

Package: NHSDataDictionaRy (via r-universe)

September 3, 2024

Type Package

Title NHS Data Dictionary Toolset for NHS Lookups

Version 1.2.5

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Description Providing a common set of simplified web scraping tools for working with the NHS Data Dictionary <https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_elements_overview.html>. The intended usage is to access the data elements section of the NHS Data Dictionary to access key lookups. The benefits of having it in this package are that the lookups are the live lookups on the website and will not need to be maintained. This package was commissioned by the NHS-R community <<https://nhsrcommunity.com/>> to provide this consistency of lookups. The OpenSafely lookups have now been added <<https://www.opencodelists.org/docs/>>.

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData false

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Imports xml2, dplyr, magrittr, rvest, stringr, purrr, tibble, http

Collate 'left_xl.R' 'len_xl.R' 'linkScrapeR.R' 'mid_xl.R'
'nhs_data_elements.R' 'scrapeR.R' 'tableR.R'
'nhs_table_findeR.R' 'right_xl.R' 'openSafely_listR.R'
'xpathTextR.R'

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, spelling

VignetteBuilder knitr

Language en-US

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-07-09 13:10:05 UTC

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left_xl	<i>left_xl function This function replicates the LEFT function in Excel and is utilised for left trimming of character strings</i>
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Description

left_xl function This function replicates the LEFT function in Excel and is utilised for left trimming of character strings

Usage

```
left_xl(text, num_char = 0)
```

Arguments

text	The text you want to LEFT trim
num_char	The number of characters your want to trim by

Value

Trims the text entered by the number of character parameter and returns the trimmed string

Examples

```
left_xl(text= "This is some example text", num_char = 4)
```

len_xl	<i>len_xl function</i>
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Description

This function replicates the LEN function in Excel and is utilised for finding the length of character strings.

Usage

```
len_xl(text, ...)
```

Arguments

text	The text you want to calculate the length
...	Function forwarding to work with the base nchar method

Value

An integer value calculating the length of the text passed

Examples

```
len_xl("Guess the length of me!")
```

linkScrapeR	<i>linkScrapeR</i>
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Description

This is used to scrape all hyperlinks from a specific web page.

Usage

```
linkScrapeR(url, SSL_needed = FALSE)
```

Arguments

url	The website URL to detect active anchor hyperlink tags and extract them into a tibble
SSL_needed	Default - FALSE - Boolean to indicate whether to need a SSL certificate

Details

Once the links have been scraped they will be outputted into a tibble for exploration. This can be used on any website to pull back the hyperlink content of a web page.

Value

A tibble (class data.frame) with all active hyperlinks on the website for the URL (uniform resource locator) passed to the function.

- result - the extracted html table from url and xpath passed
- link_name - the name of the link
- url - the full url of the active href tag from HTML

Examples

```
linkScrapeR("https://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/", FALSE)
```

mid_xl	<i>mid_xl function</i>
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Description

This function replicates the MID function in Excel and is utilised for left trimming of character strings.

Usage

```
mid_xl(text, start_num = 1, num_char = 0)
```

Arguments

text	The text you want to MID trim
start_num	The start number to start the trim. This needs to be numeric.
num_char	The number of characters your want to trim by. This field needs to be numeric.

Details

This has been included as a convenience function for working with text and string data.

Value

The extracted text between the start_num and the num_char to produce a sub string result.

Examples

```
mid_xl(text= "This is some example text", start_num = 6, num_char = 10)
```

```
mid_xl(text= "This is some example text", start_num = 6, num_char = 10)
```

nhs_data_elements *NHS data elements method*

Description

Searches all the data elements in the data element index of the NHS data dictionary and returns the links.

Usage

```
nhs_data_elements()
```

Details

This function has no input parameters and returns the

Value

A tibble (class data frame) with the results of scraping the NHS Data Dictionary website for the data elements look ups, if no return this will produce an appropriate informational message.

- link_name - the name of the scraped link. This relates to the actual name of the data element from the NHS Data Dictionary.
- url - the url passed to the parameter
- full_url - the full url of where the data element is on the NHS Data Dictionary website
- xpath_nat_code - utilises the element in the website and appends the link_short - to pull back only national codes from the dictionary site. NOTE: not all of the returns will have national code tables.
- xpath_default_codes - pulls back the data dictionary default codes - these can be then used with the national codes
- xpath_also_known - pulls back the data dictionary elements alias table - this will be available for all data elements

Examples

```
nhs_data_lookup <- nhs_data_elements()  
head(nhs_data_lookup, 10)
```

nhs_table_findeR	<i>nhs_table_findeR function</i>
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Description

This function uses the [tableR](#) parent function to return a table of elements, specifically from the NHS Data Dictionary

