Introduction to the **pandocfilters** Package

November 5, 2024

```
library("pandocfilters")

##

## Attaching package: 'pandocfilters'

## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':

##

## filter

## The following object is masked from 'package:methods':

##

## Math
```

The document converter pandoc is widely used in the R community. One feature of pandoc is that it can produce and consume JSON-formatted abstract syntax trees (AST). This allows to transform a given source document into JSON-formatted AST, alter it by so called filters and pass the altered JSON-formatted AST back to pandoc. This package provides functions which allow to write such filters in native R code. The package is inspired by the Python package pandocfilters.

To alter the AST, the JSON representations of the data structures building the AST have to be replicated. For this purpose, **pandocfilters** provides a set of constructors, with the goal to ease building / altering the AST.

1 Installation

Detailed information about installing pandoc, can be found at http://pandoc.org/installing.html. For the new pandoc releases there exist precompiled pandoc versions for Linux, Windows and macOS.

2 Setup

If pandoc is set as PATH variable

```
system2("pandoc", "--version", stdout = TRUE, stderr = TRUE)

## [1] "pandoc 3.2.1"

## [2] "Features: +server +lua"

## [3] "Scripting engine: Lua 5.4"

## [4] "User data directory: /github/home/.local/share/pandoc"
```

```
## [5] "Copyright (C) 2006-2024 John MacFarlane. Web: https://pandoc.org"
## [6] "This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is no"
## [7] "warranty, not even for merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose."
```

should show the version and some additional information.

2.1 Alter the pandoc version

There are several options to alter the pandoc version used by pandocfilters,

- 1. alter your PATH variable accordingly
- 2. set the system variable "PANDOC_HOME"
- 3. use set_pandoc_path after pandocfilters is loaded

2.1.1 Set the system variable "PANDOC_HOME"

To set persistent environment variables either the file ".Renviron" or the file ".Rprofile" can be used. More information about ".Rprofile" and ".Renviron" can be found in the R-Documentation. Therefore a ".Renviron" file on Unix could look like the following

PANDOC_HOME=/home/florian/bin/pandoc/pandoc_292/bin/pandoc

or on Windows

PANDOC_HOME=C:/Users/Florian/AppData/Local/Pandoc/pandoc.exe

similarly a ".Rprofile" file on Unix could look like the following

```
Sys.setenv(PANDOC_HOME="/home/florian/bin/pandoc/pandoc_292/bin/pandoc")
```

or on Windows

```
Sys.setenv(PANDOC_HOME="C:/Users/Florian/AppData/Local/Pandoc/pandoc.exe")
```

2.1.2 Use set_pandoc_path

After pandoc is loaded the used version can be altered by set_pandoc_path.

```
get_pandoc_version()
## [1] 2.2
set_pandoc_path("/home/florian/bin/pandoc/pandoc_221/bin/pandoc")
get_pandoc_version()
## [1] 2.2
```

3 Constructors

As mentioned before, constructors are used to replicate the pandoc AST in R. For this purpose, pandoc provides two basic types, **inline** elements and **block** elements. An extensive list can be found below.

To minimize the amount of unnecessary typing **pandocfilters** automatically converts character strings to pandoc objects of type "Str" if needed. Furthermore, if a single inline object is provided where a list of inline objects is needed **pandocfilters** automatically converts this inline object into a list of inline objects.

For example, the canonical way to emphasize the character string "some text" would be

```
Emph(list(Str("some text")))
```

Since single inline objects are automatically transformed to lists of inline objects, this is equivalent to

```
Emph(Str("some text"))
```

Since a character string is automatically transformed to an inline object, this is equivalent to

```
Emph("some text")
```

In short, whenever a list of inline objects is needed one can also use a single inline object or a character string, and therefore the following three code lines are equivalent.

```
Emph(list(Str("some text")))
Emph(Str("some text"))
Emph("some text")
```

3.1 Inline Elements

- 1. Str(x)
- 2. Emph(x)
- 3. Strong(x)
- 4. Strikeout(x)
- 5. Superscript(x)
- 6. Subscript(x)
- 7. SmallCaps(x)
- Quoted(x, quote_type)
- 9. Cite(citation, x)
- 10. Code(code, name, language, line_numbers, start_from)

- 11. Space()
- 12. SoftBreak()
- 13. LineBreak()
- 14. Math(x)
- 15. RawInline(format, x)
- 16. Link(target, text, title, attr)
- 17. Image(target, text, caption, attr)
- 18. Span(attr, inline)

3.2 Block Elements

- 1. Plain(x)
- 2. Para(x)
- CodeBlock(attr, code)
- 4. BlockQuote(blocks)
- 5. OrderedList(lattr, lblocks)
- 6. BulletList(lblocks)
- 7. DefinitionList(x)
- 8. Header(x, level, attr)
- 9. HorizontalRule()
- 10. Table(rows, col_names, aligns, col_width, caption)
- 11. Div(blocks, attr)
- 12. Null()

3.3 Argument Constructors

- Attr(identifier, classes, key_val_pairs)
- 2. Citation(suffix, id, note_num, mode, prefix, hash)
- 3. TableCell(x)

4 Altering the AST

To read / write / alter the AST the following functions can be used.

```
pandoc_to_json

## function (file, from = "markdown")

pandoc_from_json

## function (json, to = "markdown", exchange = c("file", "arg"))

filter

## function (FUN, ..., input = stdin(), output = stdout())
```

4.1 Examples

4.1.1 Lower Case

In this example we take the first few lines from the R-FAQ Section "2.1 What is R?" stored in the a markdown file "lowe_case.md"

and use **pandocfilters** to obtain the AST representation of this document. Since pandoc filters are typically used in the terminal the default input is the **stdin** and the default output is **stdout**, however to stay within R we will use text connections instead.

First we setup a read connection for the input and a write connection for the output.

```
icon <- textConnection(pandoc_to_json(ex1_file))
ocon <- textConnection("modified_ast", open = "w")</pre>
```

Second we define a function to alter the AST

```
lower <- function(key, value, ...) {
   if (key == "Str") Str(tolower(value)) else NULL
}</pre>
```

and apply it on the AST.

```
filter(lower, input = icon, output = ocon)

At the end we convert altered AST back to markdown

pandoc_from_json(modified_ast, to ="markdown")

and close the open connections.

close(icon)
close(ocon)
```