Package: fastglmpca (via r-universe)

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Title Fast Algorithms for Generalized Principal Component Analysis

Description Implements fast, scalable optimization algorithms for fitting generalized principal components analysis (GLM-PCA) models, as described in ``A Generalization of Principal Components Analysis to the Exponential Family" Collins M, Dasgupta S, Schapire RE (2002, ISBN:9780262271738), and subsequently ``Feature Selection and Dimension Reduction for Single-Cell RNA-Seq Based on a Multinomial Model" Townes FW, Hicks SC, Aryee MJ, Irizarry RA (2019) <doi:10.1186/s13059-019-1861-6>.

License GPL (>= 2)

URL https://github.com/stephenslab/fastglmpca

BugReports https://github.com/stephenslab/fastglmpca/issues

SystemRequirements GNU make

Depends R (>= 3.6)

Imports utils, Matrix, MatrixExtra, stats, distr, daarem, Rcpp (>= 1.0.8), RcppParallel (>= 5.1.5)

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Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, ggplot2, cowplot

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fitted.glmpca_pois_fit

Get Fitted Values for GLM-PCA Model Fit

Description

fitted method for the "glmpca_pois_fit" class.

Usage

S3 method for class 'glmpca_pois_fit'
fitted(object, ...)

Arguments

object	An object of class "glmpca_fit", typically the result of calling fit_glmpca_pois.
	Additional arguments passed to the generic fitted method.

Value

An n x p matrix of fitted means. Calculated as

exp(UDV')

using the fit object.

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fit_glmpca_pois

Description

Fit a Poisson GLM-PCA model by maximum-likelihood.

