

# Package: nopaco (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Non-Parametric Concordance Coefficient

**Version** 1.0.7

**Date** 2023-06-01

**Description** A non-parametric test for multi-observer concordance and differences between concordances in (un)balanced data.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

**Imports** methods, Matrix (>= 1.1.5), parallel, stats

**Suggests** MASS

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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coef	<i>Extract test results from the results of a concordance.test</i>
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**Description**

coef extract the test results from the results of a concordance.test

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConcordanceTest'
coef(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object	An object of <a href="#">ConcordanceTest-class</a>
...	Not used

**Value**

A matrix

**See Also**

Other concordance functions: [concordance.test\(\)](#), [getPsi\(\)](#), [rfromPsi\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(3*20),20,3)
testResult <- concordance.test(matRandom)
getPsi(testResult)
coef(testResult)
```

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concordance.test	<i>Perform a nonparametric concordance test.</i>
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**Description**

concordance.test performs a test for a random concordance (if a single matrix is given) or tests for equal concordance between two matrices.

**Usage**

```
concordance.test(x, y = NULL, alternative = NULL, alpha = 0.05, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	a numeric matrix, subjects in the rows, repeated measurements in the columns
y	(optional) a numeric matrix of equal size as argument x
alternative	"less", "greater" or "two.sided". Only used when y is given.
alpha	significance level (default = 0.05)
...	see details

**Details**

- Testing the deviation from random concordance: if only one matrix is given (i.e. argument x), its concordance will be tested against the alternative hypothesis of finding a higher concordance under random sampling conditions. For small matrices (depending on number of replicate measurements) an exact method will be used to determine a p-value. In case of larger matrices, where the exact approach is not feasible, either the revised-beta approach (default), a beta approximation, or a normal approximation is used. To enforce the use of either one method, the method argument can be used with value "exact", "Rbeta", "beta" or "normal".
- Testing for a difference between concordances: if both arguments x and y have been given, the equality of concordances of both matrices is tested. The default alternative hypothesis is 'two.sided'. Both matrices must be of equal size and have corresponding missing entries (NA values). In case of missing data in one matrix, the same entries in the other matrix will also be set to missing. This method involves bootstrapping to estimate variance and confidence estimates, with adjustable options via the global R options "nopaco.nCPU" (default=2), "nopaco.nDraws.CI" (default=1e4) and "nopaco.seed" (default = 1).

Unbalanced data due to randomly missing data or an unequal number of repeated measurements per subject is allowed. In that case, missing or unknown values must be set to NA.

**Value**

An object of [ConcordanceTest-class](#)

**References**

P.Rothery (1979) *Biometrika* 66(3):629-639

**See Also**

Other concordance functions: [coef\(\)](#), [getPsi\(\)](#), [rfromPsi\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
require(MASS) ##to use the 'mvrnorm' function

#Generate a matrix without concordance
# for three observers in two samples
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(3*20),20,3)
concordance.test(matRandom)

#Generate a corresponding matrix with strong concordance
```

```
sigma<-matrix(0.8,3,3)
diag(sigma)<-1
matConcordant <- mvrnorm(20,mu=rep(0,3),Sigma=sigma)
concordance.test(matConcordant)

#Test concordances between the two matrices
aTest <- concordance.test(matConcordant, matRandom)

getPsi(aTest)
coef(aTest)
```

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ConcordanceTest-class *Class ConcordanceTest*

---

## Description

This class stores results obtained from a concordance test.

## Details

Class ConcordanceTest stores results from a concordance test.

## Slots

pvalue The pvalue  
psi1 The concordance in matrix x  
psi2 The concordance in matrix y  
method The method used to obtain the pvalue  
alternative The alternative hypothesis  
ci.lower The lower confidence boudary  
ci.upper The upper confidence boudary  
ci.method The method used to obtain the confidence interval  
alpha The significance level  
call The call made to the `concordance.test` function

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getPsi	<i>Obtain concordance coefficients.</i>
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### Description

getPsi returns the concordance coefficient(s) from a matrix or a result obtained by the [concordance.test](#) function.

### Usage

