object of class 'Abstracts', containing the resulted abstracts for term.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: getabsT(diabdata, "term")
```

getabsT-methods 25

getabsT-methods

To Get Abstracts

# Description

getabsT will automatically return the abstracts of a term from the data.

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") getabsT will search for the abstracts of a term in the data, and will automatically write the number of abstracts into a text file named "dataout.txt".

get\_DOIs

function for extracting Digital Object Identifier (DOIs) of papers

# **Description**

get\_DOIs is used to extract DOIs of papers.

# Usage

```
get_DOIs(abs)
```

# **Arguments**

abs

An S4 object of class Abstracts

# **Details**

get\_DOIs allow users to get DOIs for individual papers.

#### Value

It returns a list object containing DOIs. This is useful for further extraction of papers

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: test = get_DOIs(vitiligoabs)
##
```

26 get\_MedlinePlus

get\_gene\_sentences

To extract the sentences for genes from the corpus.

# Description

get\_gene\_sentences is used to extract the exact sentence in which query gene is discussed.

# Usage

```
get_gene_sentences(genes, abs, filename)
```

# **Arguments**

genes genes a character vector containing the gene symbols.

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts

filename specifies the output file name.

# Value

an output file containing the sentences for given gene.

### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: get_gene_sentences("RBP4", abstracts, "RBP4_sentence.txt")
```

get\_MedlinePlus

To Get MedLinePlus Summary

# Description

This function is to get the summary from MedLinePlus.

# Usage

```
get_MedlinePlus(x)
```

### **Arguments**

x x is a character input of terms: for examples 'malaria', 'pneumonia', 'chronic diseases'

get\_NMids 27

#### Value

It returns a HTML file with name result\_Medline\_plus.html to be opened with any browser

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### References

www.medlineplus.gov, Conuel T. Finding answers in a beauty shop. NIH MedlinePlus: the magazine [Internet]. 2012 Fall [cited 2013 Feb 9]; 7(3):24-26. Available from: https://medlineplus.gov/magazine/issues/fall12/arti-26.html

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: get_MedlinePlus("malaria")
```

get\_NMids

To extract NM ids from NCBI.

# **Description**

get\_NMids is to fetch the NM ids from the NCBI for corresponding gene/s to further fetch the sequence of that gene/s.

#### Usage

```
get_NMids(x)
```

#### **Arguments**

Х

x an R object containing Locus IDs for genes from NCBI2R package.

### Value

It returns a list object containing corresponding NM id from NCBI.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gene

#### See Also

```
get_Sequences
```

28 get\_original\_term

### **Examples**

```
## Not run: getNMids("5950")
## 5950 is Locus id of RBP4 gene.
```

 $get\_original\_term$ 

To get the original terms from the corpus. deprecated

# **Description**

get\_original\_term is used to get the exact term as it is present in corpus. This function is not recommended anymore.

# Usage

```
get_original_term(m, n)
```

#### **Arguments**

m an S4 object of class Abstracts containing the corpus.

n a list object output from the function cluster\_words

#### Value

a list object contatining the terms.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

# See Also

wordscluster

```
## Not run: test = get_original_term(abs, words)
## here abs is an S4 object of class Abstracts
## words is the output object of cluster_words()
```

get\_original\_term2 29

get\_original\_term2

To get the original terms from the corpus.

# Description

get\_original\_term2 is used to get the exact term as it is present in corpus. It takes one term at a time. For multiple terms we can use lapply.

#### Usage

```
get_original_term2(x, y)
```

# **Arguments**

x x is a character value specifying the query term.

y is an S4 object containing abstracts.

#### Value

It returns a list object containing accurate term.

#### Author(s)

Jyoti Rani, S.Ramachandran.

### See Also

```
get_original_term
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = get_original_term("hba1c", diababs)
## here it will return accurate formation of hba1c i.e. HbA1c from diababs.
```

get\_PMCIDS

To extract the PMC Ids of the abstracts.

# Description

get\_PMCIDs is used to fetch the PMC Ids of the abstracts from the corpus.

# Usage

```
get_PMCIDS(abs)
```

30 get\_PMCtable

### **Arguments**

abs

absan S4 object of class Abtsracts.

