## Package: WQM (via r-universe)

November 11, 2024

```
Type Package
Title Wavelet-Based Quantile Mapping for Postprocessing Numerical
      Weather Predictions
Version 0.1.4
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Description The wavelet-based quantile mapping (WQM) technique is
      designed to correct biases in spatio-temporal precipitation
      forecasts across multiple time scales. The WQM method
      effectively enhances forecast accuracy by generating an
      ensemble of precipitation forecasts that account for
      uncertainties in the prediction process. For a comprehensive
      overview of the methodologies employed in this package, please
      refer to Jiang, Z., and Johnson, F. (2023)
      <doi:10.1029/2022EF003350>. The package relies on two packages
      for continuous wavelet transforms: 'WaveletComp', which can be
      installed automatically, and 'wmtsa', which is optional and
      available from the CRAN archive
      <https://cran.r-project.org/src/contrib/Archive/wmtsa/>. Users
      need to manually install 'wmtsa' from this archive if they
      prefer to use 'wmtsa' based decomposition.
License GPL (>= 3)
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
Depends R (>= 3.5.0)
Imports MBC, WaveletComp, matrixStats, ggplot2
Suggests stats, tidyr, dplyr, wmtsa, scales, data.table, graphics,
      testthat (>= 3.0.0), knitr, rmarkdown, bookdown
Config/testthat/edition 3
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
```

VignetteBuilder knitr

bc\_cwt

## NeedsCompilation no

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## **Contents**

```
      bc_cwt
      2

      fun_cwt_J
      3

      fun_icwt
      4

      fun_ifft
      5

      NWP.rain
      5

      prsim
      6

      RankHist
      6

      sample
      7

Index
```

bc\_cwt

CWT based quantile mapping

## **Description**

CWT based quantile mapping

## Usage

```
bc_cwt(
  data,
  subset,
  variable,
  theta = 0.1,
  QM = c("MBC", "MRS", "QDM"),
  number_sim = 5,
  wavelet = "morlet",
  dt = 1,
  dj = 1,
 method = "M2",
  block = 3,
  seed = NULL,
 PR.cal = FALSE,
  do.plot = FALSE,
)
```

fun\_cwt\_J

## **Arguments**

data a list of input dataset

subset a index of number denoting the subset for calibration variable a character string denoting the type of variable.

theta threshold of rainfall.

QM a character string denoting the qm method used.

number\_sim The total number of realizations.

wavelet a character string denoting the wavelet filter to use in calculating the CWT.

dt sampling resolution in the time domain.

dj sampling resolution in the frequency domain.

method Shuffling method, M1: non-shuffling and M2: shuffling. M2 by default.

block Block size.

seed Seed for shuffling process.

PR.cal Logical value for phase randomization of calibration.

do.plot Logical value for ploting.

... Additional arguments for QDM.

#### Value

a list of post-processed data

fun\_cwt\_J Function: Total number of decomposition levels

## **Description**

Function: Total number of decomposition levels

## Usage

```
fun_cwt_J(n, dt, dj)
```

## **Arguments**

n sample size.

dt sampling resolution in the time domain.dj sampling resolution in the frequency domain.

## Value

the total number of decomposition levels.

fun\_icwt

fun\_icwt

Inverse of continuous wavelet transform

## **Description**

Inverse of continuous wavelet transform

## Usage

```
fun_icwt(x.wave, dt, dj, flag.wav = "WaveletComp", scale = NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

x.wave input complex matrix.

dt sampling resolution in the time domain.

dj sampling resolution in the frequency domain.

flag.wav String for two different CWT packages.

scale Wavelet scales.

#### Value

reconstructed time series

## References

fun\_stoch\_sim\_wave in PRSim, Brunner and Furrer, 2020.

## Examples

```
set.seed(100)

dt<-1
dj<-1/8
flag.wav <- switch(2, "wmtsa", "WaveletComp")

n <- 100
x <- rnorm(n)
x.wave <- t(WaveletComp::WaveletTransform(x=x)$Wave)
rec <- fun_icwt(x.wave, dt, dj, flag.wav)

x.wt <- WaveletComp::analyze.wavelet(data.frame(x=x),"x",dt=dt,dj=dj)
rec_orig <- WaveletComp::reconstruct(x.wt,only.sig = FALSE, plot.rec = FALSE)$series$x.r

### compare to original series
op <- par(mfrow = c(1, 1), mar=c(3,3,1,1), mgp=c(1, 0.5, 0))
plot(1:n, x, type="1", lwd=5, xlab=NA, ylab=NA)
lines(1:n, rec_orig, col="blue", lwd=1)</pre>
```

fun\_ifft 5

fun\_ifft

Inverse Fourier transform

## Description

Inverse Fourier transform

## Usage

```
fun_ifft(x, do.plot = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

x input time series.

do.plot Logical value of plot.

#### Value

reconstruction time series

## References

fun\_stoch\_sim in PRSim, Brunner and Furrer, 2020.

## **Examples**

```
x <- rnorm(100)
x.new <- fun_ifft(x, do.plot=TRUE)</pre>
```

NWP.rain

Australia NWP rainfall forecasts at lead 1h over Sydney region

## Description

A dataset containing 160 stations including observation and raw forecasts.

## Usage

```
data(NWP.rain)
```

6 RankHist

prsim

Phase randomization and shuffling

## **Description**

Phase randomization and shuffling

## Usage

```
prsim(
  modulus,
  phases,
  noise_mat,
  method = c("M1", "M2")[2],
  size = 3,
  seed = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

modulus Modulus of complex values.

phases Argument of complex values.

noise\_mat Complex matrix from random time series.

method Shuffling method, M1: non-shuffling and M2: shuffling. M2 by default.

size Block size.

seed Seed for shuffling process.

## Value

A new complex matrix

RankHist

Verification Rank and Histogram

## **Description**

Verification Rank and Histogram

## Usage

```
RankHist(forecasts, observations, do.plot = FALSE)
```

sample 7

## Arguments

forecasts A matrix of ensemble forecasts, in which the rows corresponds to locations and

times and the columns correspond to the individual ensemble members.

observations A vector of observations corresponding to the locations and times of the fore-

casts.

do.plot Logical value of plot.

## Value

A vector giving the rank of verifying observations relative to the corresponding ensemble forecasts. The verification rank historgram is plotted.

## References

ensembleBMA::verifRankHist

sample

Sample data: Rainfall forecasts data

## Description

A dataset containing 2 stations including observation and raw forecasts.

## Usage

data(sample)

# **Index**