Package: pacotest (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Testing for Partial Copulas and the Simplifying Assumption in Vine Copulas Version 0.4.2

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Description Routines for two different test types, the Constant Conditional Correlation (CCC) test and the Vectorial Independence (VI) test are provided (Kurz and Spanhel (2022) <doi:10.1214/22-EJS2051>). The tests can be applied to check whether a conditional copula coincides with its partial copula. Functions to test whether a regular vine copula satisfies the so-called simplifying assumption or to test a single copula within a regular vine copula to be a (j-1)-th order partial copula are available. The CCC test comes with a decision tree approach to allow testing in high-dimensional settings.

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Imports Rcpp (>= 0.11.4), VineCopula (>= 2.0.5), numDeriv, ggplot2(>= 2.0.0), gridExtra, methods

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

Suggests testthat, covr

BugReports https://github.com/MalteKurz/pacotest/issues

NeedsCompilation yes

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pacotest-package

Testing for Partial Copulas and the Simplifying Assumption in Vine Copulas

Description

The **pacotest** package provides functions, which allow to test for partial copulas and the simplifying assumption in vine copulas. The package consists of two different test types, the Constant Conditional Correlation (CCC) test and the Vectorial Independence (VI) test. The function pacotestset can be used to create and alter pacotest options lists and the function pacotest can be used to test for the partial copula and the simplifying assumption for a single bivariate conditional copula.

The function pacotestRvineSeq can be used with a RVineMatrix from the VineCopula-package to test all pair-copulas being building blocks in a R-vine copula to be (j-1)-th order partial copulas, which is equivalent to testing the simplifying assumption. A single building blog of a R-vine copula could be tested to be a (j-1)-th order partial copula by applying the function pacotestRvineSingleCopula to a RVineMatrix from the VineCopula-package.

Author(s)

Malte S. Kurz

References

Hobaek-Haff, I., K. Aas and A. Frigessi (2010), "On the simplified pair-copula construction – Simply useful or too simplistic?", Journal of Multivariate Analysis 101(5), pp. 1296-1310.

Kojadinovic, I. and M. Holmes (2009), "Tests of independence among continuous random vectors based on Cramer-von Mises functionals of the empirical copula process", Journal of Multivariate Analysis 100(6), pp. 1137-1154.

Kurz, M. S. and F. Spanhel (2022), "Testing the simplifying assumption in high-dimensional vine copulas", Electronic Journal of Statistics 16 (2), pp. 5226-5276.

Quessy, J.-F. (2010), "Applications and asymptotic power of marginal-free tests of stochastic vectorial independence", Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference 140(11), pp. 3058-3075.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2019), "Simplified vine copula models: Approximations based on the simplifying assumption", Electronic Journal of Statistics 13 (1), pp. 1254-1291.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2016), "The partial copula: Properties and associated dependence measures", Statistics & Probability Letters 119, pp. 76-83.

See Also

Development for **pacotest** can be followed via the GitHub repository at https://github.com/ MalteKurz/pacotest.

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pacotest

Testing for the Partial Copula and the Simplifying Assumption for a Single Bivariate Conditional Copula

Description

The function can be used to test for the partial copula and the simplifying assumption for a bivariate conditional copula using different tests. Two different test types, the Constant Conditional Correlation (CCC) test and the Vectorial Independence (VI) test are implemented. For all tests different options can be set by generating a pacotest options list using the pacotestset function.

Arguments

U A (n x 2) matrix of [0,1] data (probability integral transforms), which are the arguments of the conditional copula of (Y,Z)|W for which the simplifying assumption should be tested. The first column is given by the conditional distribution function of YIW evaluated at the observed values of Y and W. Analogously, the second column is defined as the conditional distribution function of ZIW evaluated at the observed values of Z and W. If the probability integral transforms are obtained from the partial vine copula (PVC), i.e., partial probability integral transforms (PPITs) are used, the function can be used to test for (j-1)-th order partial copulas.
 W A (n x K) matrix of observed values for the vector of random variables on which the conditioning is done.

A options list generated by the pacotestset function or the test type as a string, i.e., CCC or VI.

