Years of Life Lost (YLL) to disease: Diabetes in DK as example

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Bendix Carstensen Steno Diabetes Center Copenhagen, Herlev, Denmark & Department of Biostatistics, University of Copenhagen b@bxc.dk http://BendixCarstensen.com

1	Theory and technicalities												
	1.1 Years of life lost (YLL)												
	1.2	ructing the survival curves	. 2										
		1.2.1	Total mortality — a shortcut?	. 4									
		1.2.2	Disease duration	. 4									
		1.2.3	Computing integrals	. 4									
	1.3	Survival functions in the illness-death model											
		1.3.1	Immune approach	. 5									
			Conditional survival functions	. 5									
		1.3.2	Non-immune approach	. 5									
			Conditional survival functions	. 6									
2	Analyses for DM in Denmark												
	2.1 Modeling mortality and incidence data												
	2.2	2.2 Residual life time and years lost to DM											
Re	efere	nces		15									

Start time: 2024-11-25, 19:33:01

Chapter 1

Theory and technicalities

This vignette for the Epi package describes the probabilistic and demographic background for and technical implementation of the erl and yll functions that computes the expected residual life time and years of life lost in an illness-death model.

1.1 Years of life lost (YLL)

... to diabetes or any other disease for that matter.

The general concept in calculation of "years lost to..." is the comparison of the expected lifetime between two groups of persons; one with and one without disease (in this example DM). The expected lifetime is the area under the survival curve, so basically the exercise requires that two survival curves that are deemed relevant be available.

The years of life lost is therefore just the area between the survival curves for those "Well", $S_W(t)$, and for those "Diseased", $S_D(t)$:

$$YLL = \int_0^\infty S_W(t) - S_D(t) \, \mathrm{d}t$$

The time t could of course be age, but it could also be "time after age 50" and the survival curves compared would then be survival curves *conditional* on survival till age 50, and the YLL would be the years of life lost for a 50 year old person with diabetes relative to a 50 year old person without diabetes.

If we are referring to the expected lifetime we will more precisely use the label expected residual lifetime, ERL.

1.2 Constructing the survival curves

YLL can be computed in two different ways, depending on the way the survival curve and hence the expected lifetime of a person *without* diabetes is computed:

- Assume that the "Well" persons are *immune* to disease using only the non-DM mortality rates throughout for calculation of expected life time.
- Assume that the "Well" persons *can* acquire the disease and thereby see an increased mortality, thus involving all three rates shown in figure 1.1.

The former gives a higher YLL because the comparison is to persons assumed immune to DM (and yet with the same mortality as non-immune prior to diagnosis), the latter gives a more realistic picture of the comparison of group of persons with and without diabetes at a given age that can be interpreted in the real world.

The differences can be illustrated by figure 1.1; the immune approach corresponds to an assumption of $\lambda(t) = 0$ in the calculation of the survival curve for a person in the "Well" state.

Calculation of the survival of a diseased person already in the "DM" state is unaffected by assumptions about λ .

We can illustrate the states and transitions using boxes:

```
> library(Epi)
> TM <- matrix(NA, 4, 4)
 rownames(TM) <-
>
  colnames(TM) <- c("Well", "DM", "Dead", "Dead(DM)")</pre>
+
> TM[1, 2:3] <- TM[2, 4] <- 1
> TM
         Well DM Dead Dead(DM)
Well
           NA
               1
                     1
                              NA
            NA NA
DM
                    NA
                               1
Dead
           NA NA
                    NA
                              NA
Dead(DM)
           NA NA
                    NA
                              NA
> zz < -boxes(TM, boxpos = list(x = c(20, 80, 20, 80))
+
                                  y = c(80, 80, 20, 20)),
                   wm = 1.5,
+
                   hm = 4)
+
```

We can edit the output from **boxes** to get the proper annotation of the transition rates:

```
> zz$Arrowtext <- c(expression(lambda(a)),
+ expression(mu[W](a)),
+ expression(mu[D][M](a,d)))
> boxes.MS(zz)
```



Figure 1.1: Illness-death model describing diabetes incidence and -mortality and functions of age and duration ./yll-states

1.2.1 Total mortality — a shortcut?

A practical crude shortcut could be to compare the ERL in the diabetic population to the ERL for the *entire* population (that is using the total mortality ignoring diabetes status).

Note however that this approach also counts the mortality of persons that acquired the disease earlier, thus making the comparison population on average more ill than the population we aim at, namely those well at a given time, which only then become more gradually ill.