```
getPsi(x, y, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'ConcordanceTest,missing'  
getPsi(x)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,missing'  
getPsi(x, y, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,missing'  
getPsi(x, y, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,data.frame'  
getPsi(x, y, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,`NULL`'  
getPsi(x, y, ...)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'matrix,matrix'  
getPsi(x, y, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	A numeric matrix or an object <a href="#">ConcordanceTest-class</a>
y	A numeric matrix (optional)
...	Not used

### Value

A numeric vector with coefficient(s)

### References

P.Rothery (1979) *Biometrika* 66(3):629-639

### See Also

Other concordance functions: [coef\(\)](#), [concordance.test\(\)](#), [rfromPsi\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(30),10,3)
testResult <- concordance.test(matRandom)
getPsi(testResult)
getPsi(matRandom)
```

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names,ConcordanceTest-method

*Extract argument names from a ConcordanceTest object*

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**Description**

names extracts argument names from a [ConcordanceTest-class](#) object

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConcordanceTest'
names(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An object of [ConcordanceTest-class](#)

**Value**

A character vector

**Examples**

```
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(3*20),20,3)
testResult <- concordance.test(matRandom)
names(testResult)
```

---

rfromPsi

*Conversion between Pearson correlation and the non paramtric concordance coefficient*

---

**Description**

Conversion between Pearson correlation and the non paramtric concordance coefficient

**Usage**

```
rfromPsi(psi)

psifromR(r)
```

**Arguments**

psi            a (vector of) non paramtric concordance coefficient(s)  
 r              a (vector of) Pearson correlation coefficient(s)

**Details**

The conversion is performed following the relationship described by Rothery (1979).  $2*\cos(\pi*(1-\text{psi}))-1$

**Value**

A (vector of) corresponding Pearson correlation coefficient(s).

**References**

Rothery, P. 'A nonparametric measure of intraclass correlation', *Biometrika*, 66, 3, 629-639 (1979).

**See Also**

Other concordance functions: [coef\(\)](#), [concordance.test\(\)](#), [getPsi\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
#Generate a matrix without concordance
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(30),10,3)
result<-concordance.test(matRandom)
getPsi(result) #concordance coefficient
result$ci        #95% confidence interval

#Corresponding Pearson correlation
rfromPsi(getPsi(result))
rfromPsi(result$ci)

#Plot the relation between Pearson correlation and the nonparamatric concordance coefficient.
r<-seq(-1,1,0.01)
psi<-psifromR(r)
plot(r,psi,type='l',xlab="Pearson correlation", ylab="nonparametric concordance")
```

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 scores

*Hypothetical data of outcomes for two risk models*

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**Description**

This data is generated as explained in the nopaco vignette. It represents the outcomes of the risk models (model A and model B). Both models were applied to gene expression profiles 100 subjects, each run in duplo.

**Usage**

```
data(scores)
```

**Format**

A list with two elements named 'modelA' and 'modelB' both containing a dataframe with outcome scores for 100 subjects in the rows each having two replicate measurements in the columns.

**Source**

```
vignette("nopaco", package = "nopaco")
```

**Examples**

```
data(scores)
str(scores)
plot(scores[['modelA']])
plot(scores[['modelB']])
```

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\$, *ConcordanceTest*-method

*Extract argument values from a ConcordanceTest object*

---

**Description**

Extracts argument values from a [ConcordanceTest-class](#) object

**Usage**

```
## S4 method for signature 'ConcordanceTest'
x$name
```

**Arguments**

x	An object of <a href="#">ConcordanceTest-class</a>
name	The argument to get the value of

**Value**

The value of the requested argument

**Examples**

```
matRandom <- matrix(rnorm(3*20),20,3)
testResult <- concordance.test(matRandom)
names(testResult)
testResult$psi
```



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