Usage

```
fit_glmpca_pois(
 Υ,
 Κ,
 fit0 = init_glmpca_pois(Y, K),
 verbose = TRUE,
 control = list()
)
fit_glmpca_pois_control_default()
init_glmpca_pois(
 Υ,
 Κ,
 U,
 ۷,
 X = numeric(0),
 Z = numeric(0),
 B = numeric(0),
 W = numeric(0),
 fixed_b_cols = numeric(0),
  fixed_w_cols = numeric(0),
 col_size_factor = TRUE,
  row_intercept = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Y	The n x m matrix of counts; all entries of Y should be non-negative. It can be a sparse matrix (class "dgCMatrix") or dense matrix (class "matrix").
К	Integer 1 or greater specifying the rank of the matrix factorization. This should only be provided if the initial fit (fit0) is not.
fit0	Initial model fit. It should be an object of class "glmpca_fit_pois", such as an output from init_glmpca_pois or a previous call to fit_glmpca_pois.
verbose	If verbose = TRUE, information about the algorithm's progress is printed after each update.
control	List of control parameters to modify behavior of the optimization algorithm; see "Details".

U	An optional argument giving the initial estimate of the loadings matrix. It should be an n x K matrix, where n is the number of rows in the counts matrix Y, and K > 0 is the rank of the matrix factorization. When U and V are not provided, input argument K should be specified instead.
v	An optional argument giving is the initial estimate of the factors matrix. It should be a m x K matrix, where m is the number of columns in the counts matrix Y, and $K > 0$ is the rank of the matrix factorization. When U and V are not provided, input argument K should be specified instead.
Х	Optional argument giving row covariates of the count matrix Y. It should be an n x nx matrix, where nx is the number of row covariates.
Z	Optional argument giving column covariates of the count matrix Y. It should be an m x nz matrix, where nz is the number of column covariates.
В	Optional argument giving the initial estimates for the coefficients of the row covariates. It should be an m x nx matrix, where nx is the number of row covariates. This argument is ignored if X is not provided.
W	Optional argument giving the initial estimates for the coefficients of the column covariates. It should be an n x nz matrix, where nz is the number of column covariates. This argument is ignored if Z is not provided.
fixed_b_cols	Optional numeric vector specifying which columns of B (if any) should be fixed during optimization. This argument is ignored if X is not provided.
fixed_w_cols	Optional numeric vector specifying which columns of W (if any) should be fixed during optimization. This argument is ignored if Z is not provided.
col_size_facto	r
	If col_size_factor = TRUE, add a fixed factor accounting for average differ- ences in Poisson rates across columns of Y. Setting col_size_factor = TRUE and row_intercept = TRUE is intended to replicate the default behavior of glmpca.
row_intercept	If row_intercept = TRUE, add a fixed factor accounting for average differences in Poisson rates across rows of Y. Setting col_size_factor = TRUE and row_intercept = TRUE is intended to replicate the default behavior of glmpca.

Details

In generalized principal component analysis (GLM-PCA) based on a Poisson likelihood, the counts y_{ij} stored in an $n \times m$ matrix Y are modeled as

$$y_{ij} \sim Pois(\lambda_{ij}),$$

in which the logarithm of each rate parameter λ_{ij} is defined as a linear combination of rank-K matrices to be estimated from the data:

$$\log \lambda_{ij} = (UDV')_{ij},$$

where U and V are orthogonal matrices of dimension $n \times K$ and $m \times K$, respectively, and D is a diagonal $K \times K$ matrix in which the entries along its diagonal are positive and decreasing. K is a tuning parameter specifying the rank of the matrix factorization. This is the same as the low-rank matrix decomposition underlying PCA (that is, the singular value decomposition), but because we are not using a linear (Gaussian) model, this is called "generalized PCA" or "GLM PCA".

fit_glmpca_pois

To allow for additional components that may be fixed, fit_glmpca_pois can also fit the more general model

$$\log \lambda_{ij} = (UDV' + XB' + WZ')_{ij},$$

in which X, Z are fixed matrices of dimension $n \times n_x$ and $m \times n_z$, respectively, and B, W are matrices of dimension $m \times n_x$ and $n \times n_z$ to be estimated from the data.

fit_glmpca_pois computes maximum-likelihood estimates (MLEs) of U, V, D, B and W satistifying the orthogonality constraints for U and V and the additional constraints on D that the entries are positive and decreasing. This is accomplished by iteratively fitting a series of Poisson GLMs, where each of these individual Poissons GLMs is fitted using a fast "cyclic co-ordinate descent" (CCD) algorithm.

The control argument is a list in which any of the following named components will override the default optimization algorithm settings (as they are defined by fit_glmpca_pois_control_default). Additional control arguments not listed here can be used to control the behaviour of fpiter or daarem; see the help accompanying these functions for details.

- use_daarem If use_daarem = TRUE, the updates are accelerated using DAAREM; see daarem for details.
- tol This is the value of the "tol" control argument for fpiter or daarem that determines when to stop the optimization. In brief, the optimization stops when the change in the estimates or in the log-likelihood between two successive updates is less than "tol".
- maxiter This is the value of the "maxiter" control argument for fpiter or daarem. In brief, it sets the upper limit on the number of CCD updates.
- convtype This is the value of the "convtype" control argument for daarem. It determines whether the stopping criterion is based on the change in the estimates or the change in the log-likelihood between two successive updates.
- mon.tol This is the value of the "mon.tol" control argument for daarem. This setting determines to what extent the monotonicity condition can be violated.
- num_ccd_iter Number of co-ordinate descent updates to be made to parameters at each iteration of the algorithm.
- line_search If line_search = TRUE, a backtracking line search is performed at each iteration of CCD to guarantee improvement in the objective (the log-likelihood).
- ls_alpha alpha parameter for backtracking line search. (Should be a number between 0 and 0.5, typically a number near zero.)
- ls_beta beta parameter for backtracking line search controlling the rate at which the step size is decreased. (Should be a number between 0 and 0.5.)
- calc_deriv If calc_deriv = TRUE, the maximum gradient of U and V is calculated and stored after each update. This may be useful for assessing convergence of the optimization, though increases overhead.
- calc_max_diff If calc_max_diff = TRUE, the largest change in U and V after each update is calculated and stored. This may be useful for monitoring progress of the optimization algorithm.
- orthonormalize If orthonormalize = TRUE, the matrices U and V are made to be orthogonal after each update step. This improves the speed of convergence without the DAAREM acceleration; however, should not be used when use_daarem = TRUE.

You may use function set_fastglmpca_threads to adjust the number of threads used in performing the updates. Value

An object capturing the state of the model fit. It contains estimates of U, V and D (stored as matrices U, V and a vector of diagonal entries d, analogous to the svd return value); the other parameters (X, B, Z, W); the log-likelihood achieved (loglik); information about which columns of B and W are fixed (fixed_b_cols, fixed_w_cols); and a data frame progress storing information about the algorithm's progress after each update.

References

Townes, F. W., Hicks, S. C., Aryee, M. J. and Irizarry, R. A. (2019). Feature selection and dimension reduction for single-cell RNA-Seq based on a multinomial model. *Genome Biology* **20**, 295. doi:10.1186/s1305901918616

Collins, M., Dasgupta, S. and Schapire, R. E. (2002). A generalization of principal components analysis to the exponential family. In *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems* 14.

See Also

fit_glmpca_pois

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
n <- 200
p <- 100
K <- 3
dat <- generate_glmpca_data_pois(n,p,K)
fit0 <- init_glmpca_pois(dat$Y,K)
fit <- fit_glmpca_pois(dat$Y,fit0 = fit0)</pre>
```