How large these effects are can however be empirically explored, as we shall do later.

1.2.2 Disease duration

In the exposition above there is no explicit provision for the effect of disease duration, but if we were able to devise mortality rates for any combination of age and duration, this could be taken into account.

There are however severe limitations in this as we in principle would want to have duration effects as long as the age-effects — in principle for all (a, d) where $d \leq A$, where A is the age at which we condition. So even if we were only to compute ERL from age, say, 40 we would still need duration effects up to 60 years (namely to age 100).

The incorporation of duration effects is in principle trivial from a computational point of view, but we would be forced to entertain models predicting duration effects way beyond what is actually observed disease duration in any practical case.

1.2.3 Computing integrals

The practical calculations of survival curves, ERL and YLL involves calculation of (cumulative) integrals of rates and functions of these as we shall see below. This is easy if we have a closed form expression of the function, so its value may be computed at any time point — this will be the case if we model rates by smooth parametric functions.

Computing the (cumulative) integral of a function is done as follows:

- Compute the value of the function (mortality rate for example) at the midpoints of a sequence of narrow equidistant intervals for example one- or three month intervals of age, say.
- Take the cumulative sum of these values multiplied by the interval length this will be a very close approximation to the cumulative integral evaluated at the end of each interval.
- If the intervals are really small (like 1/100 year), the distinction between the value at the middle and at the end of each interval becomes irrelevant.

Note that in the above it is assumed that the rates are given in units corresponding to the interval length — or more precisely, as the cumulative rates over the interval.

1.3 Survival functions in the illness-death model

The survival functions for persons in the "Well" state can be computed under two fundamentally different scenarios, depending on whether persons in the "Well" state are assumed to be immune to the disease $(\lambda(a) = 0)$ or not.

1.3.1 Immune approach

In this case both survival functions for person in the two states are the usual simple transformation of the cumulative mortality rates:

$$S_W(a) = \exp\left(-\int_0^a \mu_W(u) \,\mathrm{d}u\right), \qquad S_D(a) = \exp\left(-\int_0^a \mu_D(u) \,\mathrm{d}u\right)$$

Conditional survival functions

If we want the *conditional* survival functions given survival to age A, say, they are just:

$$S_W(a|A) = S_W(a)/S_W(A), \qquad S_D(a|A) = S_D(a)/S_D(A)$$

1.3.2 Non-immune approach

For a diseased person, the survival function in this states is the same as above, but the survival function for a person without disease (at age 0) is (see figure 1.1):

$$S(a) = P\{Well\}(a) + P\{DM\}(a)$$

In the appendix of the paper [2] is an indication of how to compute the probability of being in any of the four states shown in figure 1.1, which I shall repeat here:

In terms of the rates, the probability of being in the "Well" box is simply the probability of escaping both death (at a rate of $\mu_W(a)$) and diabetes (at a rate of $\lambda(a)$):

$$P\{Well\}(a) = \exp\left(-\int_0^a \mu_W(u) + \lambda(u)\right) du$$

The probability of being alive with diabetes at age a, is computed given that diabetes occurred at age s (s < a) and then integrated over s from 0 to a:

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{P}\{\mathrm{DM}\}\left(a\right) &= \int_{0}^{a} \mathrm{P}\{\mathrm{survive \ to}\ s,\ \mathrm{DM}\ \mathrm{diagnosed\ at}\ s\} \\ &\qquad \times \mathrm{P}\{\mathrm{survive\ with\ DM\ from\ }s\ \mathrm{to}\ a\}\ \mathrm{d}s \\ &= \int_{0}^{a} \lambda(s) \exp\left(-\int_{0}^{s} \mu_{W}(u) + \lambda(u) \,\mathrm{d}u\right) \\ &\qquad \times \exp\left(-\int_{s}^{a} \mu_{D}(u) \,\mathrm{d}u\right) \,\mathrm{d}s \end{split}$$

Sometimes we will use a version where the mortality among diabetes patients depend both on age a and duration of diabetes, d, $\mu_D(a, d)$, in which case we get:

$$P\{DM\}(a) = \int_0^a \lambda(s) \exp\left(-\int_0^s \mu_W(u) + \lambda(u) \, du\right)$$
$$\times \exp\left(-\int_s^a \mu_D(u, u - s) \, du\right) \, ds$$

because the integration variable u is the age-scale and the second integral refers to mortality among persons diagnosed at age s, that is, with duration u - s at age u.

