

Package: mipplot (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title An Open-Source Tool for Visualization of Climate Mitigation Scenarios

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Description Generic functions to produce area/bar/box/line plots of data following IAMC (Integrated Assessment Modeling Consortium) submission format.

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add_credit_to_list_of_plot

Add credit text to plots

Description

Add credit text to a list of ggplot2 plot objects

Usage

```
add_credit_to_list_of_plot(list_of_plot)
```

Arguments

`list_of_plot` list of ggplot2 plot objects

Value

list of modified ggplot2 plot objects

`add_credit_to_plot` *Add credit text to a plot*

Description

Add credit text and project URL to a ggplot2 plot object

Usage

```
add_credit_to_plot(plot_object)
```

Arguments

`plot_object` ggplot2 plot object

Value

modified ggplot2 plot object

`ar5_db_sample_data` *Sample Dataset*

Description

A sample dataset of IAMC format

Usage

```
ar5_db_sample_data
```

Format

A tibble data.table with 25240 rows and 7 variables:

model model, categorical

scenario scenario, categorical

region region, ASIA, OECD90 or World

variable the name of simulated variable that changes over time

unit unit of a variable

period year

value the value of a variable

Source

<https://tntcat.iiasa.ac.at/AR5DB/dsd?Action=htmlpage&page=about>

ar5_db_sample_rule_table

Sample Rule Table

Description

A sample rule table

Usage

ar5_db_sample_rule_table

Format

A data frame of additivity rule.

Rule_ID rule id

Left_side name of left-side variable

Right_side name of right-side variable

Color_code hex color code

change_data_types_of_iamc_dataframe
change column data type in data-set

Description

change column data type in data-set to be able to be treated as an IAMC data-set.

Usage

`change_data_types_of_iamc_dataframe(iamc_data)`

Arguments

`iamc_data` data frame which has columns 'model', 'scenario', 'region', 'variable', 'period', 'unit'

Value

converted data-frame.

check_column_availability
check if the dataset has required fields of IAMC dataset

Description

if dataset has all required fields, then returns TRUE

Usage

`check_column_availability(iamc_data)`

Arguments

`iamc_data` IAMC data frame

Value

boolean flag

check_format_of_iamc_dataframe

check if the format of given data is valid as an IAMC dataset.

Description

check if the format of given data is valid as an IAMC dataset.

Usage

```
check_format_of_iamc_dataframe(iamc_data)
```

Arguments

iamc_data IAMC dataset in dataframe format

Value

TRUE if it is valid

correct_format_of_iamc_dataframe

correct data format of given IAMC data table

Description

Dataset in IAMC format rule is not rigid. This function corrects data types of columns in the dataset. If necessary columns is missing, it throws exception. Output object of this function is as follows:

type: data.table columns: model: factor scenario: factor region: factor variable: factor unit: factor period: double value: double

Usage

```
correct_format_of_iamc_dataframe(iamc_data)
```

Arguments

iamc_data IAMC dataset described above

Value

modified dataframe

generate_code_to_plot_area
generate code to reproduce area plot

Description

This function is called in the `mipplot_interactive_area()` and provides R code to reproduce the currently drawn plot. This function cannot be used out of reactive expression in Shiny.

Usage

```
generate_code_to_plot_area(  
  input,  
  name_of_input_data_variable,  
  name_of_input_rule_table_variable  
)
```

Arguments

`input` This is the same as the `input` argument in the `shiny:ui()`.
`name_of_input_data_variable` A string such as "ar5_sample_data".
`name_of_input_rule_table_variable` A string such as "ar5_sample_rule".

Value

A string representing the R code for rerun.

generate_code_to_plot_bar
generate code to reproduce bar plot

Description

This function is called in the `mipplot_interactive_bar()` and provides R code to reproduce the currently drawn plot. This function cannot be used out of reactive expression in Shiny.