# Value

It returns a list containing PMC Ids.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: get_PMCIDS(abstracts)
```

get\_PMCtable

To fetch the given PMC article tables. Deprecated

# Description

get\_PMCtable is used to extract the full texr article by giving query PMC Id. Deprecated.

### Usage

```
get_PMCtable(url)
```

# **Arguments**

url

url is url of query PMC Id.

#### Value

It will return a full text artcle.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# References

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/

# See Also

```
get_PMCIDS
```

```
## Not run: get_PMCtable("http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/?term=4039032")
```

get\_Sequences 31

get\_Sequences

To extract the Gene sequence from the NCBI.

# **Description**

get\_Sequences is used to fetch the sequences of genes using NM ids.

# Usage

```
get_Sequences(x, filename)
```

# Arguments

x NM Id of the sequence.

filename filename specifies the name of output file.

# Value

It will return a text file containing sequence.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# See Also

```
get_NMids, ~~~
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: get_Sequences("NM_012238.4", "SIRT1")
```

Give\_Sentences

To extract sentences from the Abstracts

# **Description**

Give\_Sentences will help to extract the sentence containing query term/s from the large corpus.

# Usage

```
Give_Sentences(m, abs)
```

# **Arguments**

m a character term.

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

# Value

It will return a list object containing sentences

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

```
Give_Sentences_PMC
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: Give_Sentences("diabetes", Abstracts)
```

Give\_Sentences\_PMC

To fetch the sentence from the PMC full text article

# Description

Give\_Sentences\_PMC is used to extract the sentences from the full text article of given PMC id/s.

# Usage

```
Give_Sentences_PMC(PMCID, term)
```

# **Arguments**

PMCID PMCID represents the PMC Id from where we want to extract the sentence.

term term represents the term contained in a sentence.

# Value

It will return a list object containing the sentences for query term from the given article.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: Give_Sentences_PMC(PMC4039032, "atherosclerosis")
```

head\_abbrev 33

|--|

# Description

head\_abbrev is used to find expansion for which abbreviation is used. It will help to find the falsely matching abbreviations from the abstracts.

# Usage

```
head_abbrev(limits, term, pmid, abs)
```

# Arguments

limits limits specifies the limit up to which expansion should be displayed. Default

is 50

term is the query term (abbreviation)

pmid pmid describes the PMID

abs absan S4 object of class Abstracts.

# Value

It will return a list.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: head_abbrev(50, "AR", "16893912", myabs)
```

HGNC-class

HGNC Class for package.

# **Description**

"HGNC"

# **Objects from the Class**

Objects can be created by calls of the form new("HGNC", ...).

34 HGNC2UniprotID

# **Slots**

HGNCID: Object of class "character"

ApprovedSymbol: Object of class "character"
ApprovedName: Object of class "character"

Status: Object of class "character"

PreviousSymbols: Object of class "character"

Aliases: Object of class "character"
Chromosome: Object of class "character"

AccessionNumbers: Object of class "character"

RefSeqIDs: Object of class "character"

#### Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran, Ab Rauf Shah

# See Also

**Abstracts** 

#### **Examples**

showClass("HGNC")

HGNC2UniprotID

R Data containing HGNC2UniprotID data mapping.

# Description

This dataset contains HGNC2UniprotID from Uniprot and is used in uniprotfn() function of this package, to get the information of a gene from the Uniprot.

# Usage

data(HGNC2UniprotID)

### **Format**

The format is: chr "HGNC2UniprotID"

#### **Details**

The dataset contains HGNC2UniprotID

HGNCdata 35

#### References

UniProt Consortium. "The universal protein resource (UniProt)." Nucleic acids research 36.suppl 1 (2008): D190-D195. http://www.uniprot.org/

# **Examples**

data(HGNC2UniprotID)

**HGNCdata** 

R Data containing HGNC data.

# **Description**

This dataset contains data from Human Gene Nomenclature Committe i.e HGNC ID, HGNC approved symbol, approved name, gene synonyms, chromosome no., accession numbers and RefSeq ids.

### Usage

data(HGNCdata)

#### **Format**

The format is: chr "HGNCdata"

#### **Details**

The dataset contains HGNCdata

#### References

Povey, Sue, et al. "The HUGO gene nomenclature committee (HGNC)." Human genetics 109.6 (2001): 678-680. http://www.genenames.org/

# **Examples**

data(HGNCdata)

# Description

it helps in searching and fetching the abstracts from E-utilities using PMIDs.

# Usage

```
input_for_find_intro_conc_html(y, all)
```

# Arguments

y an S4 object of class Abstracts

all is logical if true, will include title and author also.

#### **Details**

it takes an S4 object as input and uses its PMIDs to fetch the abstracts from E-utilities. The output will be used as input for find\_intro\_conc\_html as it contains neat data i.e. abstracts only.

#### Value

a list containing abstracts and PMID

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

### References

literature/http:/eutils.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/

# See Also

```
find_intro_conc_html
```

```
## Not run: test=input_for_find_intro_conc_html(abs)
## here 'abs' is an S4 object of class Abstracts.
```

local\_uniprotfun 37

local\_uniprotfun

To Get Information from Uniprot.

# Description

It is an auxiliary function for altnamesfun.

## Usage

```
local_uniprotfun(y)
```

## **Arguments**

У

y a character value containing HGNC Gene symbol

#### Value

It writes an output file named "x.txt" which will be used as input in altnamesfun().

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### See Also

uniprotfun

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: local_uniprotfun("TLR4")
## here it will generate an output file named "x.txt" containing
## result for TLR4.
```

names\_fn

To extract the sentences in asbtracts containing gene names from HGNC.