The option of using duration-dependent mortality rates among diseased individuals is not implemented yet.

Conditional survival functions

Unlike the immune approach, the conditional survival function in the more realistic case is not just a ratio of the unconditional to the value at the conditioning age, A, say. This would amount to conditioning on being merely *alive* at age A, but what we want is to condition on being in the "Well" state at age A.

The formulae for the conditional probabilities of being either in "Well" or "DM", given being in "Well" at age A are basically replicates of the unconditional, albeit with changes in integration limits:

$$P\{\text{Well}|\text{Well at } A\}(a) = \exp\left(-\int_{A}^{a} \mu_{W}(u) + \lambda(u)\right) du$$
$$P\{\text{DM}|\text{Well at } A\}(a) = \int_{A}^{a} \lambda(s) \exp\left(-\int_{A}^{s} \mu_{W}(u) + \lambda(u) du\right)$$
$$\times \exp\left(-\int_{s}^{a} \mu_{D}(u, u - s) du\right) ds$$

The calculation of these conditional survival functions is implemented but not allowing for duration-dependence. Thus it is only implemented assuming $\mu_D(a, d) = \mu_D(a)$.

Chapter 2

Analyses for DM in Denmark

The rates we use as basis for the following calculations are derived from the NDR, where we have omitted the blood-glucose criteria, because there is compelling evidence that these have quite a low specificity (particularly in the younger ages among women), and do not substantially contribute to the sensitivity.

As noted above the calculations of YLL requires access to (age-specific) rates of incidence of DM and mortality for persons with and without DM.

2.1 Modeling mortality and incidence data

We read in the dataset of DM and population mortality and incidence, DMepi:

```
> data(DMepi)
```

The dataset DMepi contains diabetes events, deaths and person-years for persons without diabetes and deaths and person-years for persons with diabetes, classified by age (A) and calendar year (P):

```
> str(DMepi)
'data.frame':
                    4200 obs. of 8 variables:
 $ sex : Factor w/ 2 levels "M", "F": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
      : num 0000000000...
 $ A
       : num 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 ...
 $ P
 $ D.DM: num 0000000000...
 $ Y.DM: num 0.484 0.64 1.641 0.552 2.507 ...
      : num 1244411341...
 $ X
 $ D.nD: num
             28 19 20 11 21 16 21 15 16 16 ...
$ Y.nD: num 35469 35085 34240 34056 34002 ...
> head(DMepi)
 sex A
          P D.DM
                      Y.DM X D.nD
                                      Y.nD
2
   M 0 1996
               0 0.4839151 1
                               28 35468.92
3
   M 0 1997
               0 0.6399726 2
                               19 35085.18
4
   M 0 1998
               0 1.6406571 4
                               20 34240.14
5
   M 0 1999
               0 0.5523614 4
                               11 34055.52
6
   M 0 2000
               0 2.5065024 4
                               21 34002.22
7
   M 0 2001
               0 0.1184120 1
                               16 34177.39
```

For each combination of sex, age, period and date of birth in 1 year age groups, we have the person-years in the "Well" (Y.nD) and the "DM" (Y.DM) states, as well as the number of

deaths from these (D.nD, D.DM) and the number of incident diabetes cases from the "Well" state (X).

In order to compute the years of life lost to diabetes and how this has changed over time, we fit models for the mortality and incidence of both groups (and of course, separately for men and women). The models we use will be age-period-cohort models [1] providing estimated mortality rates for ages 0–99 and dates 1.1.1996–1.1.2016.

First we transform the age and period variables to reflect the mean age and period in each of the Lexis triangles. We also compute the total number of deaths and amount of risk time, as we are going to model the total mortality as well. Finally we restrict the dataset to ages over 30 only:

```
> DMepi <- transform(subset(DMepi, A > 30),
+
                      A = A + 0.5,
                      P = P + 0.5
+
                    D.T = D.nD + D.DM,
+
                    Y.T = Y.nD + Y.DM
+
>
 head(DMepi)
    sex
           А
                  P D.DM
                              Y.DM X D.nD
                                                Y.nD D.T
                                                               Y. T
                                                       51 44467.80
684
      M 31.5 1996.5
                        0 305.9671 29
                                         51 44161.83
                        2 326.2074 31
685
      M 31.5 1997.5
                                         54 45508.64
                                                       56 45834.85
686
      M 31.5 1998.5
                        2 340.1759 34
                                         46 44954.45
                                                       48 45294.63
687
      M 31.5 1999.5
                        5 330.9918 24
                                         39 41148.97
                                                       44 41479.96
      M 31.5 2000.5
                                         26 39027.30
688
                        1 332.0876 41
                                                       27 39359.39
      M 31.5 2001.5
689
                        2 310.8467 35
                                         33 37975.78
                                                       35 38286.63
```