Details

Applying a test with default options (cf. pacotestset) and with known (i.e., not estimated) PITs (probability integral transforms) in U.

```
out = pacotest(U,W,'CCC')
```

out = pacotest(U,W,'VI')

Applying a test with options specified in pacotestOptions

out = pacotest(U,W,pacotestOptions)

Note that when calling pacotest(U,W, 'CCC'), the default options for the CCC test are used (cf. pacotestset), but the two parameters withEstUncert = FALSE and estUncertWithRanks = FALSE are altered. In contrast when calling pacotestOptions = pacotestset('CCC'), the two parameters are set to withEstUncert = TRUE and estUncertWithRanks = TRUE. For the CCC test, under the default setting, it is assumed that estimated PPITs are provided and the test statistic is

computed under consideration of estimation uncertainty of the probability integral transforms, i.e., withEstUncert = TRUE and estUncertWithRanks = TRUE. To apply pacotest with withEstUncert = TRUE, three additional inputs have to be provided (data, svcmDataFrame and cPitData).

In the vine copula context, PPITs are usually estimated and not known. Therefore, in the vine copula context it is recommended to use the functions pacotestRvineSeq or pacotestRvineSingleCopula instead of pacotest. These functions automatically pass through the additional arguments data, svcmDataFrame, cPitData to the function pacotest and the CCC test can be applied in its default setting with consideration of estimation uncertainty of the probability integral transforms, i.e., withEstUncert = TRUE and estUncertWithRanks = TRUE.

Value

A list which can, depending on the chosen test, consist of the following elements:

pValue	The p-value of the test.
testStat	The value of the test statistic.
decisionTree	The decision tree used to partition the support Lambda0 of the conditioning variable W. It is provided as a list consisting of three nodes (CentralNode, LeftNode and RightNode) represented as lists and the variable LeavesForFinalComparison. Each node consists of the Variable used to perform the split, the corresponding Quantile and Threshold.
S	The bootstrapped values of the test statistic (only for the test type VI).

Author(s)

Malte S. Kurz

References

Kurz, M. S. and F. Spanhel (2022), "Testing the simplifying assumption in high-dimensional vine copulas", Electronic Journal of Statistics 16 (2), pp. 5226-5276.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2019), "Simplified vine copula models: Approximations based on the simplifying assumption", Electronic Journal of Statistics 13 (1), pp. 1254-1291.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2016), "The partial copula: Properties and associated dependence measures", Statistics & Probability Letters 119, pp. 76-83.

See Also

pacotest-package, pacotestset, pacotestRvineSeq, pacotestRvineSingleCopula

Examples

Generate an options list, e.g., the constant conditional correlation (CCC)

test with default options. We use known PITs and don't estimate the parameters

- # in the lower trees of the vine copulas and therefore additionally alter the
- # two parameters withEstUncert and estUncertWithRanks to FALSE.

pacotestOptions=pacotestset(testType='CCC', withEstUncert = FALSE, estUncertWithRanks = FALSE)