# Description

names\_fn matches the gene symbols to gene names and extract from HGNC.

## Usage

```
names_fn(genes, data, abs, filename, terms)
```

38 new\_xmlreadabs

#### **Arguments**

genes genes is output of gene\_atomization or a table containing HGNC gene symbols

in first column with its frequency in second column.

data data is HGNC data table with all 49 features (columns) available from the web

site https://www.genenames.org/

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

filename specifies the name of output file.

terms second query term to be searched in the same sentence (co-occurrence)

of abstracts.

#### Value

It returns an output file containing genes with their corresponding gene names and sentences with co-occurrences if any.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
names_fn(genes, data, diabetes_abs, "names", c("diabetic nephropathy", "DN"))
## End(Not run)
## genes output of gene_atomization()
```

new\_xmlreadabs

To read the abstracts from the PubMed saved in XML format.

## **Description**

new\_xmlreadabs is modified form of xmlreadabs as it reads the abstracts downloaded or saved in XML format from PubMed. This function should be used for recent XML format from PubMed.

## Usage

```
new_xmlreadabs(file)
```

## **Arguments**

file

an XML file saved from PubMed.

## Value

an S4 object of class Abstracts containing journals, abstracts and PMID.

official\_fn 39

## Note

This function is useful with recent format of XML files from PubMed. The older xmlreadabs will not work with recent format.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

readabsnew readabs

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: xmlabs = new_xmlreadabs("easyPubMed_00001.txt")
## here "easyPubMed_00001.txt" is an xml file from PubMed using package easyPubMed
```

official\_fn

To extract the sentences containing official gene symbol from abstracts.

## **Description**

official\_fn is used to fetch the sentences containing official gene symbol from HGNC.

#### Usage

```
official_fn(genes, abs, filename, terms)
```

# **Arguments**

genes is output of gene\_atomization, or a table containing HGNC gene symbols

in first column with its frequency in second column.

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

filename specifies the name of output file.

terms second query term to be searched in the same sentence (co-occurrence)

of abstracts.

#### Value

It will return a text file containing corresponding official gene symbol.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

40 pmids\_to\_abstracts

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
official_fn(genes, diabetes_abs, "genes", c("diabetic nephropathy", "DN"))
## End(Not run)
## genes output of gene_atomization()
```

pmids\_to\_abstracts

To Find and match the PMIDs to the abstracts.

## **Description**

pmids\_to\_abstracts is used to extract the abstract/s of query PMID/s.

# Usage

```
pmids_to_abstracts(x, abs)
```

# Arguments

x a numeric vector containing PMIDsabs an S4 object of class Abstracts.

## Value

It will return an S4 object of class abstracts containing abstracts for query PMIDs.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: pmids_to_abstracts(26878666,abs)
```

previousabs\_fn 41

previousabs\_fn To I

To Retrieve the Abstracts from the large corpus for given years.

## **Description**

This function is used to extract the abstracts from the large corpus excluding the years and under a given theme. Its output is used in other functions like BWI and genes\_BWI

## Usage

```
previousabs_fn(yrs_to_exclude, theme, parentabs)
```

# Arguments

 $\verb|yrs_to_exclude| is abstracts for the list of years we want to exclude from the$ 

corpus

theme is a character value specifying the themes for the Abstracts.

parentabs an S4 object containing the Abstracts.

#### Value

It returns an S4 object containing the abstracts of the given year.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

```
currentabs_fn
```

```
## Not run: test = previousabs_fn(as.character(2015:2010), "atherosclerosis", diabetesabs
## here we will get the abstracts before 2010 for 'atherosclerosis'
## from the large corpus diabetesabs.
```

42 prevsymbol\_fn

prevsymbol_fn	To extract the sentences containing Previous symbols of HGNC genes.

# Description

prevsymbol\_fn will return the sentences containing previous symbols of the genes from the abstracts using HGNC data.

# Usage

```
prevsymbol_fn(genes, data, abs, filename, terms)
```

# Arguments

genes	genes is output of gene_atomization, or a table containing HGNC gene symbols in first column with its frequency in second column.
data	data is HGNC data table with all 49 features (columns) available from the web site https://www.genenames.org/
abs	abs an S4 object of class Abstracts.
filename	filename specify the name of output file
terms	terms second query term to be searched in the same sentence (co-occurrence) of abstracts.