Usage

```
generate_code_to_plot_bar(  
  input,  
  name_of_input_data_variable,  
  name_of_input_rule_table_variable  
)
```

Arguments

`input` This is the same as the input argument in the `shiny::ui()`.

`name_of_input_data_variable`
A string such as "ar5_sample_data".

`name_of_input_rule_table_variable`
A string such as "ar5_sample_rule".

Value

A string representing the R code for rerun.

`generate_code_to_plot_line`
generate code to reproduce line plot

Description

from 'input' argument generally used in reactive context in Shiny, this function generates R code to reproduce current plot. This function could not used out of reactive expression in Shiny.

Usage

```
generate_code_to_plot_line(input, name_of_iamc_data_variable = "D")
```

Arguments

`input` it is same as the argument of `shiny::ui()` this function accesses following attributes: - model - period - variable - scenario - region

`name_of_iamc_data_variable`
name of IAMC data variable

Value

R code

get_model_name_list *Get name list of models in IAMC formatted data frame*

Description

select name of models from the column "model" then make unique it. output is character vector such as, c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4")

Usage

```
get_model_name_list(D)
```

Arguments

D A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.

Value

A list of strings representing model names

get_scenario_name_list
Get name list of scenarios in IAMC formatted data frame

Description

select name of scenarios from the column "scenario" then make unique it. output is character vector such as, c("EMF27-450-Conv", "EMF27-450-FullTech", "EMF27-450-NoCCS", "EMF27-450-NucOff")

Usage

```
get_scenario_name_list(D)
```

Arguments

D A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.

Value

A list of strings representing scenario names

```
get_string_expression_of_vector_of_strings
```

Get expression of vector of string in string format

Description

To evaluate expression, get string of expression

Usage

```
get_string_expression_of_vector_of_strings(vector_of_strings)
```

Arguments

```
vector_of_strings
```

vector of strings, such as c("A", "B")

Value

An R code representing character vector

```
get_variable_group_name_list
```

Get variable-group-name list

Description

variable-group is a combination of one LHS and one or more RHS. this function outputs the list of names of variable-group in given rule-table. the format of return value is "LHS|RHS1,RHS2,RHS3,...".

Usage

```
get_variable_group_name_list(rule_table)
```

Arguments

```
rule_table
```

A rule table

Value

variable group name

Examples

```
get_variable_group_name_list(ar5_db_sample_rule_table)
```

`get_variable_name_list_in_variable_group`
Get variable name list in given variable-group

Description

Scan rule-table and extract variable names in given variable-group.

Usage

`get_variable_name_list_in_variable_group(group_name)`

Arguments

`group_name` `variable-group-name`

Value

A list of strings representing variable names

Examples

```
get_variable_name_list_in_variable_group(  
  "Final Energy|Industry,Residential and Commercial,Transportation")
```

`mipplot` *mipplot*

Description

Package contains generic functions to produce area/bar/box/line plots of data following IAMC submission format.

`mipplot_additivity_check`*check additivity of rules and data*

Description

This function is used for debugging a rule table and data-set. An input is a rule table and a data-set, the outputs are some area plots showing the divergence between the left-side variable and the sum of the right-side variables.

Usage

```
mipplot_additivity_check(D, R, max_n_plots = Inf, plot_all = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>D</code>	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce area plots.
<code>R</code>	A dataframe of data aggregation rules (meta data).
<code>max_n_plots</code>	The maximum number of output plots.
<code>plot_all</code>	set FALSE to plot only inconsistent combinations

Value

A list of area plots.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  mipplot_additivity_check(  
    ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table, max_n_plots = 10)  
}
```

`mipplot_additivity_check_bar`*Additivity check using bar plot*

Description

This function is used for debugging a rule table and data-set. An input is a rule table and a data-set, the outputs are some bar plots showing the divergence between the left-side variable and the sum of the right-side variables.

