

Package: gmwmx2 (via r-universe)

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Title Estimate Functional and Stochastic Parameters of Linear Models
with Correlated Residuals and Missing Data

Version 0.0.5

Description Implements the Generalized Method of Wavelet Moments with Exogenous Inputs estimator (GMWMX) presented in Voirol, L., Xu, H., Zhang, Y., Insolia, L., Molinari, R. and Guerrier, S. (2024) <[doi:10.48550/arXiv.2409.05160](https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.2409.05160)>. The GMWMX estimator allows to estimate functional and stochastic parameters of linear models with correlated residuals in presence of missing data. The 'gmwmx2' package provides functions to load and plot Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) data from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory and functions to estimate linear model with correlated residuals in presence of missing data.

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+.sum_model *Add to a sum_model object*

Description

Add to a `sum_model` object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sum_model'  
e1 + e2
```

Arguments

e1 Left operand.
e2 Right operand.

Value

A `sum_model`.

Examples

```
m1 <- wn(sigma2 = 1)  
m2 <- ar1(phi = 0.8, sigma2 = 0.5)  
m3 <- pl(kappa = 0.3, sigma2 = 2)  
model <- (m1 + m2) + m3
```

+.time_series_model *Add to a time_series_model object*

Description

Combines `time_series_model` and/or `sum_model` into a `sum_model`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'time_series_model'  
e1 + e2
```

Arguments

e1 Left operand.
e2 Right operand.

Value

A `sum_model`.

Examples

```
m1 <- wn(sigma2 = 1)
m2 <- ar1(phi = 0.8, sigma2 = 0.5)
model <- m1 + m2
model
```

ar1

AR(1) process (`time_series_model`)

Description

Constructs a `time_series_model` for a stationary AR(1) process with parameter `phi` and innovation variance `sigma2`. The model is $X_t = \phi X_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$, $\varepsilon_t \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$. The autocovariance is $\gamma(h) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+h}) = \frac{\sigma^2}{1-\phi^2} \phi^{|h|}$.

Usage

```
ar1(phi = NULL, sigma2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>phi</code>	AR(1) coefficient in (-1, 1).
<code>sigma2</code>	Innovation variance (> 0).

Value

A `time_series_model` object.

Examples

```
mod <- ar1(phi = 0.8, sigma2 = 1)
mod
```

df_estimated_velocities_gmwmx

Estimated northward and eastward velocity and their standard deviation using the GMWMX estimator

Description

Estimated northward and eastward velocity and standard deviation for a subset of 1202 GNSS station with more than 10 years of daily data.

Usage

df_estimated_velocities_gmwmx

Format

A data frame with 1202 rows and 12 variables:

station_name Name of the GNSS station.

estimated_trend_N Estimated northward velocity trend (in meters per day).

std_estimated_trend_N Standard deviation of the estimated northward velocity trend.

estimated_trend_E Estimated eastward velocity trend (in meters per day).

std_estimated_trend_E Standard deviation of the estimated eastward velocity trend.

length_signal Length of the signal (in days).

estimated_trend_N_scaled Scaled estimated northward velocity trend (multiplying by 365.25 for yearly values).

std_estimated_trend_N_scaled Scaled standard deviation of the estimated northward velocity trend.

estimated_trend_E_scaled Scaled estimated eastward velocity trend (multiplying by 365.25 for yearly values).

std_estimated_trend_E_scaled Scaled standard deviation of the estimated eastward velocity trend.

latitude Latitude of the GNSS station.

longitude Longitude of the GNSS station.

download_all_stations_ngl

Download all stations name and location from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory

Description

Download all stations name and location from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory

Usage

```
download_all_stations_ngl(verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`verbose` A boolean that controls the level of detail in the output of the wget command used to load data. Default is FALSE.

Value

Return a data.frame with all stations name, latitude, longitude and heights.

Examples

```
df_all_stations <- download_all_stations_ngl()
head(df_all_stations)
```

download_estimated_velocities_ngl

Download estimated velocities using the MIDAS estimator provided by the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory for all stations.

Description

Download estimated velocities using the MIDAS estimator provided by the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory for all stations.