## Value

It returns a text file containing gene symbol with corresponding previous symbols.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## See Also

```
names_fn, official_fn
```

```
## Not run:
prevsymbol_fn(genes, data, diabetes_abs, "prevsym", c("diabetic nephropathy", "DN"))
## End(Not run)
```

printabs 43

printabs	To prind the total number of abstracts in an S4 object of class Abstracts , its start and end
P. 2	

# Description

It gives overview of the abstracts in an S4 object of class Abstracts.

## Usage

```
printabs(object)
```

## **Arguments**

object

An S4 object of class Abstracts.

## Value

prints the total number of abstracts in an S4 object with additional information.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: printabs(myabs)
## here myabs is an S4 object of class Abstracts.
```

```
pubtator3_function
```

function for text annotation using PubTator

# Description

pubtator\_function is used to extract specific information from an abstract like Gene, chemical, and diseases etc.

# Usage

```
pubtator3_function(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Х

numeric value PMID.

44 pubtator\_function

#### **Details**

pubtator\_function allow users to get information about 'Gene', 'Chemical' and 'Disease' for given PMID. It uses online tool PubTator on R plateform. It also removes redundancy from the output. It takes one PMID at once, for multiple PMIDs user can use lapply() function.

#### Value

It returns a list object containing Gene, Chemical, Disease and PMID. The corresponding concept id numbers are joined by a '>' character. This is useful for further data mining

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### References

Wei, Chih-Hsuan, et al. "PubTator 3.0: an AI-powered literature resource for unlocking biomedical knowledge." Nucleic Acids Research (2024): gkae235.

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: a Web-based text mining tool for assisting Biocuration, Nucleic acids research, 2013, 41 (W1): W518-W522. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkt44

Wei CH et. al., Accelerating literature curation with text-mining tools: a case study of using Pub-Tator to curate genes in PubMed abstracts, Database (Oxford), bas041, 2012

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: A PubMed-like interactive curation system for document triage and literature curation, in Proceedings of BioCreative 2012 workshop, Washington DC, USA, 145-150, 2012

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = pubtator3_function(17922911)
## here pubtator_function() will extract the information from this given pmid.
```

pubtator\_function

function for text annotation using PubTator.Deprecated.

#### **Description**

pubtator\_function is used to extract specific information from an abstract like Gene, chemical, and diseases etc.Deprecated.

#### Usage

```
pubtator_function(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Χ

numeric value PMID.

#### **Details**

pubtator\_function allow users to get information about 'Gene', 'Chemical' and 'Disease' for given PMID. It uses online tool PubTator on R plateform. It also removes redundancy from the output. It takes one PMID at once, for multiple PMIDs user can use lapply() function.

#### Value

It returns a list object containing Gene, Chemical, Disease and PMID. The corresponding concept id numbers are joined by a '>' character. This is useful for further data mining

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### References

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: a Web-based text mining tool for assisting Biocuration, Nucleic acids research, 2013, 41 (W1): W518-W522. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkt44

Wei CH et. al., Accelerating literature curation with text-mining tools: a case study of using Pub-Tator to curate genes in PubMed abstracts, Database (Oxford), bas041, 2012

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: A PubMed-like interactive curation system for document triage and literature curation, in Proceedings of BioCreative 2012 workshop, Washington DC, USA, 145-150, 2012

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = pubtator_function(17922911)
## here pubtator_function() will extract the information from this given pmid.
```

```
pubtator_function_JSON
```

function for text annotation using PubTator

#### **Description**

pubtator\_function is used to extract specific information from an abstract like Gene, chemical, and diseases etc.

## Usage

```
pubtator_function_JSON(x)
```

## **Arguments**

x numeric value PMID.

#### **Details**

pubtator\_function\_JSON allow users to get information about 'Gene', 'Chemical' and 'Disease' for given PMID. It uses online tool PubTator on R plateform. It also removes redundancy from the output. It takes one PMID at once, for multiple PMIDs user can use lapply() function.

#### Value

It returns a list object containing Gene, Chemical, Disease and PMID. The corresponding concept id numbers are joined by a '>' character. This is useful for further data mining

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### References

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: a Web-based text mining tool for assisting Biocuration, Nucleic acids research, 2013, 41 (W1): W518-W522. doi: 10.1093/nar/gkt44

Wei CH et. al., Accelerating literature curation with text-mining tools: a case study of using Pub-Tator to curate genes in PubMed abstracts, Database (Oxford), bas041, 2012

Wei CH et. al., PubTator: A PubMed-like interactive curation system for document triage and literature curation, in Proceedings of BioCreative 2012 workshop, Washington DC, USA, 145-150, 2012

## See Also

```
pubtator_function()
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = pubtator_function_JSON(17922911)
## here pubtator_function_JSON() will extract the information from
## this given pmid.
```

```
pubtator_result_list_to_table
```

Function to Convert Pubtator result from list into Table

## **Description**

This function is used to collect the outputs of pubtator\_function() after using lapply over multiple PMIDs. This function enables to convert it into table for easy reading and further analysis.

## Usage

```
pubtator_result_list_to_table(x)
```

readabs 47

## **Arguments**

Х

here x is list output of pubtator\_function().

#### Value

It returns table for pubtator\_function output.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### See Also

```
pubtator_function
```

# **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = pubtator_result_list_to_table(x)
##here x is the output of pubtator_function
```

readabs

To read Abstracts

# Description

readabs will automatically read the abstracts from the pubmed file.

