

Package: laminr (via r-universe)

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Title Interface for 'LaminDB'

Version 0.2.0

Description Interact with 'LaminDB'. 'LaminDB' is an open-source data framework for biology. This package allows you to query and download data from 'LaminDB' instances.

License Apache License (>= 2)

URL <https://laminr.lamin.ai>, <https://github.com/laminlabs/laminr>

BugReports <https://github.com/laminlabs/laminr/issues>

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connect	<i>Connect to instance</i>
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Description

Note that prior to connecting to an instance, you need to authenticate with `lamin login`. If no slug is provided, the default instance is loaded, which is set by running `lamin connect <slug>`.

Usage

```
connect(slug = NULL)
```

Arguments

slug	The instance slug <code>account_handle/instance_name</code> or URL. If the instance is owned by you, it suffices to pass the instance name. If no slug is provided, the default instance is loaded.
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Examples

```
## Not run:
# first run 'lamin login' to authenticate
instance <- connect("laminlabs/cellxgene")
instance

## End(Not run)
```

Field	<i>Field</i>
-------	--------------

Description

A field in a registry.

Active bindings

type (character(1))

The type of the field.

through (list() or NULL)

The through value of the field.

field_name (character(1))

The field name.

registry_name (character(1))

The registry name.

column_name (character(1))

The column name.

module_name (character(1))

The module name.

is_link_table (logical(1))

Whether the field is a link table.

relation_type (character(1) or NULL)

The relation type. Can be one of: "one-to-many", "many-to-one", "many-to-many".

related_field_name (character(1) or NULL)

The related field name.

related_registry_name (character(1) or NULL)

The related registry name.

related_module_name (character(1) or NULL)

The related module name.

Methods

Public methods:

- [Field\\$new\(\)](#)
- [Field\\$print\(\)](#)
- [Field\\$to_string\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the [connect\(\)](#) function.

Usage:

```
Field$new(
  type,
  through,
  field_name,
  registry_name,
  column_name,
  module_name,
  is_link_table,
  relation_type,
  related_field_name,
  related_registry_name,
  related_module_name
)
```

Arguments:

type The type of the field. Can be one of: "IntegerField", "JSONField", "OneToOneField", "SmallIntegerField", "BigIntegerField", "AutoField", "BigAutoField", "BooleanField", "TextField", "DateTimeField", "ManyToManyField", "CharField", "ForeignKey"

through If the relation type is one-to-many, many-to-one, or many-to-many, This value will be a named list with keys 'left_key', 'right_key', 'link_table_name'.

field_name The name of the field in the registry. Example: "name".

registry_name The name of the registry. Example: "user".

column_name The name of the column in the database. Example: "name".

module_name The name of the module. Example: "core".

is_link_table Whether the field is a link table.

relation_type The type of relation. Can be NULL or one of: "one-to-one", "many-to-one", "many-to-many".

related_field_name The name of the related field in the related registry. Example: "name".

related_registry_name The name of the related registry. Example: "user".

related_module_name The name of the related module. Example: "core".

Method print(): Print a Field

Usage:

```
Field#print(style = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Method to_string(): Create a string representation of a Field

Usage:

```
Field$to_string(style = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A `cli::cli_ansi_string` if `style = TRUE` or a character vector

Instance	<i>Instance</i>
----------	-----------------

Description

Connect to a LaminDB instance using the `connect()` function. The instance object provides access to the modules and registries of the instance.

Details

Note that by connecting to an instance via `connect()`, you receive a "richer" version of the Instance class documented here, providing direct access to all core registries and additional modules. See the vignette on "Package Architecture" for more information: `vignette("architecture", package = "laminr")`.

Active bindings

`is_default` (logical(1))
Whether this is the default instance.

Methods

Public methods:

- `Instance$new()`
- `Instance$get_modules()`
- `Instance$get_module()`
- `Instance$get_module_names()`
- `Instance$get_settings()`
- `Instance$get_api()`
- `Instance$get_py_lamin()`
- `Instance$track()`
- `Instance$finish()`
- `Instance$print()`
- `Instance$to_string()`

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the `connect()` function.

Usage:

```
Instance$new(settings, api, schema, is_default, py_lamin)
```

Arguments:

`settings` The settings for the instance

`api` The API for the instance

`schema` The schema for the instance

`is_default` Logical, whether this is the default instance

py_lamin A Python lamindb module object

Method `get_modules()`: Get the modules for the instance.

Usage:

`Instance$get_modules()`

Returns: A list of [Module](#) objects.

Method `get_module()`: Get a module by name.

Usage:

`Instance$get_module(module_name)`

Arguments:

`module_name` The name of the module.

Returns: The [Module](#) object.

Method `get_module_names()`: Get the names of the modules. Example: `c("core", "bionty")`.

