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Title Efficient Calculation of Fine Structure Isotope Patterns via Fourier Transforms of Simplex-Based Elemental Models

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Description Provides a function that quickly computes the fine structure isotope patterns of a set of chemical formulas to a given degree of accuracy (up to the limit set by errors in floating point arithmetic). A data-set comprising the masses and isotopic abundances of individual elements is also provided and calculation of isotopic gross structures is also supported.

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ecipex-package

Efficient Calculation of Fine Structure Isotope Patterns via Fourier Transforms of Simplex-Based Elemental Models

Description

Provides a function that quickly computes the fine structure isotope patterns of a set of chemical formulas to a given degree of accuracy (up to the limit set by errors in floating point arithmetic). A data-set comprising the masses and isotopic abundances of individual elements is also provided and calculation of isotopic gross structures is also supported.

Details

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License:	GPL (>= 2)
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Author(s)

Andreas Ipsen

ecipex

Calculate fine structure isotope pattern

Description

This function can calculate either the fine structure isotope patterns or the gross structure isotope patterns for a given set of chemical formulas. It returns the isotope patterns as a list of data frames which may be sorted by mass or abundance.

Usage

```
ecipex(formulas, isoinfo = ecipex::nistiso, limit = 1e-12,
    id = FALSE, sortby = "abundance", gross = FALSE, groupby = "mass")
```

ecipex

Arguments

formulas	a character vector specifying the chemical formulas whose isotope patterns are to be calculated. The elements specified must be present in isoinfo and must be compatible with count.elements.
isoinfo	a data frame that specifies the masses and isotopic abundances of the elements to be used in the calculations. Must include the variables element (the chemi- cal symbol), mass and abundance so that each row specifies a unique isotope. Defaults to nistiso.
limit	isotopologues with abundances below this value are ignored.
id	determines whether the full isotopic composition of each isotopic variant should be specified in the output. Setting this to TRUE can increase memory require- ments substantially. This argument has no effect if gross is set to TRUE.
sortby	should be one of "abundance" or "mass", depending on whether the output should be sorted by abundance (high to low) or mass (low to high).
gross	if TRUE the gross isotope patterns will be returned instead of the fine structure ones.
groupby	determines how the fine structure isotope patterns are grouped together when the gross structure isotope patterns are calculated. If it is equal to "mass" then isotopologues whose masses get rounded to the same integer number are grouped together. If it is equal to "nucleons" then isotopologues with the same number of nucleons get grouped together. This argument is only used if gross is set to TRUE.

Details

The fine structure isotope pattern of each formula is calculated by applying the multi-dimensional fast Fourier transform to a simplex-based representation of each element's isotopic abundance. The algorithm is most efficient when the atom counts of the same elements in different formulas are roughly similar. Performance can also be improved by increasing limit although this should be done with care. It is generally not advisable to reduce limit below its default value, as this can increase memory requirements significantly and is unlikely to provide information of any value, since the natural isotopic abundances can be quite variable. If gross is set to TRUE then the gross structure isotope patterns are calculated directly from the fine structure isotope patterns. Note that for centroids with extremely low abundances (say less than one billionth of the total) the centroided masses can be somewhat inaccurate due to floating point errors.

Value

A list of data frames containing the fine structure isotope patterns of each formula in formulas. The list names are determined by formulas, so that the isotope pattern of any given formula is easily extracted. If id is set to TRUE, the output will include additional columns listing the counts of each distinct isotope of each element. If gross is set to TRUE, the output will instead contain the gross structure isotope patterns of each formula in formulas.

References

Ipsen, A., Efficient Calculation of Exact Fine Structure Isotope Patterns via the Multidimensional Fourier Transform, Anal. Chem., 2014, 86 (11), pp 5316-5322

ecipex

http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/ac500108n

See Also

nistiso

Examples

```
# a simple molecule
iso_H20 <- ecipex("H20")[[1]]
iso_H20</pre>
```

```
# reduce limit for larger molecule and sort output by mass
iso_C254H338N65075S6 <- ecipex("C254H338N65075S6", limit=1e-8, sortby="mass")[[1]]
head(iso_C254H338N65075S6)
```

```
# check that sum of all abundances is still close to 1
sum(iso_C254H338N65075S6$abundance)
```

```
# inspect the full isotope pattern, the fine structure, and the full pattern on a log scale
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot(iso_C254H338N65075S6, t="h")
plot(iso_C254H338N65075S6, t="h", xlim=c(5691.29, 5691.31))
plot(iso_C254H338N65075S6, t="h", log="y")
```

```
# calculate isotopic abundances with enriched Carbon-13
modifiediso <- nistiso
modifiediso[modifiediso$element=="C",3] <- c(0.9, 0.1)
ecipex("C2", isoinfo=modifiediso)</pre>
```

the isotope pattern can be calculated quickly if the elements only have 2 stable isotopes system.time(iso_C10000H10000 <- ecipex("C10000H10000", limit=1e-8)[[1]])</pre>

```
# this is typically a more demanding calculation because S has 4 stable isotopes
system.time(iso_S50 <- ecipex("S50", limit=1e-8)[[1]])</pre>
```

```
# if the limit is greater than the most abundant isotopologue the output is uninformative
iso_C10000H10000_useless <- ecipex("C10000H10000", limit=0.015)</pre>
```

calculate the isotope patterns of multiple formulas, and include the detailed isotopic composition multisopatterns <- ecipex(c("H20", "CO2", "O2", "C8H18", "C60"), sortby="mass", id=TRUE)</pre>

```
# inspect C8H18 in particular
multisopatterns$C8H18
```

```
# make sure all abundances are close to 1
sapply(multisopatterns, function(x){sum(x$abundance)})
```

```
# due to floating point errors, the following are not identical
iso_C60_almostComplete <- ecipex("C60", limit= 0)[[1]]
iso_C60_reallyComplete <- ecipex("C60", limit= -1)[[1]]
# the latter includes negative isotopic abundances because the floating point errors are orders of
# magnitude greater than the "true" abundances. The variations in natural isotopic abundances will
```

nistiso

typically be much greater than floating point errors.

calculate the gross structure isotope pattern, grouping the fine structure isotopologues by mass ecipex("C6H14N402", sortby="mass", gross=TRUE, groupby="mass")

nistiso

Masses, isotope patterns and nucleon numbers of the elements

Description

A data frame giving the masses, standard isotopic abundances and nucleon numbers of most chemical elements as provided by the Physical Measurement Laboratory of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (but taken from separate publications). It includes the four variables element (the chemical symbol), mass, abundance and nucleons, arranged so that each isotope is uniquely specified by one row.

References

http://www.nist.gov/pml/data/comp.cfm

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