With the correct age and period coding in the Lexis triangles, we fit models for the mortalities and incidences. Note that we for comparative purposes also fit a model for the *total* mortality, ignoring the

```
> # Knots used in all models
> (a.kn <- seq(40, 95, , 6))
[1] 40 51 62 73 84 95
> (p.kn <- seq(1997, 2015, , 4))
[1] 1997 2003 2009 2015
> (c.kn <- seq(1910, 1976, , 6))
[1] 1910.0 1923.2 1936.4 1949.6 1962.8 1976.0
> # Check the number of events between knots
> ae <- xtabs(cbind(D.nD, D.DM, X) ~ cut(A, c(30, a.kn, Inf)) + sex, data=DMepi)
> ftable(addmargins(ae, 1), col.vars=3:2)
                                 D.nD
                                                D.DM
                                                                   Х
                                    М
                                            F
                                                    М
                                                           F
                                                                   М
                                                                           F
                           sex
cut(A, c(30, a.kn, Inf))
(30, 40]
                                 7784
                                         3924
                                                  486
                                                         223
                                                               10095
                                                                       8151
(40, 51]
                                23432
                                        14290
                                                 2558
                                                        1259
                                                               32986
                                                                      22480
(51, 62]
                                55971
                                        37306
                                                9788
                                                        4695
                                                               58896
                                                                      38864
(62,73]
                               101481
                                        76530
                                               24769
                                                       13197
                                                               57990
                                                                      44699
                                               34639
                                                               30628
(73, 84]
                               155762 148617
                                                       27535
                                                                      32158
(84, 95]
                               112373
                                      187674
                                                18702
                                                       27540
                                                                6554
                                                                      10661
(95, Inf]
                                 9424
                                        31075
                                                  981
                                                        2898
                                                                 170
                                                                         451
                               466227 499416
                                               91923
                                                       77347 197319 157464
\texttt{Sum}
> pe <- xtabs(cbind(D.nD, D.DM, X) ~ cut(P, c(1990, p.kn, Inf)) + sex, data=DMepi)
```

> ftable(addmargins(pe, 1), col.vars=3:2)

	D.nD		D.	DM		Х		
Sez	: M	F	7	М	F	М	F	
cut(P, c(1990, p.kn, Inf))								
(1990,1997]	26103	26841	31	58 29	49 66	655 5	546	
(1997,2003]	146216	157184	l 215	03 193	67 466	654 38	553	
(2003,2009]	133236	143847	′ 254	03 219	57 591	19 47	791	
(2009,2015]	121330	130112	2 304	92 241	32 649	980 50	568	
(2015,Inf]	39342	41432	2 113	67 89	42 199	911 15	006	
Sum	466227	499416	5 919	23 773	47 1973	319 157	464	
<pre>> ce <- xtabs(cbind(D.nD. D.D.)</pre>	(, X) ~ (cut(P-A	4. c(-	Inf. c.	kn. Tni	f)) + s	ex. data	a=DMepi)
<pre>> ftable(addmargins(ce, 1), co</pre>	ol.vars=3	3:2)	-, -(, 。.	,	.,,	,	
	Ε).nD		D.DM		Х		
	sex	М	F	М	F	М	F	
<pre>cut(P - A, c(-Inf, c.kn, Inf))</pre>								
(-Inf,1.91e+03]	19	9679 4	9020	2004	4446	599	1416	
(1.91e+03,1.92e+03]	129	9799 18	39192	19780	26870	10665	15275	
(1.92e+03,1.94e+03]	158	3953 15	52454	35667	28471	37850	36659	
(1.94e+03,1.95e+03]	99	9058 7	2432	25494	13074	71489	50631	
(1.95e+03,1.96e+03]	44	129 2	28315	7534	3731	51750	34255	
(1.96e+03,1.98e+03]	13	3598	7484	1373	720	22942	17689	
(1.98e+03, Inf]	1	011	519	71	35	2024	1539	
Sum	466	5227 49	99416	91923	77347	197319	157464	
> # Fit an APC-model for all t	ransitio	ons, se	eparat	ely for	. men ai	nd wome	n	
> mW.m <- glm(cbind(D.nD, Y.nl))~_1+	⊦ Ns(Â,	knots=a	.kn, iı	nt=TRUE	:) +	
+		Ns(P	,	knots=p	.kn, re	ef=2005) +	
+		Ns(P	- A,	knots=c	.kn, re	ef=1950),	
+ family = poisreg	5,							
+ data = subset	(DMepi, s	sex=="N	<i>(</i> "))					
> mD.m <- update(mW.m, cbind(1).DM, Y.L	ОМ) ~ .	.)					
> mT.m <- update(mW.m, cbind(l).T, Y.T	г) ~ .	.)					
> lW.m <- update(mW.m, cbind()	, Ү.г	nD) ~ .)					
> # Model for women								
<pre>> mW.f <- update(mW.m, data =</pre>	subset(I	OMepi,	sex =	= "F"))				
<pre>> mD.f <- update(mD.m, data =</pre>	subset(I	OMepi,	sex =	= "F"))				
<pre>> mT.f <- update(mT.m, data =</pre>	subset(I	OMepi,	sex =	= "F"))				
> lW.f <- update(lW.m, data =	subset(I	OMepi,	sex =	= "F"))				

