Package: mixcure (via r-universe)

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Index

Title Mixture Cure Models

Description Implementation of parametric and semiparametric mixture cure models based on existing R packages. See details of the models in Peng and Yu (2020) <isbn: 9780367145576="">.</isbn:>
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mixcure-package

Mixture cure models

Description

Fit various mixture cure models

Details

This package fits various mixture cure model using existing R packages.

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

References

Peng, Y. and Yu, B. Cure Models: Methods, Applications, and Implementation. CRC/Chapman & Hall, 2020

Peng, Y. and Taylor, J. M. G. Cure models. In Klein, J., van Houwelingen, H., Ibrahim, J. G., and Scheike, T. H., editors, Handbook of Survival Analysis, Handbooks of Modern Statistical Methods series, chapter 6, pages 113-134. Chapman & Hall, Boca Raton, FL, USA, 2014

Peng, Y. Fitting semiparametric cure models. Computational Statistics & Data Analysis, 41: 481-490, 2003

coef.mixcure

Retrieve coefficients from mixture cure models

Description

Retrieve coefficients from mixture cure models

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mixcure'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object a mixcure object

. . . for compatibility purpose. Not used.

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Value

a list of two components:

latency a vector of coefficients in the latency model incidence a vector of coefficients in the incidence model

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

See Also

mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
z1 = mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant, data = leukaemia, savedata = TRUE)
coef(z1)
```

leukaemia

Data from leukaemia patients with bone marrow transplants

Description

This data set is used in the examples of this package.

Usage

```
data(leukaemia)
```

Format

A data.frame object with columns:

time: Relapse Free Survival Time.

cens: Relapse Indicator with 1-Relapsed, 0-Disease Free.

transplant: Bone marrow transplant: 0-Allogeneic, 1-Autologous.

Source

Kersey JH, Weisdorf D, Nesbit ME, LeBien TW, Woods WG, McGlave PB, Kim TRUE, Vallera DA, Goldman AI, Bostrom B, Hurd D, Ramsay NKC. Comparison of autologous and allgeneic bone marrow transplantation for treatment of high-risk refractory acute lymphoblastic leukaemia. New England Journal of Medicine 1987; 317:461–467.

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
```