pacotest

```
# Use the specified options to test for the simplifying assumption
##### Example 1: Non-simplified three-dim. C-Vine #####
# Simulate from a three-dimensional C-Vine copula with C_12 and C_13
# being product copulas and C_23|1 being a Frank copula with
# functional parameter theta(x_{1}) = (4x_{1}-2)^3
N = 500
X = matrix(runif(3*N),N,3)
theta = (4*X[,1]-2)^3
etheta = expm1(-theta);
X[,3] = -1/theta*log(1+etheta/(exp(-theta*X[,2])*(1/X[,3]-1)+1));
Result = pacotest(X[,c(2,3)],X[,1],pacotestOptions)
Result$pValue
##### Example 2: Non-simplified three-dim. C-Vine #####
# Simulate from a three-dimensional C-Vine copula with C_12 and C_13
# being product copulas and C_23|1 being a Frank copula with
# functional parameter theta(x_{1}) = 12 + 8*sin(0.4(3x_{1}+2)^2)
X = matrix(runif(3*N),N,3)
theta = 12 + 8 \times \sin(0.4 \times (3 \times X[,1]+2)^2)
etheta = expm1(-theta);
X[,3] = -1/theta*log(1+etheta/(exp(-theta*X[,2])*(1/X[,3]-1)+1));
Result = pacotest(X[,c(2,3)],X[,1],pacotestOptions)
Result$pValue
##### Example 3: Simplified three-dim. C-Vine #####
# Simulate from a three-dimensional C-Vine copula with C_12 and C_13
# being Clayton copulas with parameter theta and C_23|1 being a Clayton copula with
# functional parameter theta(x_{1}) = theta / (1+theta)
W = matrix(runif(3*N),N,3)
X = matrix(NA,N,3)
theta = 2
X[,1] = W[,1]
X[,2] = (W[,1]^(-theta)*(W[,2]^((-theta)/(1+theta))-1)+1)^(-1/theta);
theta_23_1 = theta /(1+theta)
X[,3] = (W[,2]^(-theta_23_1)*(W[,3]^((-theta_23_1)/(1+theta_23_1))-1)+1)^(-1/theta_23_1);
X[,3] = (W[,1]^{-theta})(X[,3]^{-theta})/(1+theta))-1)+1)^{-1/theta};
# Get pseudo-observations from the conditional copula C_23|1
U = matrix(NA, N, 2)
U[,1] = (X[,1]^{theta}(X[,2]^{-theta}))^{-(1+theta)/theta};
U[,2] = (X[,1]^theta*(X[,3]^(-theta)-1)+1)^(-(1+theta)/theta);
Result = pacotest(U,X[,1],pacotestOptions)
Result$pValue
```

pacotestRvineSeq

Description

The function can be used to test the simplifying assumption for R-vine copulas in a sequential manner. Each pair-copula from the second tree on is tested to be a (j-1)-th order partial copula. To apply the function one needs to provide the data and a specified/estimated R-vine copula model in form of a RVineMatrix from the VineCopula-package. Additionally, a pacotest options list, which can be generated with the pacotestset function, needs to be provided.

Usage

pacotestRvineSeq(data, RVM, pacotestOptions, level = 0.05, illustration = 2, stopIfRejected = TRUE)

Arguments

data	A (n x d) matrix (or data frame) of [0,1] data (i.e. uniform margins).
RVM	An RVineMatrix object (VineCopula-package) which includes the structure, the pair-copula families and parameters of an R-vine copula.
pacotestOption:	S
	A options list generated by the pacotestset function or the test type as string, i.e., CCC or VI.
level	The level of the test.
illustration	Either 1 or 2. If illustration = 1, the p-value for each test for a $(j-1)$ -th order partial copula is displayed. If illustration = 2, a progress information is displayed for each tree. It consists of the individual test level and the number of H0 rejections.
stopIfRejected	A logical variable indicating whether the sequential test procedure should be stopped in the first tree where an H0 for one of the conditional copulas is re- jected.

Value

A list consisting of the following elements:

pacotestResultLists

A matrix in the same structure like the Matrix, family, par, etc. entries in the RVineMatrix object from the VineCopula-package. Each entry of the matrix is a list containing the test result from a test for a (j-1)-th order partial copula obtained from a call to pacotest. Depending on the chosen test, it could consist of different elements. A documentation of the pacotestResultLists can be found in the documentation of pacotest.

pacotestRvineSeq

pValues A matrix in the same structure like the Matrix, family, par, etc. entries in the RVineMatrix object from the VineCopula-package. Each entry of the matrix is a p-value corresponding to the test result from a test for a (j-1)-th order partial copula.

testResultSummary

A data.frame summarizing the test results. The first column, Tree, is the tree number. The second column, NumbOfRejections, is the number of of rejections in the corresponding tree. The third column, IndividualTestLevel, is the level at which each individual test has been performed. The fourth column, Interpretation, provides an interpretation of the test result.

Author(s)

Malte S. Kurz

References

Kurz, M. S. and F. Spanhel (2022), "Testing the simplifying assumption in high-dimensional vine copulas", Electronic Journal of Statistics 16 (2), pp. 5226-5276.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2019), "Simplified vine copula models: Approximations based on the simplifying assumption", Electronic Journal of Statistics 13 (1), pp. 1254-1291.