 ${\tt generate_glmpca_data_pois}$

Generate Data from a GLMCPA Model

Description

Generate data from a GLMPCA model with a specified rank.

Usage

```
generate_glmpca_data_pois(n, p, K, link = c("log", "log1p"))
```

Arguments

n	Number of rows (genes).
р	Number of columns (cells).
К	Rank of the underlying mean structure
link	Character vector describing the link between the product of the loading and
	factors and the mean of the data.

Details

This function assumes that each column of the data is generated from a multinomial distribution. Let

 Y_j

denote column j of the generated data matrix. First, we set

```
sum(Y_j)
```

equal to a value generated from a

Uniform(50, 5000)

distribution. Then, we generate

and

F

L

from mixture distributions, and calculate

$$H = exp(L'F)$$

. Then, we generate the individual elements of

 Y_j

from a multinomial model where the probability for each individual element is just

 H_j

normalized.

Value

list with the following components

- LL loadings of underlying mean structure. A K x n matrix
- FF factors of underlying mean structure. A K x p matrix
- Y n x p matrix of generated data.

Examples

```
set.seed(1)
sim_data <- generate_glmpca_data_pois(1000, 500, 1)</pre>
```

pbmc_facs

Description

These data are a selection of the reference transcriptome profiles generated via single-cell RNA sequencing (RNA-seq) of 10 bead-enriched subpopulations of PBMCs (Donor A), described in Zheng *et al* (2017). The data are unique molecular identifier (UMI) counts for 16,791 genes in 3,774 cells. (Genes with no expression in any of the cells were removed.) Since the majority of the UMI counts are zero, they are efficiently stored as a 16,791 x 3774 sparse matrix. These data are used in the vignette illustrating how 'fastglmpca' can be used to analyze single-cell RNA-seq data. Data for a separate set of 1,000 cells is provided as a "test set" to evaluate out-of-sample predictions.

Format

pbmc_facs is a list with the following elements:

- **counts** 16,791 x 3,774 sparse matrix of UMI counts, with rows corresponding to genes and columns corresponding to cells (samples). It is an object of class "dgCMatrix").
- counts_test UMI counts for an additional test set of 100 cells.
- samples Data frame containing information about the samples, including cell barcode and source FACS population ("celltype" and "facs_subpop").
- samples_test Sample information for the additional test set of 100 cells.
- **genes** Data frame containing information and the genes, including gene symbol and Ensembl identifier.
- fit GLM-PCA model that was fit to the UMI count data in the vignette.

Source

https://www.10xgenomics.com/resources/datasets

References

G. X. Y. Zheng *et al* (2017). Massively parallel digital transcriptional profiling of single cells. *Nature Communications* **8**, 14049. doi:10.1038/ncomms14049

Examples

set_fastglmpca_threads

Set up Multithreading for fastglmpca

Description

Initialize RcppParallel multithreading using a pre-specified number of threads, or using the default number of threads when n is not specified or is NA.

Usage

```
set_fastglmpca_threads(n)
```

Arguments

n

The requested number of threads.

Value

The number of threads to be used.

summary.glmpca_pois_fit

Summarize GLM-PCA Model Fit

Description

summary method for objects of class "glmpcan_fit_pois".

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmpca_pois_fit'
summary(object, ...)
## S3 method for class 'summary.glmpca_pois_fit'
```

```
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class "glmpca_fit", typically the result of calling fit_glmpca_pois.
	Additional arguments passed to the generic summary or print.summary method.
x	An object of class "summary.glmpca_fit", usually the result of a call to <code>summary.glmpca_fit</code> .

Value

summary returns a vector of basic statistics summarizing the model fit.

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