

Package: geocomplexity (via r-universe)

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Title Mitigating Spatial Bias Through Geographical Complexity

Version 0.2.0

Description The geographical complexity of individual variables can be characterized by the differences in local attribute variables, while the common geographical complexity of multiple variables can be represented by fluctuations in the similarity of vectors composed of multiple variables. In spatial regression tasks, the goodness of fit can be improved by incorporating a geographical complexity representation vector during modeling, using a geographical complexity-weighted spatial weight matrix, or employing local geographical complexity kernel density. Similarly, in spatial sampling tasks, samples can be selected more effectively by using a method that weights based on geographical complexity. By optimizing performance in spatial regression and spatial sampling tasks, the spatial bias of the model can be effectively reduced.

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Encoding UTF-8

URL <https://ausgis.github.io/geocomplexity/>,
<https://github.com/ausgis/geocomplexity>

BugReports <https://github.com/ausgis/geocomplexity/issues>

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports dplyr, magrittr, purrr, sdsfun, sf, stats, terra, tibble

Suggests ggplot2, knitr, Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, rmarkdown, viridis

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation yes

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geocd_raster	<i>geocomplexity for spatial raster data based on spatial dependence</i>
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Description

This function calculates geocomplexity for spatial raster data based on spatial dependence.

Usage

```
geocd_raster(r, order = 1, normalize = TRUE, method = "moran")
```

Arguments

r	SpatRaster object or can be converted to SpatRaster by terra::rast().
order	(optional) The order of the adjacency object. Default is 1.
normalize	(optional) Whether to further normalizes the calculated geocomplexity. Default is TRUE.
method	(optional) In instances where the method is moran, geocomplexity is determined using local moran measure method. Conversely, when the method is spvar, the spatial variance of attribute data serves to characterize geocomplexity. For all other methods, the shannon information entropy of attribute data is employed to represent geocomplexity. The selection of the method can be made from any one of the three options: moran, spvar or entropy. Default is moran.

Value

A SpatRaster object

Note

In contrast to the `geocd_vector()` function, the `geocd_raster()` performs operations internally on raster data based on neighborhood operations(focal) without providing additional `wt` object.

References

Zehua Zhang, Yongze Song, Peng Luo & Peng Wu (2023) Geocomplexity explains spatial errors, International Journal of Geographical Information Science, 37:7, 1449-1469, DOI: 10.1080/13658816.2023.2203212

Anselin, L. (2019). A local indicator of multivariate spatial association: Extending geary's c. Geographical Analysis, 51(2), 133–150. <https://doi.org/10.1111/gean.12164>

Examples

```
library(terra)
m = matrix(c(3,3,3,3,1,3,
            3,3,3,2,1,2,
            3,3,3,1,2,1,
            1,3,2,2,2,2,
            2,2,2,1,1,2,
            1,2,1,1,1,1),
          nrow = 6,
          byrow = TRUE)
m = rast(m)
names(m) = 'sim'
plot(m, col = c("#d2eaac", "#a3dae1", "#8cc1e1"))
gc1 = geocd_raster(m,1)
gc2 = geocd_raster(m,2)
gc1
plot(gc1)
gc2
plot(gc2)
```

<code>geocd_swm</code>	<i>constructing spatial weight matrix based on geocomplexity with spatial dependence</i>
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Description

constructing spatial weight matrix based on geocomplexity with spatial dependence

Usage

```
geocd_swm(sfj, wt = NULL, style = "B", ...)
```

Arguments

sfj	An sf object or spatial vector object that can be converted to sf by <code>sf::st_as_sf()</code> .
wt	(optional) Spatial weight matrix based on spatial adjacency or spatial distance relationships.
style	(optional) A character that can be B,W,C. More to see <code>spdep::nb2mat()</code> . Default is B.
...	(optional) Other parameters passed to <code>geocomplexity::geocd_vector()</code> .

Value

A matrix

Examples

```
econineq = sf::read_sf(system.file('extdata/econineq.gpkg', package = 'geocomplexity'))
wt_gc = geocd_swm(econineq)
wt_gc[1:5,1:5]
```

geocd_vector

geocomplexity for spatial vector data based on spatial dependence

Description

This function calculates geocomplexity for spatial vector data based on spatial dependence.

Usage

```
geocd_vector(
  sfj,
  wt = NULL,
  method = "moran",
  normalize = TRUE,
  returnsf = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

sfj	An sf object or spatial vector object that can be converted to sf by <code>sf::st_as_sf()</code> .
wt	(optional) Spatial weight matrix. Must be a matrix class.
method	(optional) In instances where the method is moran, geocomplexity is determined using local moran measure method. Conversely, when the method is spvar, the spatial variance of attribute data serves to characterize geocomplexity. For all other methods, the shannon information entropy of attribute data is employed to represent geocomplexity. The selection of the method can be made from any one of the three options: moran, spvar or entropy. Default is moran.

normalize	(optional) Whether to further normalizes the calculated geocomplexity. Default is TRUE.
returnsf	(optional) When returnsf is TRUE, return an sf object, otherwise a tibble. Default is TRUE.

Value

A tibble (returnsf is FALSE) or an sf object (returnsf is TRUE)

Note

If wt is not provided, for polygon vector data, geocomplexity will use a first-order queen adjacency binary matrix; for point vector data, the six nearest points are used as adjacency objects to generate an adjacency binary matrix.

Examples

```
econineq = sf::read_sf(system.file('extdata/econineq.gpkg', package = 'geocomplexity'))
gc = geocd_vector(econineq)
gc

library(ggplot2)
library(viridis)
ggplot(gc) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = GC_Gini)) +
  scale_fill_viridis(option = "mako", direction = -1) +
  theme_bw()
```

geocs_raster

geocomplexity for spatial raster data based on geographical similarity

Description

This function calculates geocomplexity for spatial raster data based on geographical similarity.

Usage