See Also

pacotest-package, pacotest, pacotestset, pacotestRvineSingleCopula

Examples

- # Sample data and R-vine copula selection are taken
- # from the documentation of RVineStructureSelect
- # of the VineCopula package.

```
# Obtain sample data
data(daxreturns, package ="VineCopula")
dataSet = daxreturns[1:750,1:4]
```

Specify a pacotestOptions list:

pacotestRvineSingleCopula

Testing for a Single (j-1)-th Order Partial Copula in a R-Vine Copula

Description

The function can be used to test a single copula in a R-vine copula to be a (j-1)-th order partial copula. To apply the function one needs to provide the data and a specified/estimated R-vine copula model in form of a RVineMatrix from the VineCopula-package. Additionally, a pacotest options list, which can be generated with the pacotestset function, needs to be provided.

Usage

```
pacotestRvineSingleCopula(data, RVM, pacotestOptions, tree, copulaNumber)
```

Arguments

data	A (n x d) matrix (or data frame) of [0,1] data (i.e. uniform margins).							
RVM	An RVineMatrix object (VineCopula-package) which includes the structure, the pair-copula families and parameters of an R-vine copula.							
pacotestOptions								
	A options list generated by the pacotestset function or the test type as string, i.e., CCC or VI.							
tree	The tree number $(j>=2)$ of the copula which should be tested to be a $(j-1)$ -th order partial copula.							
copulaNumber	The number $(1 \le \text{copulaNumber} \le j-1)$ of the copula in the normalized RVine- Matrix which should be tested to be a $(j-1)$ -th order partial copula.							

Value

A list which can, depending on the chosen test, consist of the following elements:

pValue	The p-value of the test.
testStat	The value of the test statistic.
decisionTree	The decision tree used to partition the support LmabdaO of the conditioning variable W. It is provided as a list consisting of three nodes (CentralNode, LeftNode and RightNode) represented as lists and the variable LeavesForFinalComparison. Each node consists of the Variable used to perform the split, the corresponding Quantile and Threshold.
S	The bootstrapped values of the test statistic (only for the test type VI).

Author(s)

Malte S. Kurz

References

Kurz, M. S. and F. Spanhel (2022), "Testing the simplifying assumption in high-dimensional vine copulas", Electronic Journal of Statistics 16 (2), pp. 5226-5276.

Spanhel, F. and M. S. Kurz (2019), "Simplified vine copula models: Approximations based on the simplifying assumption", Electronic Journal of Statistics 13 (1), pp. 1254-1291.

See Also

pacotest-package, pacotest, pacotestset, pacotestRvineSeq

Examples

```
# Sample data and R-vine copula selection are taken
# from the documentation of RVineStructureSelect
# of the VineCopula package.
# Obtain sample data
data(daxreturns, package ="VineCopula")
dataSet = daxreturns[1:750,1:4]
# Specify an R-vine copula model
# (can be obtained by calling: RVM = VineCopula::RVineStructureSelect(dataSet))
vineStructure = matrix(c(3,4,1,2,0,2,4,1,0,0,1,4,0,0,0,4),4,4)
families = matrix(c(0,5,2,2,0,0,2,14,0,0,0,14,0,0,0,0),4,4)
par = matrix(c(0,0.8230664,0.1933472,0.6275062,
             0,0,0.2350109,1.6619945,
             0,0,0,1.599363,
             (0,0,0,0),(4,4)
par2 = matrix(c(0,0,11.757700,4.547847,
             0,0,17.15717,0,
             0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0), 4, 4)
RVM = VineCopula::RVineMatrix(vineStructure, families, par, par2)
# Specify a pacotestOptions list:
# For illustrating the functioning of the decision tree,
# grouped scatterplots and a decision tree plot are activated.
pacotestOptions = pacotestset(testType='CCC',
                                groupedScatterplots = TRUE,
                               decisionTreePlot = TRUE)
# Test for a 2-nd order partial copula
# corresponding to the variables BAYN.DE,BMW.DE
# and conditioning set ALV.DE,BAS.DE
tree = 3
copulaNumber = 1
pacotestResultList = pacotestRvineSingleCopula(dataSet, RVM,
```

pacotestset

pacotestOptions, tree, copulaNumber)

pacotestset

Description

The function creates or updates a list object, which is required for applying the pacotest function.