## Usage

```
readabs(x)
```

# Arguments

Χ

Text file of PubMed abstracts. (Abstracts downloaded from PubMed)

# **Details**

The saved file from a general pubmed search as text file is read via readabs().

# Value

An S4 object of class "Abstracts", and a text file with tab delimited headers Journal, Abstract, PMID written with file name "newabs.txt".

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

48 readabsnew

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: readabs("pubmed_result.txt")
##here pubmed_result.txt is the text file of abstracts saved from PubMed.
```

readabsnew

To read Abstracts

## **Description**

readabsnew will automatically read the abstracts from the pubmed text file.

## Usage

```
readabsnew(x)
```

## **Arguments**

Χ

Text file of PubMed abstracts. (Abstracts downloaded from PubMed)

# **Details**

The saved file from a general pubmed search as text file is read via readabsnew().

## Value

An S4 object of class "Abstracts" and a text file with tab delimited headers Journal, Abstract, PMID written with file name "newabs.txt".

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: readabsnew("pubmed_result.txt")
##here pubmed_result.txt is the text file of abstracts saved from PubMed.
```

ready 49

ready

To Initiate the Classes.

## Description

ready will initiate the classes neccessary for other functions.

## Usage

```
ready()
```

#### **Details**

This function is neccessary to initiate the classes which are needed for the implementation of other functions.

#### Value

classes

#### Author(s)

S. Ramachandran

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: ready()
```

removeabs

To remove abstracts for the query term.

# Description

removeabswill remove the abstracts from a corpus for a given term.

# Usage

```
removeabs(object, x, y)
```

# Arguments

object An S4 object of class Abstracts

x A character value

y is logical, if set 'TRUE' search will be case specific

50 searchabsL

#### **Details**

removeabs() finds the abstracts for the given term and remove them from the large set of abstracts.A text file of file name "dataout.txt" will be written containing the number of abstracts removed.

#### Value

An S4 object of class Abstracts and a text file named "dataout.txt"

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: removeabs(myabs, "atherosclerosis", TRUE)
```

removeabs-methods

removeabs To remove abstracts of a term from the data.

## **Description**

removeabs This function will search for the abstracts containing the given term to remove them from the data.

## Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") This method depicts its function, it will remove the abstracts from the data, and the number of abstracts removed will be written the text file named "dataout.txt"

searchabsL

To Search the abstracts of term(s) in a combination mode.

# Description

searchabsL will search for abstracts for the given term(s). Multiple combinations are allowed.

## Usage

```
searchabsL(object, yr, include, restrict, exclude)
```

searchabsL-methods 51

## **Arguments**

object An S4 object of class Abstracts

yr character vector specifies the year of search

include character vector specifies the terms contained in the abstracts.

restrict character vector specifies the term contained in the abstracts for which search

should be restricted.

exclude character vector specifies the terms contained in the abstracts for excluding these

abstracts from the search results.

#### **Details**

In the arguments except for the object all other arguments have "NONE" as default. To export or write the result of searchabsL() we use sendabs() function.

#### Value

An object of class Abstracts satisfying the term combinations, In addition a text file named "out.txt" reporting the number of abstracts for given query term combinations.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## See Also

searchabsT

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: searchabsL(myabs, include="term")
searchabsL(myabs, yr="2013")
searchabsL(myabs, restrict="term")
searchabsL(myabs, exclude="term")
searchabsL(myabs, include="term", exclude="term2")
## End(Not run)
## Here myabs is the object of class Abstracts containing data,
## "term" is the query term to be search.
```

searchabsL-methods

Searching Abstracts

## **Description**

searchabsL will automatically search the abstracts from the data for the given terms or their combination of several terms.

52 searchabsT

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") searchabsL will search the abstracts for the given term or combinations of several terms. In this method the argument "include" uses the boolean operator 'OR' and is liberal whereas the 'restrict' and 'exclude' use the boolean operator 'AND' to specify additional filters. If the restriction to individual terms are desired then they can be individually searched and then the multiple abstracts can be combined using combineasb() function.

## **Description**

searchabsTIt is similar to searchabsL() but performs more specific search. It performs case sensitive search.

# Usage