Usage

```
download_estimated_velocities_ngl(verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`verbose` A boolean that controls the level of detail in the output of the wget command used to load data. Default is FALSE.

Value

Return a `data.frame` with all stations name, information about the time series for each station, estimated velocities and estimated standard deviation of the estimated velocities.

Examples

```
df_estimated_velocities <- download_estimated_velocities_ngl()
head(df_estimated_velocities)
```

`download_station_ngl` *Download GNSS position time series and steps reference from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory with IGS14 or IGS20 reference frame.*

Description

Download GNSS position time series and steps reference from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory with IGS14 or IGS20 reference frame.

Usage

```
download_station_ngl(station_name, verbose = FALSE, reference_frame = "IGS20")
```

Arguments

`station_name` A string specifying the station name.

`verbose` A boolean that controls the level of detail in the output of the `wget` command used to load data. Default is `FALSE`.

`reference_frame` A string with value either "IGS14" or "IGS20" that specify which reference frame to use. Default is "IGS20".

Value

A list of class `gnss_ts_ngl` that contains three `data.frame`: The `data.frame` `df_position` which contains the position time series extracted from the `.tenv3` file available from the Nevada Geodetic Laboratory, the `data.frame` `df_equipment_software_changes` which specify the equipment or software changes for that stations and the `data.frame` `df_earthquakes` that specify the earthquakes associated with that station.

Examples

```
station_1LSU <- download_station_ngl("1LSU")
attributes(station_1LSU)
```

flicker

Flicker noise process (time_series_model)

Description

Constructs a `time_series_model` for flicker noise with variance `sigma2`. The process has spectral density $S(f) \propto \frac{1}{|f|}$. Hence, $\kappa = -1$ (Bos et al., 2008). The process is non-stationary and its covariance matrix is assumed to be given by

$$\mathbf{C} = \sigma^2 \mathbf{U}^\top \mathbf{U},$$

where $\mathbf{U} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times N}$ is an upper-triangular Toeplitz matrix with entries

$$U_{i,j} = \begin{cases} h_{j-i}, & j \geq i, \\ 0, & j < i, \end{cases} \quad i, j = 1, \dots, N.$$

The coefficients $\{h_i\}_{i \geq 0}$ define a causal linear filter and are given recursively by

$$h_0 = 1, \quad h_i = \left(i - \frac{\kappa}{2} - 1\right) \frac{h_{i-1}}{i}, \quad i > 0.$$

Usage

```
flicker(sigma2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

`sigma2` Innovation variance (> 0).

Value

A `time_series_model` object.

References

Bos MS, Fernandes RMS, Williams SDP, Bastos L (2008). "Fast error analysis of continuous GPS observations." *Journal of Geodesy*, 82, 157-166.

Examples

```
mod <- flicker(sigma2 = 1)
mod
```

generate	<i>Generate a time series from a time_series_model or sum_model object</i>
----------	--

Description

Generate a time series from a `time_series_model` or `sum_model` object

Usage

```
generate(object, n, seed = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A <code>time_series_model</code> or <code>sum_model</code> .
n	Length of series to generate.
seed	Optional integer seed for reproducibility.
...	Passed to method.

Value

A `generated_time_series` (single model) or `generated_composite_model_time_series` (sum model).

Examples

```
# Single model
m1 <- ar1(phi = 0.8, sigma2 = 1)
y1 <- generate(m1, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(y1)

# Composite model
m2 <- wn(sigma2 = 1) + pl(kappa = 0.3, sigma2 = 2)
y2 <- generate(m2, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(y2)
```

gmwm2	<i>GMWM estimator</i>
-------	-----------------------

Description

Implements the Generalized Method of Wavelet Moments (GMWM) estimator to fit a `time_series_model`, a `sum_model` or a numeric vector.

Usage