Usage

```
nhs_table_findeR(data_element_name, ...)
```

Arguments

data_element_name	The data element name from NHS Data Dictionation i.e. ACCOMMODATION STATUS CODE
...	Function forwarding to parent function to pass additional arguments to function (e.g. title, add_zero_prefix)

Value

A tibble (class data.frame) output from the results of the web scrape

- result - the extracted national HTML code table from the element page of the NHS Data Dictionary
- DictType - defaults to Not Specified if nothing passed, however allows for custom dictionary / data frame tags to be created
- DttmExtracted - a date and time stamp

Examples

```
#Returns a tibble from tableR parent function  
nhs_table_findeR("ACCOMMODATION STATUS CODE", title="ACCOM_STATUS")  
nhs_table_findeR("accommodation status code") #Changes case to match
```

openSafely_listR *openSafely_listR function*

Description

This function uses the [tableR](#) parent function to return a table of elements, specifically from the OpenSafely Code List <https://www.opencodelists.org/>

Usage

```
openSafely_listR(list_name, version = "", ...)
```

Arguments

list_name	The code list ID from https://www.opencodelists.org/ for which to return the National table of elements, for example "opensafely/ace-inhibitor-medications"
version	The version of the code list if not the most recent
...	Function forwarding to parent function to pass additional arguments to function (e.g. title, add_zero_prefix)

Value

A tibble (class data.frame) output from the results of the web scrape

- type - the OpenSafely type
- id - the id for the OpenSafely element
- bnf_code - British National Formulary - NICE guidelines code
- nm - medicine type, dosage and manufacturer
- Dict_type - title specified for dictionary
- DttmExtracted - the date and time the code set was extracted

Examples

```
openSafely_listR("opensafely/ace-inhibitor-medications")  
#Pull back current list  
openSafely_listR("opensafely/ace-inhibitor-medications", "2020-05-19")  
#Pull back list with date
```

`right_xl`*right_xl function*

Description

This function replicates the RIGHT function in Excel and is utilised for right trimming of character strings.

Usage

```
right_xl(text, num_char = 0)
```

Arguments

<code>text</code>	The text you want to RIGHT trim
<code>num_char</code>	The number of characters your want to trim by. This field needs to be numeric.

Details

This has been included as a convenience function for working with text and string data.

Value

The trimmed string from the text parameter and trimming by the number of characters num_char passed to the parameter.

Examples

```
right_xl(text= "This is some example text", num_char = 10)
```

```
right_xl(text= "This is some example text", num_char = 10)
```

`scrapeR`*ScrapeR - scrape web information with scrapeR*

Description

Takes the url and xpath and scrapes HTML table elements from a website.

Usage

```
scrapeR(url, xpath, ...)
```

Arguments

url	Website address to connect to
xpath	Xpath obtained through inspecting the individual HTML elements
...	Function to pass additional function forwarding options

Details

This function is specifically designed to work with HTML tables and x path links through to direct HTML elements. The function is versatile and can be used on any URL where an xpath can be obtained through the URL and HTML inspection process.

Value

Returns the results of the scraping operation and the relevant fields from the html table - the xpath should make reference to an html table, otherwise an error is returned advising the user to check the xpath and url are correct.

tableR	<i>tableR function</i>
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Description

This function uses the scapeR parent function to return a table of elements

Usage

```
tableR(url, xpath, title = "Not Specified", add_zero_prefix = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

url	The URL of the website to scrape the table element from
xpath	The unique xpath of the HTML element to be scraped
title	Unique name for the relevant HTML table that has been scraped
add_zero_prefix	Adds zero prefixes to certain codes that get converted by native functions
...	Function forwarding to parent function to pass additional arguments to function

Value

A tibble (class data.frame) output from the results of the web scrape

- result - the extracted html table from url and xpath passed
- DictType - defaults to Not Specified if nothing passed, however allows for custom dictionary / data frame tags to be created
- DttmExtracted - a date and time stamp

`xpathTextR`*xpathTextR function*

Description

Returns xpath text from websites and can be used to access specific HTML nodes

Usage

```
xpathTextR(url, xpath, ssl_needed = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	The link for the website
<code>xpath</code>	The xpath string derived by using the Inspect functionality in a web browser.
<code>ssl_needed</code>	Default - FALSE - Boolean to indicate whether to need a SSL certificate

Value

A list with the results of scraping the specific xpath element

- `result` - the extracted text from the website element that has been scraped
- `website_passed` - a copy of the input url for the website
- `html_node_result` - returns the extracted html node result
- `datetime_access` - returns a timestamp of when the results of the scraping operation have been completed
- `person_accessed` - retrieves the system environment stored username and domain - this is concatenated together to form a mixed character string

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