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mixcure

Mixture cure models

Description

Fit some parametric and semiparametric mixture cure models

Usage

```
mixcure(
    lformula,
    iformula,
    data,
    lmodel,
    imodel,
    postuncure = NULL,
    emmax = 100,
    eps = 1e-04,
    savedata = FALSE,
    debug = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

lformula

a formula specifying the latency model

iformula

a formula specifying the incidence model

data

a data frame in which to interpret the variables named in the formulas in lmodel and imodel.

1mode1

a list of at least one component: fun, a text string specifying R function to fit the latency model. Other arguments to the function specified in fun can be added to the list. If lmodel is not supplied, the default is lmodel = list(fun = "coxph") and it fits the semiparametric PH latency model to the data. Other latency models currently implemented include

- fun = "survfit" (for nonparametric mixture cure models),
- fun = "survreg" (for parametric mixture cure models),
- fun = "flexsurvreg" (for parametric mixture cure models),
- fun = "flexsurvspline" (for parametric mixture cure models),
- fun = "cox.aalen" (for semiparametric multiplicative-additive hazards models),
- fun = "prop.odds" (for semiparametric proportional odds models).

R functions for other regression models for survival data can be added as long as they meet certain criteria. See details on how a new regression model for survival data can be added.

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imodel a list of at least one component: fun, a text string specifying the R function to

fit the incidence model. Other arguments to the function specified in fun can be added to the list. If imodel is not supplied, the default is imodel = list(fun = "glm", family = binomial()) and it fits the logistic regression as the incidence model to the data. The other incidence model currently implemented is fun = "gam". R functions for other regression models as the incidence model can be added as long as they meet certain criteria. See details on how a new regression model for incidence model can be added.

A covariate may be used in both Iformula and iformula. A model with the intercept term only in iformula assumes that there are cured patients and that the

cure rates are the same for all patients.

postuncure a vector of initial probabilities of being uncured for all subjects

emmax the maximum number of EM iterations

eps tolerance for EM convergence. Iteration stops once the relative change in log

likelihoods is less than eps.

savedata If TRUE, the data set will be stored in the final object. It is mainly used for

bootstrap in summary() to get standard errors. Default is FALSE.

debug for debug purpose.

Details

This function fits mixture cure models, where the latency and incidence parts of the mixture cure models can be fit using existing R regression functions. We implemented the logistic regression and the generalized additive model for the incidence part and the semiparametric proportional hazards and additive hazards models and the parametric failure time models for the latency parts. To include a new regression model xxx() for the incidence part, you need to add the following functions:

- incidence.xxx()
- coef.incidence.xxx()
- loglik.incidence.xxx()
- curepred.incidence.xxx()

To include a new regression model xxx() for the latency part, you need to add the following functions:

- latency.xxx()
- coef.latency.xxx()
- loglik.latency.xxx()
- survpred.latency.xxx()

When mixcure program ends, it may produce warning messages such as "In eval(expr, envir, enclos): non-integer #successes in a binomial glm!." The message is due to the fact that glm is picky when it comes to specifying binomial models. It warns if it detects that the number of trials or successes is non-integer, but it still fits the model properly. If you want to suppress the warning (and you're sure it's not a problem), use family=quasibinomial instead.

This package requires the following R packages: survival, boot, survey and any packages that provide the latency and incidence models.

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Value

a list consists of the following components:

if it the final fit from the model for cure probability.

1fit the final fit from the model for failure time of uncured subjects

survprob the final estimate of the survival probability for each subject at its own observed

time if uncured

postuncure the final estimate of the posterior uncure probability for each subject based its

observed values. The prior uncure probability can be obtained from ifit\$uncureprob

em a matrix containing the iterations of the EM algorithm and convergence errors

(for debug purpose)

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

References

Peng, Y. and Yu, B. Cure Models: Methods, Applications, and Implementation. CRC/Chapman & Hall, 2020

Peng, Y. and Taylor, J. M. G. Cure models. In Klein, J., van Houwelingen, H., Ibrahim, J. G., and Scheike, T. H., editors, Handbook of Survival Analysis, Handbooks of Modern Statistical Methods series, chapter 6, pages 113-134. Chapman & Hall, Boca Raton, FL, USA, 2014

Peng, Y. Fitting semiparametric cure models. Computational Statistics & Data Analysis, 41: 481-490, 2003

See Also

summary.mixcure, predict.mixcure, plot.predict.mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
z = mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant, data = leukaemia)
```

plot.predict.mixcure Plot method for the prediction of mixture cure models

Description

Plot the predicted survival function curves from mixture cure models

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Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'predict.mixcure'
plot(
    x,
    type = "1",
    add = FALSE,
    which = 1:nrow(x$cure),
    curemark = FALSE,
    conditional = FALSE,
    xlab,
    ylab,
    ylim = c(0, 1),
    lty = seq(along = which),
    ...
)
```

Arguments

x	an object from predict.mixcure
type	line type. The default is type = "l"
add	if add = FALSE (default), a plot is shown in a new graphics window. Otherwise, an existing window is used.
which	a vector of row numbers for which the survival probabilities will be drawn. The default is to draw the survival probabilities for all rows.
curemark	if curemark = TRUE, a line will be drawn at a height that is equal to the cure rate
conditional	if conditional = FALSE (default), the unconditional survival probabilities will be drawn. Otherwise, the survival probabilities of uncured subjects will be drawn.
xlab	the label for x axis
ylab	the label for y axis
ylim	the range for y axis
lty	the line types for survival curves from different groups
	other standard graphics parameters can be set here.

Details

This function plots survival probabilities for each row in newdata. The survival probabilities can be conditional probabilities for uncured subjects or unconditional survival probabilities, the latter will level off at estimated cure rates.

Value

a graphics window will be opened and drawn.

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

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See Also

mixcure predict.mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
plot(predict(mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant,
data = leukaemia), newdata = leukaemia[1, ], times = 0:2000))
```