```
gmwm2(x, model, omega = NULL, method = "L-BFGS-B", control = list(), ...)
```

Arguments

x	Numeric vector, or a generated_time_series/generated_composite_model_time_series object (its series is used).
model	A time_series_model or sum_model.
omega	Optional weighting matrix. If NULL, a default based on the empirical WV confidence intervals is used.
method	Optimization method passed to stats::optim.
control	Optional list of control parameters for stats::optim.
...	Additional arguments passed to stats::optim.

Details

The GMWM estimator solves a weighted least-squares criterion of the form

$$\{\hat{\nu} - \nu(\theta)\}^T \Omega \{\hat{\nu} - \nu(\theta)\}$$

where $\hat{\nu}$ denotes the empirical wavelet variance and $\nu(\theta)$ the corresponding theoretical wavelet variance implied by the model parameters θ . The weighting matrix Ω defaults to a diagonal matrix with entries proportional to the inverse squared width of the empirical WV asymptotic confidence intervals. Provide omega to use a custom weighting (e.g., from a theoretical covariance).

Value

An object of class gmwm2_fit with elements: theta_hat (real space), theta_domain (constrained space), model, empirical_wvar, theoretical_wvar, optim, and n.

References

Guerrier, S., Skaloud, J., Stebler, Y., and Victoria-Feser, M.-P. (2013). Wavelet-variance-based estimation for composite stochastic processes. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 108(503), 1021-1030. doi:10.1080/01621459.2013.799920.

Examples

```
n = 10000
mod = wn(20) + ar1(phi = .995, sigma2 = .2)
y = generate(mod, n = n, seed = 123)
plot(y)
fit = gmwm2(y, model = wn() + ar1())
fit
plot(fit)
```

gmwmx2

*GMWMX estimator***Description**

Dispatches either to the generic regression interface (design matrix + response) or to a `gnss_ts_ngl` workflow.

Convenience wrapper that selects the missing or non-missing implementation based on the presence of NA values in `y`.

Usage

```
gmwmx2(X, ...)

## Default S3 method:
gmwmx2(X, y, model, omega = NULL, method = "L-BFGS-B", control = list(), ...)

## S3 method for class 'gnss_ts_ngl'
gmwmx2(
  X,
  n_seasonal = 2,
  vec_earthquakes_relaxation_time = NULL,
  component = NULL,
  model = NULL,
  omega = NULL,
  method = "L-BFGS-B",
  control = list(),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>X</code>	A <code>gnss_ts_ngl</code> object (GNSS time-series interface).
<code>...</code>	Reserved for future extensions.
<code>y</code>	Response vector for a generic regression interface.
<code>model</code>	Stochastic model specification.
<code>omega</code>	Optional weighting matrix. If <code>NULL</code> , uses inverse CI width.
<code>method</code>	Optimization method passed to <code>stats::optim</code> .
<code>control</code>	Control list passed to <code>stats::optim</code> .
<code>n_seasonal</code>	Number of seasonal signals.
<code>vec_earthquakes_relaxation_time</code>	Relaxation time for each earthquake.
<code>component</code>	Component to estimate ("N", "E", or "V").

Value

A fitted model object.
 A fitted model object.
 A fitted model object.

markov_two_states	<i>Markov two-state missingness model</i> (missingness_model)
-------------------	---

Description

Constructs a `missingness_model` representing a two-state Markov process for missing/observed indicators. The process takes values in $\{0, 1\}$, where 1 indicates observed and 0 indicates missing.

Usage

```
markov_two_states(p1 = NULL, p2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

p1	Transition probability from observed (1) to missing (0).
p2	Transition probability from missing (0) to observed (1).

Value

A `missingness_model` object.

Examples

```
mod <- markov_two_states(p1 = 0.05, p2 = 0.95)
mod
z <- generate(mod, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(z)
```

matern	<i>Matern process</i> (time_series_model)
--------	---

Description

Constructs a `time_series_model` for a Matern covariance process with variance `sigma2`, range `lambda`, and smoothness `alpha`. The autocovariance is $\gamma(h) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+h}) = \frac{2\sigma^2}{\Gamma(\alpha-1/2)2^{\alpha-1/2}} |\lambda h|^{\alpha-1/2} \mathcal{K}_{|\alpha-1/2|}(|\lambda h|)$ where $\mathcal{K}_\omega(x)$ is the modified Bessel function of the second kind of order ω .

Usage

