

intcensROC

Fast Spline Based Sieve AUC Estimator for Interval Censored Data

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Introduction

This document provides an comprehensive example for using the `intcensROC` package to estimate the receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve and time-dependent area under the curve (AUC) for interval censored survival data, that is not applicable for existing methods.

The estimator applies a generalized gradient projection method on Spline based likelihood function to obtain the joint distribution function between survival time and biomarker and compute the ROC curve and time-dependent AUC with the estimated joint distribution function. Features of this package include:

- 1 The algorithm is implemented in C++, and ported to R by Rcpp, to facilitate fast computation.
- 2 The estimator uses a constrained minimization method and is designed for the interval survival data.

Function Signature and Return of intcensROC

Function to compute ROC curve

```
res <- intcensROC(U, V, Marker, Delta, PredictTime, gridNumber = 500)
```

Function arguments:

`U`: An array contains left times of the censored intervals for the sample.

`V`: An array contains right times of the censored intervals for the sample.

`Marker`: An array contains marker levels for the samples.

`Delta`: An array of indicator for the censoring type, use 1, 2, 3 for left, interval and right censoring types, correspondingly.

`PredictTime`: A scalar for predict time for the ROC.

`gridNumber`: A integer for the number of grid of the ROC curve, the default value is 500.

Function return:

A dataframe contains two columns

`tp`: A array for true positive rate.

`fp`: A array for false positive rate.

Function Signature and Return of intcensAUC

Function to compute AUC

```
auc <- intcensAUC(ROCdata)
```

Function argument:

`ROCdata`: A dataframe from the function `intcensROC`.

Function return:

`auc`: A scalar for AUC.

A Simple Start Off Example

A start off example to use function `intcensROC` and `intcensAUC`

```
library(intcensROC)
## example interval censored data
U <- runif(100, min = 0.1, max = 5)
V <- runif(100, min = 0.1, max = 5) + U
Marker <- runif(100, min = 5, max = 10)
Delta <- sample.int(3, size = 100, replace = TRUE)
pTime <- 4
## compute the ROC curve
res <- intcensROC(U, V, Marker, Delta, pTime, gridNumber = 500)
head(res)

##          fp          tp
## 1 2.655677e-07 7.096877e-07
## 2 5.762095e-07 1.481246e-06
## 3 9.772144e-07 2.377129e-06
## 4 1.513871e-06 3.459788e-06
## 5 2.231469e-06 4.791677e-06
## 6 3.175296e-06 6.435248e-06

##compute the AUC
auc <- intcensAUC(res)
print(auc)

## [1] 0.5984202
```

Example-Background

Here, we present a comprehensive example as a tutorial on how to use intcensROC package.

- We assume the survival time T follows an exponential distribution with hazard rate $\lambda = \frac{\log(2)}{24}$.
- The marker M is assumed to follow a beta distribution with parameter $\alpha = 2.35$ and $\beta = 1.87$.
- The joint distribution of (T, M) is assumed to be generated by Clayton Coupla with parameter $\alpha > 1$

$$F_{T,M}(t, m) = \Pr(T < t, M < m) = \{F_T(t)^{\alpha-1} + F_M(m)^{\alpha-1} - 1\}^{\frac{1}{\alpha-1}}$$

Here $F_T(\cdot)$ and $F_M(\cdot)$ denote the distribution functions of T and M respectively. The dependence between T and M is denote by Kendall $\tau = \frac{\alpha-1}{\alpha+1}$

- The random assessment interval $[U, V]$ are sampled from uniform distribution, V 's are sampled within $[L_0, L_c]$, and U is generated from uniform distribution on $[0, V - L_0]$. Here L_c is determined by the censoring rate $\rho = 0.3$ and $L_0 = 0.1$ is the minimum time difference between U and V .