```
searchabsT(object, yr, include, restrict, exclude)
```

## **Arguments**

object	An S4 object of class Abstracts
yr	character vector specifies the year(s) of search.
include	character vector specifies the term(s) for which abstracts to be searched.
restrict	character vector specifies the term(s) contained in the abstracts for which search should be restricted.
exclude	character vector specifies the term(s) contained in the abstracts for excluding these abstracts from our search results.

#### **Details**

In the arguments except the object all arguments have "NONE" as default. Use sendabs() function to write the results in a tab delimited text file.

#### Value

An object of class Abstracts meeting the term and the term combinations. A text file reporting the number of abstracts for the query terms and their combinations is als written with the filename "out.txt".

## Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran

searchabsT-methods 53

#### See Also

searchabsL

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: searchabsT(myabs,yr="2013")
searchabsT(myabs,include="term")
searchabsT(myabs,restrict="term")
searchabsT(myabs,exclude="term")
searchabsT(myabs,yr="2013", include="term")
## End(Not run)
## Here myabs is an S4 object of class Abstracts containing the abstracts to search,
## "term" is the query term to be search.
```

searchabsT-methods

searchabsT Searching abstracts

#### **Description**

searchabsT will perform a specific search for the given term.

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") It is similar to the searchabsL method, but it is more specific than searchabsL, it is case sensitive, however searchabsL is not.

sendabs

To send abstracts

# Description

sendabs will send the abstracts into a tab delimited text file with the fields Journal, Abstract, and PMID.

## Usage

```
sendabs(object, x)
```

# Arguments

object An S4 object of class 'Abstracts' x "filename.txt" to write the abstracts

## **Details**

A general writing function for object of class 'Abstracts'

54 SentenceToken

#### Value

A tab delimited text file with headers Journal, Abstract, PMID.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: sendabs(myabs,"myabs.txt")
## here myabs is the S4 object of class 'Abstracts' and
## 'abs.txt' is the file where abstracts will be written.
```

sendabs-methods

To send the Data into a File

## **Description**

sendabs will write the data of an object of class 'Abstracts' into a tab delimited text file with header Journal, Abstract, and PMID

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") sendabs will send the data into a text file. It writes a tab delimited text file for PubMed abstracts containing Journal, Abstract, and PMID.

SentenceToken

To Tokenize the sentences

## **Description**

SentenceToken will tokenize abstracts into individual sentences.

## Usage

SentenceToken(x)

#### **Arguments**

Χ

is a character string; could be an output from paste

#### **Details**

This function is necessary for extracting sentences from abstracts, used by contextSearch function. The tokenization principle follows the overall strategy as described in contextSearch

space\_quasher 55

## Value

A character vector of sentences

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: SentenceToken(x)
```

space\_quasher

Removes extra spaces between words.

## **Description**

space\_quasher will automatically remove extra spaces between words. Therefore only one space between any pair of words will be left

#### Usage

```
space_quasher(x)
```

# Arguments

X

x is a text with single or multiple sentences given within double quotes.

## **Details**

The extra spaces between words in sentences is quashed to one via space\_quasher().

## Value

Sentences(s) in which extra spaces between any pair of words are quashed to one.

# Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

```
## Not run: space_quasher("I am a ghostbuster. I have the tools required to hunt ghosts")
##here pubmed_result.txt is the text file of abstracts saved from PubMed.
```

56 subabs-methods

subabs

To find sub-abstracts

## Description

subabs will automatically extract the sub-abstracts from large set of abstracts.

## Usage

```
subabs(object, start, end)
```

## **Arguments**

object An S4 object of class Abstracts

start integer, specifies starting limit of the range to perform search integer, specifies end limit of the range to perform search

#### **Details**

From a large number of asbtracts wish to extract a subset of abstracts into a separate object.

#### Value

An R object of class 'Abstracts' containing the extracted abstracts meeting a given range.

## Author(s)

Jyoti Rani, S.Ramachandran

# Examples

```
## Not run: subabs(myabs,1,5)
## Here 'myabs is an S4 object of class 'Abstracts',
## 1 and 5 are the start and end respectively.
```

subabs-methods

Getting subabstracts

#### **Description**

subabs subabs will extract the sub abstracts corresponding to a given range, from the whole data.

## Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") From an S4 object of class 'Abstracts' the subabs function is able to extract the abstracts corresponding to a given range.

subsetabs 57

subsetabs

To make subsets of large corpus.

## **Description**

It is used to divide the large corpus into a given range.

# Usage

```
subsetabs(object, indices)
```

## **Arguments**

object object is an S4 object containing Abstracts.

indices indices a numeric range (e.g. 1:10, c(1,5,7,9,10)).

#### Value

It returns an S4 obejct of extracted Abstracts.

