

Package: TailClassifier (via r-universe)

August 25, 2024

Type Package

Title Tail Classifier

Version 0.1.1

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Description The function TailClassifier() suggests one of the following types of tail for your discrete data: 1) Power decaying tail; 2) Sub-exponential decaying tail; and 3) Near-exponential decaying tail. The function also provides an estimate of the parameter for the classified-distribution as a reference.

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Imports ggplot2, cowplot, scales, stats, utils

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2023-10-30 05:00:02 UTC

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TailClassifier*Tail Classifier*

Description

The function TailClassifier() suggests one of the following types of tail for your discrete data: 1) Power decaying tail; 2) Sub-exponential decaying tail; and 3) Near-exponential decaying tail. The function also provides an estimate of the parameter for the classified-distribution as a reference.

Usage

```
TailClassifier(
    sample_frequencies,
    v_left = 20,
    v_right = min(floor(sum(sample_frequencies)/20),
        sum(sample_frequencies[sample_frequencies > 1]) - 1),
    plot_lower = v_left,
    plot_upper = v_right,
    Plot0_title = "Plot 0 of Heavy Tail Detection \n \n",
    Plot1_title = "Plot 1 of Heavy Tail Detection",
    Plot2_title = "Plot 2 of Heavy Tail Detection",
    Plot3_title = "Plot 3 of Heavy Tail Detection",
    C_Level = 0.95,
    ConfidenceBand = T,
    Plot_0_y_limit_lower_extend = 1.5,
    Plot_0_y_limit_upper_extend = 1.5,
    Plot_1_y_limit_lower_extend = 0.25,
    Plot_1_y_limit_upper_extend = 0.25,
    Plot_2_y_limit_lower_extend = 0.25,
    Plot_2_y_limit_upper_extend = 0.25,
    Plot_3_y_limit_lower_extend = 0.25,
    Plot_3_y_limit_upper_extend = 0.25
)
```

Arguments

sample_frequencies

The frequency counts for your discrete sample data.

v_left

The starting point of tail profile. 20 is recommended. A smaller v_left may lead to unreliable results. A larger v_left might be adopted if the sample size is extremely large.

v_right

The ending point of tail profile. Recommendation is no more than 100 regardless of sample size.

plot_lower

The lower range of v-axis.

plot_upper

The upper range of v-axis.

Plot0_title

The title for Plot0. The default is “Plot 0 of Heavy Tail Detection”.

Plot1_title The title for Plot1. The default is “Plot 1 of Heavy Tail Detection”.
 Plot2_title The title for Plot2. The default is “Plot 2 of Heavy Tail Detection”.
 Plot3_title The title for Plot3. The default is “Plot 3 of Heavy Tail Detection”.
 C_Level The confidence level of confidence intervals in results. The default is 0.95.
 ConfidenceBand TRUE if a confidence band is requested. FALSE otherwise.
 Plot_0_y_limit_lower_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 0 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_0_y_limit_upper_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 1 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_1_y_limit_lower_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 2 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_1_y_limit_upper_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 3 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_2_y_limit_lower_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 0 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_2_y_limit_upper_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 1 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_3_y_limit_lower_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 2 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.
 Plot_3_y_limit_upper_extend
 Modify the y limit in Plot 3 to allow the confidence band to correctly display in different scenarios.

Value

A statement on the type of tail.

Examples

```

## Power Example
# Generate data from power decaying distribution with parameter 1.5
rpar <- function(n, a, xm = 1) {
  v <- runif(n)
  xm / v^(1.0/a)
}
dpar <- function(x, a, xm = 1){
  return(a*xm^a/(x^(a+1)))
}
set.seed(2023)
data <- floor(rpar(1000, 0.5)) # lambda = 1.5
Result <- TailClassifier(table(data), plot_lower = 5, plot_upper = 400, v_left = 20, v_right = 54,

```

```
Plot_0_y_limit_upper_extend = 8)
## display the results
Result
## call the classification decision
Result$type
## call the confidence intervals for the parameters
data.frame(Result$Results[3])[ ,c(1,3:4)]
## call a specific plot
Result$Results[[1]][1]
Result$Results[[1]][2]
Result$Results[[1]][3]
Result$Results[[1]][4]
## check the rank of possible type of tails
Result$Rank
```

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