

# Package: csbewma (via r-universe)

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**Title** Cumulative Standardized Binomial EWMA for Multiple Stream Processes

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**Description** Implements the Cumulative Standardized Binomial Exponentially Weighted Moving Average (CSB-EWMA) control chart for monitoring multiple independent streams with binomial outcomes. Provides exact variance calculations, adaptive control limits, post-hoc identification with multiple testing corrections (Bonferroni, Holm, Benjamini-Hochberg), and visualization tools. The method is described in Muritala et al. (2026) <doi:10.48550/arXiv.2601.09968>.

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apply\_multiple\_testing

*Apply multiple testing corrections*

---

## Description

Applies Bonferroni, Holm, or Benjamini-Hochberg corrections.

## Usage

```
apply_multiple_testing(pvals, method = "BH", alpha = 0.05)
```

## Arguments

pvals	Numeric vector of raw p-values
method	Correction method: "BH", "bonferroni", "holm", or "raw"
alpha	Significance level (default = 0.05)

## Value

List with adjusted\_pvals and flags

## Examples

```
pvals <- c(0.001, 0.01, 0.03, 0.10, 0.50)
result <- apply_multiple_testing(pvals, method = "BH", alpha = 0.05)
```

---

calculate_pvalues	<i>Calculate p-values for all streams</i>
-------------------	---

---

**Description**

Computes exact binomial p-values for each stream based on successes.

**Usage**

```
calculate_pvalues(bin_matrix, p0 = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

bin_matrix	Matrix of binary indicators (streams as rows, time as columns)
p0	In-control proportion(s). Either a single number or a vector of length = nrow(bin_matrix)

**Value**

Numeric vector of p-values

**Examples**

```
bin_mat <- matrix(rbinom(500, 1, 0.5), nrow = 10, ncol = 50)
pvals <- calculate_pvalues(bin_mat, p0 = 0.5)
```

---

csb_ewma	<i>CSB-EWMA Control Chart</i>
----------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Runs the Cumulative Standardized Binomial EWMA control chart on multiple stream data.

**Usage**

```
csb_ewma(  
  data,  
  lambda,  
  L,  
  p0 = 0.5,  
  max_time = NULL,  
  posthoc_method = "BH",  
  alpha = 0.05,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

data	A matrix of binary indicators (0/1) with streams as rows and time as columns
lambda	Smoothing parameter for EWMA ( $0 < \lambda \leq 1$ )
L	Control limit multiplier
$p_0$	In-control proportion(s). Either a single number (same for all streams) or a numeric vector of length equal to number of rows in data.
max_time	Maximum time points to monitor (default = NULL uses all)
posthoc_method	Method for post-hoc identification (default = "BH")
alpha	Significance level for post-hoc (default = 0.05)
verbose	If TRUE, print informational messages (default = TRUE)

**Value**

A list of class "csb\_ewma" containing chart results and flagged streams

**Examples**

```
{
  set.seed(123)
  bin_data <- matrix(rbinom(10*100, 1, 0.5), nrow = 10, ncol = 100)
  for(i in 1:3) bin_data[i, ] <- rbinom(100, 1, 0.8)
  result <- csb_ewma(bin_data, lambda = 0.175, L = 1.375)
  message(result)
  plot(result)
}
```

---

dichotomize\_data

*Dichotomize Continuous Data to Binary Indicators*


---

**Description**

Converts continuous observations to binary indicators based on whether each observation exceeds the in-control median or specified quantile.

**Usage**

```
dichotomize_data(data, distribution,  $p_0 = 0.5$ )
```

**Arguments**

data	Numeric vector of continuous observations
distribution	Character string specifying the distribution type
$p_0$	In-control proportion (default = 0.5)

**Value**

Integer vector of binary indicators (0 or 1)

**Examples**

```
x <- rnorm(100)
binary <- dichotomize_data(x, distribution = "normal", p0 = 0.5)
```

---

```
flagged_streams_summary
  Summarize flagged streams
```

---

**Description**

Creates a summary of which streams were flagged.