## Author(s)

S. Ramachandran.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = subsetabs(diabetesabs, 1:50)
## here we want to extract the Abstacts ranges from 1 to 50
## from the large corpus of diabetes.
```

subsetabs-methods

To make subset of Abstracts.

## **Description**

subsetabs is used to subset of Abstracts from the large corpus. Its output is used in other functions like currentabs\_fn and previousabs\_fn

## Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") subsetabs will divide the large corpus into subset.

58 uniprotfun

tdm\_for\_lsa

create Term Document Matrix for Isa analysis

## **Description**

lsa package take "Term Document Matrix" as input, so it is needed to create a 'tdm' for Abstracts and tdm\_for\_lsa do the same as it find out the frequency of given term in each abstract and each abstract is considered as separate document. It prepares term document matrix of terms in the 'abstracts' corpus

#### Usage

```
tdm_for_lsa(object, y)
```

## **Arguments**

object An S4 object of class 'Abstracts'
y a character vector specifying the terms

## Value

a Term Document Matrix (Numerical matrix) containing the raw frequencies of given terms in each abstract.

## Author(s)

Jyoti Rani

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: y = c("insulin", "inflammation", "obesity")
tdm_for_lsa(myabs,y)
## End(Not run)
```

uniprotfun

To get information about gene from the UniProt.Deprecated.

## **Description**

uniprotfun will access the UniProt data for a given gene as per HGNC approved gene symbols. Deprecated.

# Usage

```
uniprotfun(y)
```

whichcluster 59

# Arguments

y a HGNC approved gene symbol as character

#### **Details**

This function retrieves data from the UniProt. At present uniprotfun() works with only HGNC approved gene symbols.

#### Value

A text file written with filename as the 'query' name suffixed with .txt

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: uniprotfun("SIRT1")
```

whichcluster

To fetch the cluster for words

## **Description**

whichcluster is used to get the cluster in which a given word (term) occurs.

## Usage

```
whichcluster(clusterobject, y)
```

## **Arguments**

clusterobject an R object containing the clusters of words output by wordscluster function. y a character string of query terms.

## Value

a list containing the number of cluster under which given term occurs.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

## See Also

wordscluster

60 wordscluster

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test<-whichcluster(x, "diabetes")
## here x is an R object output form wordscluster function.
## and "diabetes" is the term for which cluster number is to be searched.
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

wordscluster

To cluster the words

## Description

wordscluster is used to cluster the words, using the levenshtein distance concept, which are coming together in combination with either 'prefixes' or 'suffixes' or other compound words. The first word, usually of lowest length, could be 'stemmed' word in many cases drastically so, is considered as representative for that cluster.

## Usage

```
wordscluster(lower, upper)
```

## **Arguments**

lower limit for characters in word. Default = 5.
upper upper limit of characters in word. Default = 30

#### **Details**

This function is usefull for dampening the 'explotion' of words output from word\_atomizations. This step enables easy examination of the terms.

#### Value

a list object of words clustered together and a text filenamed "resulttable.txt" with the columns cluster number, cluster size and representatives of clusters.

## Note

The function may run faster when the lower limits are reduced but 'risks' producing plenty of 'decoy' situations. Their frequencies are very rare. Decoy situations: Some 'words' with part identity to other smaller words will runaway with smaller words. This event creates an unfavorable situation whereby the generated 'clusters' of words become difficult to interpret. This situation can be minimized by increasing the lower limit of word length, however at the cost of lowering computational speed. An example is: the word hypercholesterolemia runsaway with the smaller word 'lester' which could be another name. In this instance increasing the lower limit will be more usefull. Words longer than 30 characters are usually names of chemical compunds in IUPAC system of nomenclature.

wordsclusterview 61

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

#### See Also

```
whichcluster word_atomizations
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
test=wordscluster(5, 10)
## here it will start making cluster of words of length with minimum of 5 characters
## and maximum of 10 characters.
## End(Not run)
```

wordsclusterview

To view the words in cluster

## **Description**

wordsclusterview is used to view the words comes in cluster formed by wordscluster function.

#### Usage

```
wordsclusterview(words_cluster, all)
```

## **Arguments**

words\_cluster an R object containing output of wordscluster is logical and default is FALSE, if set to TRUE includes those with one member word.

## **Details**

The first 5 words and 5 words near the median nd 5 words at the tail end are shown for clusters with more than 15 members. In case of cluster size less than 15, all the words are written in output.

#### Value

It returns a text file named word\_cluster\_view.txt

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Rani

## See Also

wordscluster

62 word\_associations

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run: test= wordsclusterview(cluster)
# here cluster is output from wordscluster
## End(Not run)
```

word\_associations

Extracts the words associated (to the left and to the right) with a given

word

## **Description**

word\_associationswill automatically extract associated words for a given word, namely the words immediately to teh left and to the right. The given word is usually in the middle except for those cases, where the given word occurrs either at the start or the end of the sentence.