Data Simulation

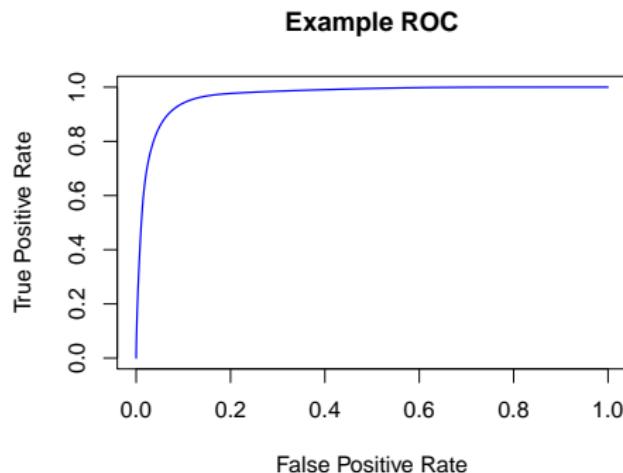
```
library("copula")
f <- function(x, L0, rate, censor){
  1/((x-L0)*rate)*exp(-L0*rate)-1/((x-L0)*rate)*exp(-x*rate)-censor
}
dataSim <- function(kendall_tau = 0.3, n = 100, rho = 0.3, lambda = log(2)/6) {
  b_alpha     <- 2.35
  b_beta      <- 1.87
  scale        <- 10
  kendall_tau <- iTau( claytonCopula(), kendall_tau)
  Int_cop     <- claytonCopula(param = kendall_tau, dim = 2)
  Int_mvdc    <- mvdc(Int_cop, c("exp","beta"), paramMargins =
    list(list(rate = lambda), list(shape1=b_alpha,shape2=b_beta)))
  Int_obs_data <- rMvdc(n, Int_mvdc)
  colnames(Int_obs_data) <- c("event_time", "marker")
  Int_obs_data[,"marker"] <- Int_obs_data[,"marker"]*scale
  L0           <-0.1
  size         <-n
  U             <-rep(0,size)
  L             <-uniroot(f, lower = 10^(-6), upper = 500, tol=0.000001,
    LO=L0, rate=lambda, censor=rho)
  V             <-runif(size,L0,L$root)
  for (i in 1:size) U[i] <-runif(1,0,(V[i]-L0))
  delta_1       <- Int_obs_data[ , "event_time"] < U
  delta_2       <- Int_obs_data[ , "event_time"] >= U&
    Int_obs_data[ , "event_time"] <= V
  delta_3       <- Int_obs_data[ , "event_time"] > V
  data          <- data.frame(U = U, V = V, delta = delta_1+2*delta_2+3*delta_3,
    marker=Int_obs_data[, "marker"])
}
```

Compute ROC and AUC

```
mydata <- dataSim(kendall_tau = 0.7, n = 300, rho = 0.3, lambda = log(2)/24)
roc     <- intcensROC(U=mydata[, "U"], V=mydata[, "V"], Marker=mydata[, "marker"],
                      Delta=mydata[, "delta"], PredictTime=12)
print(intcensAUC(roc))

## [1] 0.9697949

plot(roc$fp, roc$tp, type = "l", lwd = 1.2, col="blue", main = "Example ROC",
      xlab = "False Positive Rate", ylab = "True Positive Rate" )
```



Session Information

- R version 4.4.1 (2024-06-14), x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
- Running under: Ubuntu 24.04.1 LTS
- Matrix products: default
- BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libblas.so.3
- LAPACK:
/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libopenblas-p0.3.26.so ;
LAPACK version 3.12.0
- Base packages: base, datasets, grDevices, graphics, methods, stats, utils
- Other packages: copula 1.1-4, intcensROC 0.1.3, knitr 1.48
- Loaded via a namespace (and not attached): ADGofTest 0.3, Matrix 1.7-1,
Rcpp 1.0.13, buildtools 1.0.0, compiler 4.4.1, evaluate 1.0.1, grid 4.4.1, gsl 2.1-8,
highr 0.11, lattice 0.22-6, maketoools 1.3.1, mvtnorm 1.3-1, numDeriv 2016.8-1.1,
pcaPP 2.0-5, pracma 2.4.4, pspline 1.0-20, stabledist 0.7-2, stats4 4.4.1,
sys 3.4.3, tools 4.4.1, xfun 0.49

```
## [1] "Start Time Fri Nov 1 06:44:57 2024"  
## [1] "End Time   Fri Nov 1 06:44:58 2024"
```