Usage:

`Instance$get_module_names()`

Returns: A character vector of module names.

Method `get_settings()`: Get instance settings.

Note: This method is intended for internal use only and may be removed in the future.

Usage:

`Instance$get_settings()`

Returns: The settings for the instance.

Method `get_api()`: Get instance API.

Note: This method is intended for internal use only and may be removed in the future.

Usage:

`Instance$get_api()`

Returns: The API for the instance.

Method `get_py_lamin()`: Get the Python lamindb module

Usage:

`Instance$get_py_lamin(check = FALSE, what = "This functionality")`

Arguments:

`check` Logical, whether to perform checks

`what` What the python module is being requested for, used in check messages

Returns: Python lamindb module.

Method `track()`: Start a run with tracked data lineage

Usage:

`Instance$track(transform = NULL, path = NULL)`

Arguments:

transform UID specifying the data transformation
path Path to the R script or document to track

Details: Calling track() with transform = NULL with return a UID, providing that UID with the same path with start a run

Method finish(): Finish a tracked run

Usage:

```
Instance$finish()
```

Method print(): Print an Instance

Usage:

```
Instance$print(style = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Method to_string(): Create a string representation of an Instance

Usage:

```
Instance$to_string(style = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A cli::cli_ansi_string if style = TRUE or a character vector

Examples

```
## Not run:  
# Connect to an instance  
db <- connect("laminlabs/cellxgene")  
  
# fetch an artifact  
artifact <- db$Artifact$get("KBW89Mf7IGcekja2hADu")  
  
# describe the artifact  
artifact$describe()  
  
# view field  
artifact$id  
  
# load dataset  
artifact$load()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

Module

Module

Description

A LaminDB module containing one or more registries.

Active bindings

name (character(1))
Get the name of the module.

Methods

Public methods:

- [Module\\$new\(\)](#)
- [Module\\$get_registries\(\)](#)
- [Module\\$get_registry\(\)](#)
- [Module\\$get_registry_names\(\)](#)
- [Module\\$print\(\)](#)
- [Module\\$to_string\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the [connect\(\)](#) function.

Usage:

```
Module$new(instance, api, module_name, module_schema)
```

Arguments:

`instance` The instance the module belongs to.
`api` The API for the instance.
`module_name` The name of the module.
`module_schema` The schema of the module.

Method `get_registries()`: Get the registries in the module.

Usage:

```
Module$get_registries()
```

Returns: A list of [Registry](#) objects.

Method `get_registry()`: Get a registry by name.

Usage:

```
Module$get_registry(registry_name)
```

Arguments:

`registry_name` The name of the registry.

Returns: A [Registry](#) object.

Method `get_registry_names()`: Get the names of the registries in the module. E.g. `c("User", "Artifact")`.

Usage:

`Module$get_registry_names()`

Returns: A character vector of registry names.

Method `print()`: Print a Module

Usage:

`Module$print(style = TRUE)`

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes.

Method `to_string()`: Create a string representation of a Module

Usage:

`Module$to_string(style = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A `cli::cli_ansi_string` if `style = TRUE` or a character vector

Record

Record

Description

A record from a registry.

Methods

Public methods:

- [Record\\$new\(\)](#)
- [Record\\$delete\(\)](#)
- [Record\\$print\(\)](#)
- [Record\\$to_string\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the [connect\(\)](#) function.

Usage:

`Record$new(instance, registry, api, data)`

Arguments:

`instance` The instance the record belongs to.

`registry` The registry the record belongs to.

`api` The API for the instance.

data The data for the record.

Method delete(): Delete a Record

Usage:

Record\$delete(verbose = FALSE)

Arguments:

verbose Whether to print details of the API call

Returns: TRUE invisibly if the deletion is successful

Method print(): Print a Record

Usage:

Record\$print(style = TRUE)

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Method to_string(): Create a string representation of a Record

Usage:

Record\$to_string(style = FALSE)

Arguments:

style Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A cli::cli_ansi_string if style = TRUE or a character vector

Registry

Registry

Description

A registry in a module.

Active bindings

module ([Module](#))

The instance the registry belongs to.

name (character(1))

The API for the instance.

class_name (character(1))

The class name for the registry.

is_link_table (logical(1))

Whether the registry is a link table.

Methods**Public methods:**

- `Registry$new()`
- `Registry$get()`
- `Registry$df()`
- `Registry$from_df()`
- `Registry$from_path()`
- `Registry$from_anndata()`
- `Registry$get_fields()`
- `Registry$get_field()`
- `Registry$get_field_names()`
- `Registry$get_record_class()`
- `Registry$get_temporary_record_class()`
- `Registry$print()`
- `Registry$to_string()`

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the `connect()` function.

Usage:

```
Registry$new(instance, module, api, registry_name, registry_schema)
```

Arguments:

`instance` The instance the registry belongs to.

`module` The module the registry belongs to.

`api` The API for the instance.

`registry_name` The name of the registry.

`registry_schema` The schema for the registry.

Method `get()`: Get a record by ID or UID.

Usage:

```
Registry$get(id_or_uid, include_foreign_keys = FALSE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`id_or_uid` The ID or UID of the record.