**Usage**

```
flagged_streams_summary(flagged_results, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

```
flagged_results      Output from identify_ooc()
verbose              If TRUE, print informational messages (default = TRUE)
```

**Value**

List with flagged streams and summary table

**Examples**

```
bin_mat <- matrix(rbinom(10*100, 1, 0.5), nrow = 10, ncol = 100)
for(i in 1:3) bin_mat[i, ] <- rbinom(100, 1, 0.8)
result <- identify_ooc(bin_mat)
summary <- flagged_streams_summary(result)
print(summary$flagged_streams)
```

---

`generate_continuous_data`*Generate Continuous Data from Specified Distribution*

---

**Description**

Generates continuous observations from normal, Laplace, uniform, or exponential distributions with optional shift parameter for out-of-control simulation.

**Usage**

```
generate_continuous_data(distribution, n, shift = 0, p0 = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

<code>distribution</code>	Character string: "normal", "laplace", "uniform", or "exponential"
<code>n</code>	Number of observations to generate
<code>shift</code>	Amount to shift the proportion (default = 0)
<code>p0</code>	In-control proportion (default = 0.5)

**Value**

A numeric vector of length `n` containing the generated data

**Examples**

```
data <- generate_continuous_data("normal", n = 100, shift = 0.2)
```

---

`identify_ooc`*Identify out-of-control streams Main function for post-hoc identification using multiple testing corrections.*

---

**Description**

Identify out-of-control streams Main function for post-hoc identification using multiple testing corrections.

**Usage**

```
identify_ooc(bin_matrix, alpha = 0.05, method = "BH", p0 = 0.5, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

bin_matrix	Matrix of binary indicators (streams as rows, time as columns)
alpha	Significance level (default = 0.05)
method	Correction method (default = "BH")
p0	In-control proportion(s). Either a single number or a vector of length = nrow(bin_matrix)
verbose	If TRUE, print informational messages (default = TRUE)

**Value**

Data frame with p-values and flags for each stream

**Examples**

```
set.seed(123)
bin_mat <- matrix(rbinom(10*100, 1, 0.5), nrow = 10, ncol = 100)
for(i in 1:3) bin_mat[i, ] <- rbinom(100, 1, 0.8)
result <- identify_ooc(bin_mat, p0 = 0.5)
print(result[result$flagged, ])
```

---

plot.csb\_ewma

*Plot CSB-EWMA Control Chart*


---

**Description**

Creates a professional control chart showing EWMA statistic and limits.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'csb_ewma'
plot(x, title = "CSB-EWMA Control Chart", show_signal = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	csb_ewma object from csb_ewma() function
title	Plot title (default = "CSB-EWMA Control Chart")
show_signal	Whether to highlight signal point (default = TRUE)
...	Additional arguments passed to ggplot

**Value**

A ggplot object (invisibly) and displays the plot

**Examples**

```
# See csb_ewma() for examples
```

---

plot\_chart\_with\_flagged

*Combined Diagnostic Dashboard*

---

### Description

Creates a combined plot showing both the CSB-EWMA control chart and the flagged streams bar plot side by side or stacked.

### Usage

```
plot_chart_with_flagged(chart_result, flagged_results, layout = "side")
```

### Arguments

chart_result	csb_ewma object from csb_ewma() function
flagged_results	Output from identify_ooc() function
layout	Either "side" for side-by-side or "stacked" for vertical

### Value

A combined ggplot object (invisibly) and displays the plot

---

plot\_csb\_ewma\_direct *Direct Plot for CSB-EWMA Results*

---

### Description

Creates a professional control chart showing EWMA statistic and limits. This function can be called directly without S3 dispatch.

### Usage

```
plot_csb_ewma_direct(
  result,
  title = "CSB-EWMA Control Chart",
  show_signal = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

result	csb_ewma object from csb_ewma() or run_csb_ewma()
title	Plot title (default = "CSB-EWMA Control Chart")
show_signal	Whether to highlight signal point (default = TRUE)

**Value**

A ggplot object (invisibly) and displays the plot

---

plot\_flagged\_streams *Plot Flagged Streams Bar Chart*

---

**Description**

Creates a bar plot showing  $-\log_{10}(\text{p-values})$  for each stream. Flagged streams appear in red, others in gray.

**Usage**

```
plot_flagged_streams(flagged_results, alpha = 0.05, title = "Stream P-values")
```

**Arguments**

flagged_results	Output data frame from identify_ooc() function
alpha	Significance level for reference line (default = 0.05)
title	Plot title (default = "Stream P-values")

**Value**

A ggplot object (invisibly) and displays the plot

---

precompute\_variance *Precompute variance vector for all time points*

---

**Description**

This function precomputes the exact variance for all time points from 1 to max\_t. For efficiency, it computes exact variances up to a convergence threshold (converge\_t) and then sets remaining values to 1 (asymptotic). Based on the derivation, variance reaches 99% of asymptotic value by t=227, so converge\_t = 500 is safe and efficient.