```
matern(sigma2 = NULL, lambda = NULL, alpha = NULL)
```

Arguments

sigma2	Marginal variance (> 0).
lambda	Range/scale parameter (> 0).
alpha	Smoothness parameter in (1/2, 10).

Value

A `time_series_model` object.

References

Lilly JM, Sykulski AM, Early JJ, Olhede SC (2017). "Fractional Brownian motion, the Matérn process, and stochastic modeling of turbulent dispersion." *Nonlinear Processes in Geophysics*, 24(3), 481-514.

Examples

```
mod <- matern(sigma2 = 1, lambda = 0.2, alpha = 1.0)
mod
```

pl *Stationary Power-Law process (time_series_model)*

Description

Constructs a `time_series_model` representing a stationary power-law process with parameters κ and σ^2 . In the frequency domain, a power-law process is often described by a spectrum $P(f) = P_0 f^\kappa$ (Bos et al., 2008), where f is the frequency, P_0 is a constant and κ is the spectral index. Note that we use the convention that the power spectral density satisfies $P(f) \propto |f|^\kappa$, where $\kappa > -1$ ensures second-order stationarity. This corresponds to the alternative notation $P(f) \propto |f|^{-\alpha}$ with $\alpha = -\kappa$. The autocovariance $\gamma(h) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+h})$ used here (Hosking, 1981) is $\gamma(0) = \sigma^2 \frac{\Gamma(1+\kappa)}{\Gamma(1+\kappa/2)^2}$, and for $h > 0$ $\gamma(h) = \frac{-\kappa/2+h-1}{\kappa/2+h} \gamma(h-1)$.

Usage

```
pl(kappa = NULL, sigma2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

kappa	Power-law parameter in (-1, 1).
sigma2	Process variance (> 0).

Value

A `time_series_model` object.

References

Bos MS, Fernandes RMS, Williams SDP, Bastos L (2008). "Fast error analysis of continuous GPS observations." *Journal of Geodesy*, 82, 157-166.

Hosking JRM (1981). "Fractional differencing." *Biometrika*, 68(1), 165-176.

Examples

```
mod <- pl(kappa = -0.5, sigma2 = 2)
mod
```

```
plot.generated_composite_model_time_series
      Plot a generated_composite_model_time_series object
```

Description

Produces stacked line plots for each component and the sum for a `generated_composite_model_time_series` object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'generated_composite_model_time_series'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A <code>generated_composite_model_time_series</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>plot()</code> .

Value

Invisibly returns x.

Examples

```
m2 <- wn(sigma2 = 1) + ar1(phi = 0.8, sigma2 = 0.5)
y2 <- generate(m2, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(y2)
```

```
plot.generated_missingness
    Plot a generated_missingness object
```

Description

Produces a step plot for a generated_missingness object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'generated_missingness'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x          A generated_missingness.
...        Additional arguments passed to plot().
```

Value

Invisibly returns x.

Examples

```
m0 <- markov_two_states(p1 = 0.05, p2 = 0.9)
z0 <- generate(m0, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(z0)
```

```
plot.generated_time_series
    Plot a generated_time_series object
```

Description

Produces a single line plot for a generated_time_series object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'generated_time_series'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x          A generated_time_series.
...        Additional arguments passed to plot().
```

Value

Invisibly returns `x`.

Examples

```
m1 <- wn(sigma2 = 1)
y1 <- generate(m1, n = 200, seed = 123)
plot(y1)
```

`plot.gmwm2_fit` *Plot method for a gmwm2_fit object*

Description

Plots empirical wavelet variance with the fitted theoretical curve and, for sum models, component-implied theoretical curves.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gmwm2_fit'
plot(
  x,
  show_ci = TRUE,
  col_emp = "black",
  col_theo = "darkorange",
  col_ci = "#e6f7fb",
  lwd = 2,
  pch_emp = 16,
  pch_theo = 21,
  cex_theo = 1.4,
  legend_pos = "auto",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A <code>gmwm2_fit</code> object.
<code>show_ci</code>	Logical; if TRUE and available, show empirical CI bars.
<code>col_emp</code>	Color for empirical WV points/line.
<code>col_theo</code>	Color for theoretical WV line.
<code>col_ci</code>	Color for empirical WV CI band.
<code>lwd</code>	Line width for theoretical curve.
<code>pch_emp</code>	Plotting character for empirical points.
<code>pch_theo</code>	Plotting character for theoretical points.
<code>cex_theo</code>	Size for theoretical points.
<code>legend_pos</code>	Legend position (e.g., "topleft") or "auto".
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>plot()</code> .