Usage

```
mipplot_additivity_check_bar(
  D,
  R,
  target_scenarios,
  target_rule_ids = 4,
  show_all_scenarios = FALSE,
  show_all_rule_ids = FALSE,
  debug = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

D A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce area plots.

R A dataframe of data aggregation rules (meta data).

target_scenarios A character vector of scenario names

target_rule_ids A list of rule id.

show_all_scenarios Set TRUE to show all scenarios.

show_all_rule_ids Set TRUE to show all rules.

debug Set TRUE if show intermediate dataframe using View function.

Value

A list of bar plots.

Examples

```
mipplot_additivity_check_bar(
  ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table,
  target_scenarios = c("EMF27-450-Conv", "EMF27-Base-NucOff"))
```

mipplot_area

Area plot from IAMC data

Description

Area plots using right-hand-side values of target additivity rule. The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions (two in this version).

Usage

```
mipplot_area(
  D,
  R,
  region = levels(D$region),
  scenario = levels(D$scenario),
  facet_x = NULL,
  facet_y = NULL,
  PRINT_OUT = FALSE,
  DEBUG = TRUE,
  fontsize = 20,
  color_code_specify = TRUE,
  one_hundred_percent_stacked = FALSE,
  axis_year_text_angle = 0,
  language = "en"
)
```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce area plots.
R	A dataframe of data aggregation rules (meta data).
region	A list of regions.
scenario	A list of scenario.
facet_x	facet_x
facet_y	facet_y
PRINT_OUT	set TRUE to generate PDF file.
DEBUG	set TRUE to show debug messages.
fontsize	font size of text.
color_code_specify	set FALSE if you apply default color palette.
one_hundred_percent_stacked	set TRUE if you want a graph of 100% stacked, set this to TRUE.
axis_year_text_angle	text angle of x axis
language	A string of language. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

A list of area plots.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
data_subset <- ar5_db_sample_data %>%
  filter(variable == "Emissions|CO2|Land Use") %>%
```

```

filter(model %in% c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4")) %>%
filter(2005 <= period) %>%
filter(period <= 2100)
mipplot_area(data_subset, ar5_db_sample_rule_table,
region = c("ASIA"),
scenario = c("EMF27-450-Conv"),
one_hundred_percent_stacked = FALSE,
axis_year_text_angle = 0,
language = 'en')

```

mipplot_autofill_color

Complementation of color scheme

Description

fill colors automatically

Usage

```
mipplot_autofill_color(rule_table_without_colors)
```

Arguments

rule_table_without_colors

Incomplete color specification rule table. It doesn't contain "Color_code" column.

Value

Complete color specification rule table. It is containing "Color_code" column. However, if color complementation can not be performed automatically, the return value is an incomplete color specification.

mipplot_bar

Bar plot from IAMC data

Description

Bar plots using right-hand-side values of target additivity rule. The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions.

Usage

```
mipplot_bar(
  D,
  R,
  region = levels(D$region),
  xby = "scenario",
  target_year = levels(as.factor(D$period)),
  facet_x = NULL,
  facet_y = NULL,
  PRINT_OUT = FALSE,
  DEBUG = TRUE,
  fontsize = 20,
  color_code_specify = TRUE,
  one_hundred_percent_stacked = FALSE,
  axis_scenario_text_angle = 0,
  language = "en"
)
```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce plots.
R	A dataframe of data aggregation rules (meta data).
region	A list of region.
xby	name of axis. the default setting is "scenario".
target_year	target year.
facet_x	facet_x
facet_y	facet_y
PRINT_OUT	set TRUE to generate A PDF file.
DEBUG	set TRUE to show debug messages.
fontsize	size of font in the output plot.
color_code_specify	set FALSE if you apply default color palette.
one_hundred_percent_stacked	set TRUE if you want a graph of 100% stacked, set this to TRUE.
axis_scenario_text_angle	text angle of x axis
language	A string of language. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

A list of bar plots.