**Usage**

```
precompute_variance(lambda, max_t, converge_t = 500)
```

**Arguments**

lambda	Smoothing parameter for EWMA
max_t	Maximum time point to precompute variance for
converge_t	Time point after which variance is set to 1 (asymptotic)

**Value**

A numeric vector of length `max_t` containing variance at each time point

**Examples**

```
# Precompute variance for lambda = 0.175, up to t = 1000
var_cache <- precompute_variance(lambda = 0.175, max_t = 1000, converge_t = 500)
```

---

```
print.csb_ewma          Prints a formatted summary of CSB-EWMA chart results.
```

---

**Description**

Prints a formatted summary of CSB-EWMA chart results.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'csb_ewma'
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

```
x          csb_ewma object from csb_ewma() or run_csb_ewma() function
...        Additional arguments (not used)
```

**Value**

Invisibly returns the object

---

```
rlaplace          Generate Laplace (Double Exponential) Random Variables
```

---

**Description**

Generates random numbers from the Laplace distribution using inverse transform sampling.

**Usage**

```
rlaplace(n, location = 0, scale = 1)
```

**Arguments**

```
n          Number of observations to generate
location   Location parameter (median) of the distribution (default = 0)
scale      Scale parameter (spread) of the distribution (default = 1)
```

**Value**

A numeric vector of length n containing Laplace random variables

**Examples**

```
{
x <- rlaplace(100, location = 0, scale = 1)
}
```

---

run\_csb\_ewma

*Run CSB-EWMA Chart on Binary Data*


---

**Description**

This function implements the core CSB-EWMA monitoring algorithm exactly as implemented in the original simulation code.

**Usage**

```
run_csb_ewma(bin_matrix, lambda, L, var_cache, max_time = NULL, p0 = 0.5)
```

**Arguments**

bin_matrix	A matrix of binary indicators (streams as rows, time as columns)
lambda	Smoothing parameter for EWMA ( $0 < \lambda \leq 1$ )
L	Control limit multiplier
var_cache	Precomputed variance vector from <code>precompute_variance()</code>
max_time	Maximum time points to monitor (default = NULL uses all)
p0	In-control proportion(s). Either a single number (same for all streams) or a numeric vector of length equal to number of rows in bin_matrix. Example <code>p0 = c(0.5, 0.6, 0.7)</code> # different p0 for stream1, stream2, stream3.

**Details**

The algorithm works as follows:

1. Initialize cumulative sum ( $\text{cum\_sum} = 0$ ) and EWMA ( $r_{\text{prev}} = 0$ )
2. For each time point  $t = 1, 2, \dots, \text{max\_time}$ :
  - Get binary vector for current time point
  - Calculate  $C_t = \text{sum of binary indicators}$
  - Update cumulative sum:  $\text{cum\_sum} = \text{cum\_sum} + C_t$
  - Compute standardized statistic:  $W_t = (\text{cum\_sum} - \mu_0 t) / \sqrt{t \text{sigma}_2_0}$
  - Update EWMA:  $r_t = \lambda * W_t + (1 - \lambda) * r_{\text{prev}}$
  - Get exact variance from precomputed cache:  $v_t = \text{var\_cachet}$
  - Compute control limits:  $UCL_t = L * \sqrt{v_t}$ ,  $LCL_t = -L * \sqrt{v_t}$
  - If  $r_t > UCL_t$  or  $r_t < LCL_t$ , signal at time t and break
  - Otherwise, update  $r_{\text{prev}} = r_t$  and continue

**Value**

A list of class "csb\_ewma" containing chart results

**Examples**

```
bin_matrix <- matrix(rbinom(10*200, 1, 0.5), nrow = 10, ncol = 200)
for(i in 1:3) bin_matrix[i, ] <- rbinom(100, 1, 0.8)
var_cache <- precompute_variance(0.175, max_t = 200)
result <- run_csb_ewma(bin_matrix, lambda = 0.175, L = 1.375, var_cache)
message(paste("Signal at time:", result$signal_time))
```

---

var\_rt\_exact\_single    *Compute exact CSB-EWMA variance for a single time point*

---

**Description**

This function implements the exact variance formula derived in Theorem 2. The variance is computed using double summation over the covariance structure of the standardized statistics. For a given smoothing parameter lambda and time point t, this returns  $\text{Var}(r_t)$  as defined in Equation (19) of the supplementary material.

**Usage**

```
var_rt_exact_single(lambda, t)
```

**Arguments**

lambda	Smoothing parameter for EWMA. Must be between 0 and 1. Typical values range from 0.05 to 0.5.
t	Time point (positive integer). The variance is computed for this specific time point.

**Value**

The exact variance  $\text{Var}(r_t)$  at time t. For t = 0, returns 0.

**Examples**

```
# Compute variance at time 10 for lambda = 0.175
var_rt_exact_single(lambda = 0.175, t = 10)

# Compute variance at time 50 for lambda = 0.15
var_rt_exact_single(lambda = 0.15, t = 50)
```

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