Value

The input object, invisibly.

Examples

```
n = 10000
mod = wn(20) + ar1(phi = .995, sigma2 = .2)
y = generate(mod, n = n, seed = 123)
plot(y)
fit = gmwm2(y, model = wn() + ar1() )
fit
plot(fit)
```

`plot.gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl`

Plot a gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object

Description

Plot a gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` A gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object.
`...` Additional graphical parameters.

Value

No return value. Plot a gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object.

Examples

```
# station_data = gmwmx2::download_station_ngl("1LSU")
# fit station with WN and PL
# fit1 <- gmwmx2(
#   station_data,
#   n_seasonal = 2,
#   model = wn() + pl(), component = "N"
# )
# fit1
# plot(fit1)
```

```
plot.gnss_ts_ngl      Plot a gnss_ts_ngl object
```

Description

Plot a gnss_ts_ngl object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gnss_ts_ngl'
plot(x, component = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A gnss_ts_ngl object.
component	A string with value either "N", "E" or "V" that specify which component to plot (Northing, Easting or Vertical).
...	Additional graphical parameters.

Value

No return value. Plot a gnss_ts_ngl object.

Examples

```
station_1LSU <- download_station_ngl("1LSU")
plot(station_1LSU)
plot(station_1LSU, component = "N")
plot(station_1LSU, component = "E")
plot(station_1LSU, component = "V")
```

```
print.gmwm2_fit      Print method for a gmwm2_fit object
```

Description

Print method for a gmwm2_fit object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gmwm2_fit'
print(x, digits = 4, show_initial_parameters = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A gmwm2_fit object.
digits	Significant digits for printing.
show_initial_parameters	Logical; if TRUE, also show the initial parameters used for optimization.
...	Unused.

Value

The input object, invisibly.

Examples

```
n = 10000
mod = wn(20) + ar1(phi = .995, sigma2 = .2)
y = generate(mod, n = n, seed = 123)
plot(y)
fit = gmwm2(y, model = wn() + ar1() )
fit
```

print.gmwm2_fit *Print method for a gmwm2_fit object*

Description

Displays a table of regression coefficients with standard errors and summarizes the fitted stochastic model with estimated parameters.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gmwm2_fit'
print(x, digits = 4, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A gmwm2_fit object.
digits	Significant digits to display.
...	Passed to print methods.

Value

The input object, invisibly.

```
print.gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl
```

Print method for a gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object

Description

Displays regression coefficients with standard errors and confidence intervals, along with the fitted stochastic and missingness models.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl'
print(x, digits = 4, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A gmwmx2_fit_gnss_ts_ngl object.
digits	Significant digits to display.
...	Passed to print methods.

Value

The input object, invisibly.

```
rw
```

Random walk process (time_series_model)

Description

Constructs a `time_series_model` for a random walk with innovation variance `sigma2`. The auto-covariance returned is the mean of the diagonal and super-diagonals of the covariance matrix. The model is $X_t = X_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$, $\varepsilon_t \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$.

Usage

```
rw(sigma2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

sigma2	Innovation variance (> 0).
--------	----------------------------

Value

A `time_series_model` object.

Examples

```
mod <- rw(sigma2 = 1)
mod
```

wn	<i>White noise process</i> (time_series_model)
----	--

Description

Constructs a time_series_model for white noise with variance sigma2. The process is defined as $X_t \stackrel{\text{i.i.d.}}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2)$ with autocovariance $\gamma(h) = \text{cov}(X_t, X_{t+h}) = \sigma^2 \mathbf{1}\{h = 0\}$

Usage

```
wn(sigma2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

sigma2 Innovation variance (> 0).

Value

A time_series_model object.

Examples

```
mod <- wn(sigma2 = 1)
mod
```

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