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
data_subset <- ar5_db_sample_data %>%
  filter(variable == "Emissions|CO2|Land Use") %>%
  filter(model %in% c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4")) %>%
  filter(scenario %in% c("EMF27-450-Conv", "EMF27-450-FullTech"))

mipplot_bar(data_subset, ar5_db_sample_rule_table,
  region = c("ASIA"),
  target_year = 2005,
  one_hundred_percent_stacked = FALSE,
  axis_scenario_text_angle = 0,
  language = 'en')

```

mipplot_box

*Box plot from IAMC data***Description**

The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions

Usage

```

mipplot_box(
  D,
  region = levels(D$region),
  variable = levels(D$variable),
  target_year = levels(as.factor(D$period)),
  PRINT_OUT = FALSE,
  DEBUG = TRUE,
  language = "en"
)

```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce plots.
region	A list of regions.
variable	A list of variables.
target_year	target year.
PRINT_OUT	set TRUE to generate PDF file.
DEBUG	set TRUE to show debug messages.
language	A string of language. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

A list of box plots.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
data_subset <- ar5_db_sample_data %>%
  filter(variable == "Emissions|CO2|Land Use") %>%
  filter(model %in% c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4")) %>%
  filter(period == 2100) %>% filter(region == "OECD90")
mipplot_box(data_subset)
```

mipplot_default_color_palette

Default color palette.

Description

Default color palette.

Usage

```
mipplot_default_color_palette
```

Format

A default color palette object, which maps variable name (such as "Land Use") to hex color code.

mipplot_generate_color_mapper

Manual coloring

Description

Generate mapper from name of variable to name of color

Usage

```
mipplot_generate_color_mapper(raw_table, category_separator = "\\|")
```

Arguments

`raw_table` rule table which includes "Color_code" column.

`category_separator`

regular expression for separating right-hand-side variable name into categories.
For example: separator should be "|" for "Secondary Energy|Electricity|Coal"

Value

named list of named string vectors. for example,

```
result = list( "Emissions|CO2" = c( "Fossil Fuels and Industry" = "#17202a", "Land Use" = "#008000",
...), "Emissions|CO2|Fossil Fuels and Industry" = c( "Energy Demand" = "#444444", ... ),...
```

mipplot_interactive_additivity_check_bar

A function to launch interactive plot using Shiny

Description

A function to launch interactive plot for additivity check.

Usage

```
mipplot_interactive_additivity_check_bar(D, R, debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

D	A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.
R	A table with additivity rules.
debug	Set TRUE if table view is required.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
mipplot_interactive_additivity_check_bar(ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table)
}
```

`mipplot_interactive_area`*A function to launch interactive plotting session on Shiny*

Description

Provides gui to set plotting parameter for area plot.

Usage

```
mipplot_interactive_area(D, R, language = "en")
```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce area plots.
R	A dataframe of data aggregation rules (meta data).
language	A string of language for initial plot. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  mipplot_interactive_area(ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table)  
}
```

`mipplot_interactive_bar`*A function to launch interactive plot using Shiny*

Description

A function to launch interactive bar plot using right-hand-side values of target additivity rule. The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions

Usage

```
mipplot_interactive_bar(D, R, language = "en")
```

Arguments

D	A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.
R	A table with additivity rules.
language	A string of language for initial plot. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  mipplot_interactive_bar(ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table)  
}
```

mipplot_interactive_line

A function to launch interactive plot using Shiny

Description

A function to launch interactive line plot. The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions

Usage

```
mipplot_interactive_line(D, language = "en")
```

Arguments

D	A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.
language	A string of language for initial plot. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  mipplot_interactive_line(ar5_db_sample_data)  
}
```

 mipplot_interactive_plot_line

A function to launch interactive plot using Shiny

Description

A function to launch interactive plot using Shiny

Usage