2.2 Residual life time and years lost to DM

We now collect the estimated years of life lost classified by method (immunity assumption or not), sex, age and calendar time:

```
> a.ref <- 30:90
> p.ref <- 1996:2016
> aYLL <- NArray(list(type = c("Imm", "Tot", "Sus"),</pre>
+
                         sex = levels(DMepi$sex),
+
                         age = a.ref,
                        date = p.ref))
+
> str(aYLL)
logi [1:3, 1:2, 1:61, 1:21] NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
 - attr(*, "dimnames")=List of 4
 ..$ type: chr [1:3] "Imm" "Tot" "Sus"
  ..$ sex : chr [1:2] "M" "F"
  ..$ age : chr [1:61] "30" "31" "32" "33" ...
  ..$ date: chr [1:21] "1996" "1997" "1998" "1999" ...
```

```
> system.time(
+ for(ip in p.ref)
+
     \{
+
     nd <- data.frame(A = seq(30, 90, 0.2)+0.1,
                         P = ip,
+
+
                      Y.nD = 1,
+
                     Y.DM = 1,
+
                      Y.T = 1)
+
     muW.m <- ci.pred(mW.m, nd)[, 1]</pre>
     muD.m <- ci.pred(mD.m, nd)[, 1]
+
+
     muT.m <- ci.pred(mT.m, nd)[, 1]</pre>
+
     lam.m <- ci.pred(lW.m, nd)[, 1]</pre>
+
     muW.f <- ci.pred(mW.f, nd)[, 1]</pre>
+
     muD.f <- ci.pred(mD.f, nd)[, 1]</pre>
+
     muT.f <- ci.pred(mT.f, nd)[, 1]</pre>
+
     lam.f <- ci.pred(lW.f, nd)[, 1]
     aYLL["Imm", "M", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muW.m, muD.m, lam=NULL,
+
+
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
     aYLL["Imm", "F", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muW.f, muD.f, lam=NULL,
+
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
+
     aYLL["Tot", "M", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muT.m, muD.m, lam=NULL,
+
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
+
+
     aYLL["Tot", "F", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muT.f, muD.f, lam=NULL,
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
+
+
     aYLL["Sus", "M", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muW.m, muD.m, lam=lam.m,
+
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
+
     aYLL["Sus", "F", , paste(ip)] <- yll(int=0.2, muW.f, muD.f, lam=lam.f,
+
                                            A=a.ref, age.in=30, note=FALSE)[-1]
+
     })
   user
         system elapsed
  9.504
          0.004
                   9.509
> round(ftable(aYLL[, , seq(1, 61, 10), ], col.vars=c(3, 2)), 1)
                            40
                                       50
                                                  60
                                                              70
                                                                                    90
           age
                 30
                                                                         80
                  М
                        F
                             М
                                   F
                                        М
                                              F
                                                   М
                                                         F
                                                              М
                                                                    F
                                                                               F
                                                                                     М
           sex
                                                                         М
type date
    1996
               11.3 10.3
                           9.4
                                 9.2
                                      7.5
                                            7.7
                                                 5.5
                                                       6.0
                                                            3.4
                                                                  3.8
                                                                       1.5
                                                                             1.6
                                                                                  0.0
Imm
                           9.3
                                9.0
                                      7.4
                                            7.5
     1997
               11.2 10.0
                                                 5.4
                                                       5.8
                                                            3.4
                                                                  3.8
                                                                       1.5
                                                                             1.6
                                                                                  0.0
                                                            3.4
                                                                             1.5
               11.0
                           9.2
                                8.7
                                      7.3
                                                 5.4
                                                       5.6
                                                                  3.6
     1998
                     9.8
                                            7.3
                                                                       1.5
                                                                                  0.0
                                                 5.3
     1999
               10.9
                     9.5
                           9.1
                                 8.5
                                      7.2
                                           7.1
                                                       5.4