Arguments

pacotestOption	S
	A options list for the pacotest function generated by the pacotestset func- tion.
testType	A string which specifies the type of the test for testing the simplifying assumption.
	Possible values: CCC VI
grouping	For testType = CCC:
	The grouping method which is used to obtain a partitioning of the support of the conditioning variable W.
	Possible values: TreeCCC SumMedian SumThirdsI SumThirdsII SumThirdsIII SumQuartiles ProdMedian ProdThirdsI ProdThirdsII ProdThirdsIII ProdQuartiles TreeEC
expMinSampleSi	
	For testType = CCC with grouping = TreeCCC TreeEC:
	The minimum number of observations which are allocated to a group in the decision tree learning process. The default value is 100.
aggInfo	For testType = CCC with grouping = TreeCCC TreeEC: The method used for aggregating information in the conditioning set. The infor- mation in the conditioning set can be aggregated by either taking the mean of all variables or the pairwise mean. The result is added as an additional variable which can be used by the decision tree to partition the support of the condition- ing variable W. Possible values: none meanAll meanPairwise
withEstUncert	For testType = CCC:
	A logical variable indicating whether the asymptotic-variance covariance matrix of the estimated correlations should be corrected for the estimation uncertainty of the probability integral transforms.
estUncertWithR	anks
	For testType = CCC:
	A logical variable indicating whether the asymptotic-variance covariance matrix of the estimated correlations should be corrected for the estimation uncertainty induced by using a semiparametric estimator for the vine copula, i.e., empiri- cal cdf's for the univariate margins and parametric copula families as building blocks of the R-vine copula.

pacotestset

finalComparison	
	For testType = CCC with grouping = TreeCCC TreeEC:
	A variable specifying whether at the end of the decision tree all subsets being part of the partition are compared against each other or whether only the pair with the highest value of the test statistic is used.
	Possible values: pairwiseMax all
penaltyParams	For testType = CCC with grouping = TreeCCC TreeEC:
	A vector of length two, specifying the functional form of the penalty. The penalty is a function of the sample size n and chosen to be lambda(n) = cn^{-1} beta). The first entry of the vector is specifying the level c of the penalty and needs to be a positive real number. The second entry of the vector is specifying the power beta of the penalty and needs to be chosen from the interval (0,1).
gamma0Partition	
	For testType = CCC with grouping = TreeCCC TreeEC:
	The gamma0 partition. I.e., the partition which is favoured via the penalty under the H0.
	Possible values: SumMedian SumThirdsI SumThirdsII SumThirdsIII SumQuartiles ProdMedian ProdThirdsI ProdThirdsII ProdThirdsII ProdQuartiles
groupedScatterp	plots
	For testType = CCC:
	A logical whether grouped scatterplots should be produced.
decisionTreePlo	bt
	For testType = CCC:
	A logical whether the partition of the support of W should be illustrated as a decision tree plot.
numbBoot	For testType = VI:
	The number of bootstrap replications for computing p-values using the multiplier bootstrap approach.

Details

Calling without any arguments prints all possible options.

pacotestset()

Calling with a string, that specifies the test type, gives back a option list with the default values corresponding to each test.

```
pacotestOptions = pacotestset('CCC')
pacotestOptions = pacotestset('VI')
```

Calling with pairs of parameter names and values creates an pacotestOptions list in which the named parameters have the specified values.

```
pacotestOptions = pacotestset('Name1', Value1, 'Name2', Value2,...)
```

Calling with an existing pacotestOptions list checks the list for consistency.

pacotestset(pacotestOptions)

Calling with an existing pacotestOptions list and pairs of parameter names and values creates a copy of the existing list, where the named parameters are updated with the provided values.

pacotestOptionsNew = pacotestset(pacotestOptions, 'Name1', Value1, 'Name2', Value2,...)

Value

The function returns a pacotestOptions list which can be used as input argument for the functions pacotest, pacotestRvineSeq and pacotestRvineSingleCopula.

Author(s)

Malte S. Kurz

References

Kurz, M. S. and F. Spanhel (2022), "Testing the simplifying assumption in high-dimensional vine copulas", Electronic Journal of Statistics 16 (2), pp. 5226-5276.

See Also

pacotest-package, pacotest, pacotestRvineSeq, pacotestRvineSingleCopula

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