predict.mixcure

Prediction method for mixture cure models

Description

This function computes the estimated survival probabilities and cure rates for given sets of covariate values using the fitted model from mixcure(). Each set of the covariates values is stored in one row of newdata. newdata must be a data frame containing all the covariates used in mixcure(). A used-supplied set of times at which the survival probabilities will be estimated must be provided in times.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mixcure'
predict(object, newdata, times, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of mixcure

newdata a data frame containing covariate values at which the survival and cure rate will

be estimated. It should contain all the covariates that are used to build object.

Prediction will be made for each row in newdata.

times a vector of times at which the survival probabilities are estimated

... for compatibility purpose. Not used.

Value

a list with the following components:

cure a matrix of 2 columns and the same number of rows as newdata. The first column

is uncure rates for the rows in newdata and the second column is cure rates for

the rows in newdata

uncuresurv a list with the number of components equal to the rows of newdata. Each com-

ponent is a vector of the estimated survival probabilities at times for a subject if

uncured

surv similar to uncuresurv except that the survival probabilities are the unconditional

survival probabilities

times a vector of times at which the survival probabilities will be predicted

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Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

See Also

mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
predict(mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant, data = leukaemia),
newdata = leukaemia[1, ], times = 0:2000)
```

print.mixcure

Print method for mixture cure models

Description

Print method for mixture cure models

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mixcure'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x a mixcure object

... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

See Also

mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
z1 = mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant, data = leukaemia,
savedata = TRUE)
print(z1)
```

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residuals.mixcure

Residuals for mixture cure models

Description

Obtain residuals for the mixture cure models

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mixcure'
residuals(
  object,
  data,
  type = c("WLCH", "Cox-Snell", "M-Cox-Snell", "Martingale", "M-Martingale", "M2",
        "M3", "D2"),
  type2 = c("residuals", "partial"),
  model = c("latency", "incidence"),
    ...
)
```

Arguments

object an object of mixcure

data the data used to obtain mixcure object.

type residuals type. WLCH is a modified residual proposed in Wileyto et al (2013).

The rest types of residuals are defined in the same way as in the classic survival

models.

type2 residual type, either "residuals" for regular residuals or "partial" for partial resid-

uals),

model if "latency" (default), residuals for latency model are generated. Otherwise,

"incidence" means that residuals for incidence model are generated.

... for compatibility purpose. Not used.

Details

This function computes residuals for the fitted model from mixcure().

Value

It is a list containing at least the following components:

type residuals type

residuals residuals of the model

Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

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References

Peng, Y. and Taylor, J. M. G. Residual-based model diagnosis methods for mixture cure models. Biometrics, 73:495–505, 2017

See Also

mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
residuals(mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant,
data = leukaemia), data = leukaemia, type = "Martingale")
```

summary.mixcure

Summary method for mixture cure models

Description

Summary function will calculate bootstrap variances of the estimates in a mixcure fit if it detects that the variances do not exist. Then it will print estimates, their standard errors, z-scores and p-values from normal distribution

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mixcure'
summary(object, R = 100, index = 1:2, ...)
```

Arguments

object A mixcure object

R the number of boot samples required to calculate bootstrap variances.

index An argument used in censboot function in boot package to specify the columns

in data that store survival times and censoring indicators

... other parameters to be passed into print function

Details

censboot in boot package is called to calculate bootstrap variances

Value

A modified mixcure object with extra components:

varboot a censboot object

stderr standard errors of parameters in mixcure
R the number of bootstrap samples used

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Author(s)

Yingwei Peng

See Also

mixcure

Examples

```
data(leukaemia)
# To reduce running time of this example, R is set to 2.
summary(mixcure(Surv(time, cens) ~ transplant, ~ transplant,
data = leukaemia, savedata = TRUE), R = 2)
```

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