```
geocs_raster(r, order = 1, normalize = TRUE, similarity = 1, method = "spvar")
```

Arguments

r	SpatRaster object or can be converted to SpatRaster by terra::rast().
order	(optional) The order of the adjacency object. Default is 1.
normalize	(optional) Whether to further normalizes the calculated geocomplexity. Default is TRUE.

similarity	(optional) When <code>similarity</code> is 1, the similarity is calculated using geographical configuration similarity, otherwise the cosine similarity is calculated. Default is 1.
method	(optional) When <code>method</code> is <code>spvar</code> , variation of the similarity vector is represented using spatial variance, otherwise shannon information entropy is used. Default is <code>spvar</code> .

Value

A `SpatRaster` object

Note

In contrast to the `geocs_vector()` function, the `geocs_raster()` performs operations internally on raster data without providing additional `wt` object.

Examples

```
library(terra)
m1 = matrix(c(3,3,3,3,1,3,
             3,3,3,2,1,2,
             3,3,3,1,2,1,
             1,3,2,2,2,2,
             2,2,2,1,1,2,
             1,2,1,1,1,1),
           nrow = 6,
           byrow = TRUE)
m1 = rast(m1)
names(m1) = 'sim1'
m2 = m1
set.seed(123456789)
values(m2) = values(m1) + runif(ncell(m1),-1,1)
names(m2) = 'sim2'
m = c(m1,m2)
gc1 = geocs_raster(m,1)
gc2 = geocs_raster(m,2)
gc1
plot(gc1)
gc2
plot(gc2)
```

geocs_swm

constructing spatial weight matrix based on geocomplexity with similar geographical configurations

Description

constructing spatial weight matrix based on geocomplexity with similar geographical configurations

Usage

```
geocs_swm(sfj, wt = NULL, style = "B", ...)
```

Arguments

`sfj` An sf object or spatial vector object that can be converted to sf by `sf::st_as_sf()`.

`wt` (optional) Spatial weight matrix based on spatial adjacency or spatial distance relationships.

`style` (optional) A character that can be B,W,C. More to see `spdep::nb2mat()`. Default is B.

`...` (optional) Other parameters passed to `geocomplexity::geocs_vector()`.

Value

A matrix

Examples

```
econineq = sf::read_sf(system.file('extdata/econineq.gpkg', package = 'geocomplexity'))
wt_gc = geocs_swm(econineq)
wt_gc[1:5,1:5]
```

geocs_vector

geocomplexity for spatial vector data based on geographical similarity

Description

This function calculates geocomplexity for in spatial vector data based on geographical similarity.

Usage

```
geocs_vector(
  sfj,
  wt = NULL,
  method = "spvar",
  similarity = 1,
  normalize = TRUE,
  returnsf = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>sfj</code>	An sf object or spatial vector object that can be converted to sf by <code>sf::st_as_sf()</code> .
<code>wt</code>	(optional) Spatial weight matrix. Must be a matrix class. If wt is not provided, <code>geocomplexity</code> will use a first-order inverse distance weight matrix via <code>sdsfun::inverse_distance_swm()</code> function.
<code>method</code>	(optional) When <code>method</code> is <code>spvar</code> , variation of the similarity vector is represented using spatial variance, otherwise shannon information entropy is used. Default is <code>spvar</code> .
<code>similarity</code>	(optional) When <code>similarity</code> is 1, the similarity is calculated using geographical configuration similarity, otherwise the cosine similarity is calculated. Default is 1.
<code>normalize</code>	(optional) Whether to further normalizes the calculated geocomplexity. Default is TRUE.
<code>returnsf</code>	(optional) When <code>returnsf</code> is TRUE, return an sf object, otherwise a tibble. Default is TRUE.

Value

A tibble (`returnsf` is FALSE) or an sf object (`returnsf` is TRUE)

Examples

```
econineq = sf::read_sf(system.file('extdata/econineq.gpkg',package = 'geocomplexity'))
gc = geocs_vector(dplyr::select(econineq,-Gini))
gc

library(ggplot2)
library(viridis)
ggplot(gc) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = GC)) +
  scale_fill_viridis(option = "mako", direction = -1) +
  theme_bw()
```

gwr_geoc

geographical complexity-geographically weighted regression

Description

geographical complexity-geographically weighted regression

Usage

```
gwr_geoc(
  formula,
  data,
  gcs = NULL,
  alpha = seq(0.05, 1, 0.05),
  bw = "RMSE",
  adaptive = TRUE,
  kernel = "gaussian"
)
```

Arguments

formula	A formula of GCGWR model.
data	An sf object or spatial vector object that can be converted to sf by <code>sf::st_as_sf()</code> .
gcs	(optional) The geocomplexity matrix corresponding to each variable, which is calculated by default using <code>geocd_vector()</code> .
alpha	(optional) Balancing the weights of attribute similarity matrix and geographic distance matrix.
bw	(optional) The bandwidth used in selecting models. The optimal bandwidth can be selected using one of three methods: RMSE, AIC, and AICc. Default will use RMSE.
adaptive	(optional) Whether the bandwidth value is adaptive or not. Default is TRUE.
kernel	(optional) Kernel function. Default is gaussian.

Value

A list with GCGWR results.

`SDF` an sf tibble with coefficients, standard errors and t values

`diagnostic` goodness of fit indicators

`args` some key parameters

Examples

```
## The following code takes a long time to run:
econineq = sf::read_sf(system.file('extdata/econineq.gpkg', package = 'geocomplexity'))
g = gwr_geoc(formula = Gini ~ ., data = econineq,
             alpha = 0.5, bw = "AIC", adaptive = TRUE)
g
```

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