`include_foreign_keys` Logical, whether to include foreign keys in the record.

`verbose` Logical, whether to print verbose output.

Returns: A `Record` object.

Method `df()`: Get a data frame summarising records in the registry

Usage:

```
Registry$df(limit = 100, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`limit` Maximum number of records to return

`verbose` Boolean, whether to print progress messages

Returns: A data.frame containing the available records

Method `from_df()`: Create a record from a data frame

Usage:

```
Registry$from_df(dataframe, key = NULL, description = NULL, run = NULL)
```

Arguments:

`dataframe` The data.frame to create a record from

`key` A relative path within the default storage

`description` A string describing the record

`run` A Run object that creates the record

Details: Creating records is only possible for the default instance, requires the Python lamindb module and is only implemented for the core Artifact registry.

Returns: A TemporaryRecord object containing the new record. This is not saved to the database until `temp_record$save()` is called.

Method `from_path()`: Create a record from a path

Usage:

```
Registry$from_path(path, key = NULL, description = NULL, run = NULL)
```

Arguments:

`path` Path to create a record from

`key` A relative path within the default storage

`description` A string describing the record

`run` A Run object that creates the record

Details: Creating records is only possible for the default instance, requires the Python lamindb module and is only implemented for the core Artifact registry.

Returns: A TemporaryRecord object containing the new record. This is not saved to the database until `temp_record$save()` is called.

Method `from_anndata()`: Create a record from an AnnData

Usage:

```
Registry$from_anndata(adata, key = NULL, description = NULL, run = NULL)
```

Arguments:

`adata` The `anndata::AnnData` object to create a record from

`key` A relative path within the default storage

`description` A string describing the record

`run` A Run object that creates the record

Details: Creating records is only possible for the default instance, requires the Python lamindb module and is only implemented for the core Artifact registry.

Returns: A TemporaryRecord object containing the new record. This is not saved to the database until `temp_record$save()` is called.

Method `get_fields()`: Get the fields in the registry.

Usage:

```
Registry$get_fields()
```

Returns: A list of [Field](#) objects.

Method `get_field()`: Get a field by name.

Usage:

```
Registry$get_field(field_name)
```

Arguments:

`field_name` The name of the field.

Returns: A [Field](#) object.

Method `get_field_names()`: Get the field names in the registry.

Usage:

```
Registry$get_field_names()
```

Returns: A character vector of field names.

Method `get_record_class()`: Get the record class for the registry.

Note: This method is intended for internal use only and may be removed in the future.

Usage:

```
Registry$get_record_class()
```

Returns: A [Record](#) class.

Method `get_temporary_record_class()`: Get the temporary record class for the registry.

Note: This method is intended for internal use only and may be removed in the future.

Usage:

```
Registry$get_temporary_record_class()
```

Returns: A `TemporaryRecord` class.

Method `print()`: Print a Registry

Usage:

```
Registry$print(style = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A character vector

Method `to_string()`: Create a string representation of a Registry

Usage:

```
Registry$to_string(style = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A `cli::cli_ansi_string` if `style = TRUE` or a character vector

RelatedRecords	<i>RelatedRecords</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

A container for accessing records with a one-to-many or many-to-many relationship.

Methods

Public methods:

- [RelatedRecords\\$new\(\)](#)
- [RelatedRecords\\$df\(\)](#)
- [RelatedRecords\\$print\(\)](#)
- [RelatedRecords\\$to_string\(\)](#)

Method `new()`: Creates an instance of this R6 class. This class should not be instantiated directly, but rather by connecting to a LaminDB instance using the [connect\(\)](#) function.

Usage:

```
RelatedRecords$new(instance, registry, field, related_to, api)
```

Arguments:

`instance` The instance the records list belongs to.

`registry` The registry the records list belongs to.

`field` The field associated with the records list.

`related_to` ID or UID of the parent that records are related to.

`api` The API for the instance.

Method `df()`: Get a data frame summarising records in the registry

Usage:

```
RelatedRecords$df(limit = 100, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`limit` Maximum number of records to return

`verbose` Boolean, whether to print progress messages

Returns: A data.frame containing the available records

Method `print()`: Print a RelatedRecords

Usage:

```
RelatedRecords$print(style = TRUE)
```

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Method `to_string()`: Create a string representation of a RelatedRecords

Usage:

`RelatedRecords$to_string(style = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`style` Logical, whether the output is styled using ANSI codes

Returns: A `cli::cli_ansi_string` if `style = TRUE` or a character vector

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