#### Usage

```
word_associations(term, abs)
```

#### Arguments

term is a single word

abs an S4 object of class Abstracts

#### Details

Certain words are qualified by authors in various ways. For example, physical therapy, gene therapy etc. This functions is useful in extracting these qualified words in the form of available associated words. Useful for preparing terms to be given in co\_occurrence\_fn (). There could be other uses also.

## Value

comp1

A list of all the word pairs in a given set of abstracts.

#### Author(s)

S. Ramachandran

## References

Rani J, Shah AB, Ramachandran S. pubmed.mineR: an R package with text-mining algorithms to analyse PubMed abstracts. J Biosci. 2015 Oct;40(4):671-82. PubMed PMID: 26564970.

## See Also

Give\_Sentences

word\_atomizations 63

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: word_associations("therapy",myabs
##
```

 $word\_atomizations$ 

Atomization of words

# Description

word\_atomizations will automatically break the whole text into words nd rank them according to their frequency of occurence.

## Usage

```
word_atomizations(m)
```

## **Arguments**

m

An S4 object of class Abstracts

## **Details**

word\_atomizations() will break down the whole text into words after removing the extra white space, punctuation marks and very common english words.

#### Value

A text file containing words with their frequencies

## Author(s)

S. Ramachandran, Jyoti Sharma

```
## Not run: word_atomizations(myabs)
## here myabs is the object containing abstracts.
```

xmlgene\_atomizations Gene atomization of xml abstracts. Deprecated.

## **Description**

xmlgene\_atomizations is used to fetch the list of genes from the xml abstracts.Deprecated.

#### **Usage**

```
xmlgene_atomizations(m)
```

## **Arguments**

m

an S4 object of class Abstracts, output from xmlreadabs.

#### Value

a list containing genes from the text with their frquency of occurence.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Sharma

#### See Also

xmlreadabs

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = xmlgene_atomizations(xmlabs)
## xmlabs is an S4 object of class Abstracts i.e. output of xmlreadabs
```

xmlgene\_atomizations\_new

Gene atomization of xml abstracts.

## **Description**

xmlgene\_atomizations\_new is used to fetch the list of genes from the xml abstracts

#### Usage

```
xmlgene_atomizations_new(m)
```

## **Arguments**

m

an S4 object of class Abstracts, output from xmlreadabs.

xmlreadabs 65

## Value

a list containing genes from the text with their frquency of occurrence.

#### Author(s)

S.Ramachandran, Jyoti Sharma

#### See Also

```
new_xmlreadabs
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: test = xmlgene_atomizations(xmlabs)
## xmlabs is an S4 object of class Abstracts i.e. output of xmlreadabs
```

xmlreadabs

To read the abstracts from the PubMed saved in XML format.

## **Description**

xmlreadabs is modified form of readabs as it reads the abstracts downloaded/saved in XML format from PubMed. This is helpful to give clean and better result after preprocessing i.e. word\_atomizations, wordscluster etc.

#### Usage

```
xmlreadabs(file)
```

## **Arguments**

file

an XML file saved from PubMed.

#### Value

an S4 object of class Abstracts containing journals, abstracts and PMID.

## Author(s)

S.Ramachandran

#### See Also

readabs

```
## Not run: xmlabs = xmlreadabs("pubmed_result.xml")
## here "pubmed_result.xml" is an xml format file downloaded from PubMed.
```

56 xmlword\_atomizations

xmlword\_atomizations

Word atomizations of abstracts from xml format.

## **Description**

xmlword\_atomizations is used to process the abstracts from PubMed in XML format.

# Usage

```
xmlword_atomizations(m)
```

## **Arguments**

m

an S4 object of class Abstracts resulted from xmlreadabs.

#### Value

a list containing words from the text with their frequencies.

## Note

xmlword\_atomizations cannot work on output of readabs.

## Author(s)

S. Ramachandran

#### See Also

xmlreadabs

```
## Not run: test = xmlword_atomizations(xmlabs)
## here xmlabs is an S4 object i.e. output of xmlreadabs
```

Yearwise 67

Yearwise

To Search abstracts Year wise

# Description

Yearwise reports the no. of abstracts in a year.

#### Usage

```
Yearwise(object, year)
```

#### **Arguments**

object An S4 object of class Abstracts.

year a character vector specifies the year.

#### **Details**

Yearwise() is useful to find the no. of abstracts for the given year.

#### Value

A text file containing the no. of abstracts for given Year(s)

## Author(s)

Dr.S.Ramachandran

## **Examples**

```
## Not run: Yearwise(myabs, "2011") or
Yearwise(myabs, c("2011", "2013", "2009")
## End(Not run)
## Here myabs is the object containing PubMed abstracts.
```

Yearwise-methods

Yearwise Year wise extraction of Abstracts

## **Description**

Yearwise will report the abstracts for given year(s).

#### Methods

signature(object = "Abstracts") This method "Yearwise" is written to fetch the abstracts yearly.

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