```
mipplot_interactive_plot_line(D, R)
```

Arguments

D A quitte format dataframe of IAMC data to produce graph.
 R A table with additivity rules.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  mipplot_interactive_plot_line(ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table)
}
```

 mipplot_line

Line plot from IAMC data

Description

The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions

Usage

```
mipplot_line(
  D,
  region = levels(D$region),
  variable = levels(D$variable),
  colorby = "scenario",
  linetypeby = "model",
  shapeby = "model",
  scenario = levels(D$scenario),
```

```

facet_x = NULL,
facet_y = NULL,
legend = TRUE,
PRINT_OUT = FALSE,
DEBUG = TRUE,
axis_year_text_angle = 0,
language = "en",
max_scenarios = 15,
max_models = 15
)

```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce plots.
region	A list of regions.
variable	A list of variables.
colorby	an axis for color setting.
linetypeby	an axis for line type setting.
shapeby	an axis for shape setting.
scenario	A list of scenarios.
facet_x	facet_x
facet_y	facet_y
legend	set TRUE to plot legend. default is TRUE.
PRINT_OUT	set TRUE to generate PDF files.
DEBUG	set TRUE to show debug messages.
axis_year_text_angle	text angle of x axis
language	A string of language. Possible values are "en", "jp", "es", "zh-cn", "zh-tw". The default value is "en".
max_scenarios	Maximum number of scenarios to be shown. If legend is FALSE, this option is .
max_models	Maximum number of models to be shown. If legend is FALSE, this option is

Value

A list of line plots.

Examples

```

library(dplyr)
data_subset <- ar5_db_sample_data %>%
  filter( model %in% c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4") ) %>%
  filter(2005 <= period) %>%
  filter(period <= 2100)
mipplot_line(
  data_subset,

```

```

variable = c("Emissions|CO2"),
scenario = c("EMF27-450-Conv", "EMF27-450-FullTech", "EMF27-450-NoCCS"),
region = c("ASIA"),
legend = TRUE,
axis_year_text_angle = 0,
language = 'en')

```

mipplot_point

Point plot from IAMC data

Description

The function arguments include the input dataframe, labels for the plot/axes/legend, and faceting dimensions

Usage

```

mipplot_point(
  D,
  region = levels(D$region),
  variable = levels(D$variable),
  target_year = levels(as.factor(D$period)),
  colorby = "model",
  shapeby = "model",
  xby = "scenario",
  facetby = NULL,
  facet_x = NULL,
  facet_y = NULL,
  fontsize = 20,
  PRINT_OUT = FALSE,
  DEBUG = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

D	A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce plots.
region	A list of regions.
variable	A list of variables.
target_year	A list of target years.
colorby	An axis for color setting.
shapeby	An axis for shape setting.
xby	An axis for x locating setting.
facetby	facetby.
facet_x	facet_x.

facet_y	facet_y.
fontsize	font size.
PRINT_OUT	set TRUE to generate PDF image.
DEBUG	set TRUE to show debug messages.

Value

A list of point plots.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
data_subset <- ar5_db_sample_data %>%
  filter(variable == "Emissions|CO2|Land Use") %>%
  filter(model %in% c("AIM-Enduse 12.1", "GCAM 3.0", "IMAGE 2.4")) %>%
  filter(period == 2100) %>% filter(region == "OECD90")
mipplot_point(data_subset)
```

mipplot_print_pdf *Print list of plots to pdf file*

Description

This function plots a ggplot plots to PDF file.

Usage

```
mipplot_print_pdf(
  p_list1,
  filelabel = "",
  filename = tryCatch(file.choose(new = TRUE), error = function(e) { NA })
)
```

Arguments

p_list1	A list of ggplot plot.
filelabel	A string of prefix of output filename.
filename	A string of filename. If it is given, filelabel is ignored.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  p <- mipplot_area(ar5_db_sample_data, ar5_db_sample_rule_table,  
                   region = "World", scenario = "EMF27-450-FullTech")  
  mipplot_print_pdf(p)  
}
```

mipplot_read_iamc	<i>Read IAMC scenario input data.</i>
-------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Read scenario input data (in IAMC format) as tibble format dataframe.

Usage

```
mipplot_read_iamc(  
  filename = NULL,  
  sep = ",",  
  interactive = FALSE,  
  DEBUG = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

filename	Path to a file containing scenario data in IAMC format.
sep	A character indicating the separator used in the input file.
interactive	open a dialog for selecting file if interactive=TRUE.
DEBUG	experimental.

Value

A dataframe in tibble format ("model, scenario, variable, unit, period, value")

Examples

```
## Not run:  
mipplot_read_iamc("filename")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

mipplot_read_ruletab *Read file of rule table without ID number*

Description

Read table of additivity rule and adds column with id number.

Usage

```
mipplot_read_ruletab(R_without_id)
```

Arguments

R_without_id Path to a file containing data of additivity rule.

Value

A dataframe of additivity rule ("ID, Left_side, Right_side")

Examples

```
## Not run:  
mipplot_read_ruletab("filename")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

mipplot_return_table *Mutated table of SR15 Data*

Description

Mutated Table using filtered variable from the rule table The function arguments include the input dataframes: The SR15 dataset and the Rule Table and returns a mutated table with variable, value, model, scenario, region, period

Usage

```
mipplot_return_table(D, R)
```

Arguments

D A dataframe of IAMC data in tibble format to produce mutated table
R A dataframe of data aggregation rules

Value

Mutated Table of model,scenario,region,variable,unit,period,value

Examples

```
mipplot_return_table(sr15_sample_data, sr15_sample_conversion_rule_table)
```

```
mipplot_var_submission
      variable SUBMISSION CHECK
```

Description

Verify whether data of variables included in list template have been submitted.

Usage

```
mipplot_var_submission(D, V, na_name = "N/A")
```

Arguments

D	input data table
V	list of variables
na_name	string for N/A

Value

A dataframe representing variable availabilities.

```
read_iamc_xlsx      Read IAMC scenario input data in Excel format
```

Description

Read scenario input data (in IAMC format) as tibble format dataframe from Excel

Usage

```
read_iamc_xlsx(file_path, sheet = 2)
```

Arguments

file_path	Path to a file containing scenario data in IAMC format.
sheet	the index of sheet which contains records.

Value

A dataframe in tibble format ("model, scenario, variable, unit, period, value")

Examples

```
## Not run:  
read_iamc_xlsx("filename", sheet = 2)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

```
split_variable_into_positive_and_negative_parts  
Split variable into positive and negative parts
```

Description

Generally, the range of the input value of stacked chart is greater than or equal to zero. This function splits variable into positive and negative parts in order to include negative values to stacked chart.

Usage

```
split_variable_into_positive_and_negative_parts(  
  df_all,  
  domain_column_name,  
  variable_column_name,  
  value_column_name,  
  variable_name_converter = function(x) { paste(x, "_negative", sep = "") },  
  increment_of_domain_in_interpolation = 0.1  
)
```

Arguments

df_all	input data frame
domain_column_name	domain column name, such as year
variable_column_name	variable column name, such as 'coal'
value_column_name	value column name, such as 'val'
variable_name_converter	function which convert original variable name into its negative part name
increment_of_domain_in_interpolation	step size for interpolation

Value

modified data frame

sr15_sample_conversion_rule_table
Sample Conversion Rule Table

Description

A sample conversion rule table for mipplot_return_table.

Usage

sr15_sample_conversion_rule_table

Format

An object of class data.frame with 37 rows and 6 columns.

sr15_sample_data *Sample Dataset*

Description

A sample dataset of IAMC format consist of a subset of IPCC special report (Global Warming of 1.5°C, 2018).

Usage

sr15_sample_data

Format

A tibble data.table with 396425 rows and 7 variables:

model model, categorical

scenario scenario, categorical

region region, ASIA, OECD90 or World

variable the name of simulated variable that changes over time

unit unit of a variable

period year

value the value of a variable

Source

<https://data.ene.iiasa.ac.at/iamc-1.5c-explorer/>

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