                                                            3.3
                                                                  3.5
                                                                       1.4
                                                                             1.5
                                                                                  0.0
     2000
               10.7
                     9.2
                           9.0
                                8.3
                                      7.1
                                            6.9
                                                 5.2
                                                       5.2
                                                            3.3
                                                                  3.4
                                                                       1.4
                                                                             1.4
                                                                                  0.0
               10.4
                     9.0
                           8.8
                                8.0
                                      6.9
                                            6.7
                                                 5.1
                                                       5.1
                                                            3.2
                                                                  3.3
     2001
                                                                       1.4
                                                                             1.4
                                                                                  0.0
     2002
               10.2
                     8.7
                           8.6
                                7.8
                                      6.8
                                            6.4
                                                 5.0
                                                       4.9
                                                            3.2
                                                                  3.2
                                                                       1.4
                                                                             1.3
                                                                                  0.0
                                                       4.7
                                7.5
                                                 4.8
     2003
                9.9
                     8.4
                           8.4
                                      6.6
                                            6.2
                                                            3.1
                                                                  3.0
                                                                       1.3
                                                                             1.3
                                                                                  0.0
     2004
                9.6
                     8.1
                           8.1
                                 7.2
                                      6.4
                                            6.0
                                                 4.7
                                                       4.5
                                                            2.9
                                                                  2.9
                                                                             1.2
                                                                                  0.0
                                                                       1.2
                     7.7
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     2016
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Tot	1996	10.8	9.9	8.9	8.8	6.9	7.3	5.1	5.6	3.1	3.6	1.4	1.5	0.0	0.0
	1997	10.6	9.6	8.8	8.5	6.8	7.1	5.0	5.4	3.1	3.5	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
	1998	10.4	9.3	8.6	8.3	6.7	6.9	4.9	5.2	3.1	3.4	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
	1999	10.2	9.0	8.5	8.0	6.6	6.7	4.8	5.0	3.0	3.2	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
	2000	10.0	8.8	8.3	7.8	6.4	6.4	4.7	4.8	2.9	3.1	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
	2001	9.8	8.5	8.1	7.6	6.3	6.2	4.6	4.7	2.9	3.0	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.0
	2002	9.5	8.2	7.9	7.3	6.1	6.0	4.4	4.5	2.8	2.9	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
	2003	9.2	7.9	7.7	7.0	5.9	5.7	4.3	4.3	2.7	2.7	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
	2004	8.8	7.6	7.4	6.8	5.7	5.5	4.1	4.1	2.6	2.6	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
	2005	8.5	7.2	7.1	6.5	5.5	5.3	3.9	3.8	2.4	2.4	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
	2006	8.1	6.9	6.8	6.2	5.2	5.0	3.7	3.6	2.3	2.3	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
	2007	7.7	6.6	6.5	5.9	5.0	4.8	3.5	3.5	2.2	2.1	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
	2008	7.4	6.4	6.2	5.7	4.8	4.6	3.4	3.3	2.1	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2009	7.1	6.1	6.0	5.5	4.6	4.5	3.2	3.2	2.0	1.9	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2010	6.9	6.0	5.9	5.4	4.5	4.4	3.1	3.1	1.9	1.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2011	6.7	5.9	5.7	5.3	4.4	4.3	3.1	3.0	1.8	1.8	0.8	0.7	0.0	0.0
	2012	6.6	5.8	5.7	5.2	4.4	4.3	3.0	3.0	1.8	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
	2013	6.6	5.7	5.6	5.2	4.4	4.2	3.0	2.9	1.8	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
	2014	6.5	5.6	5.6	5.2	4.4	4.2	3.0	2.9	1.8	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
	2015	6.4	5.6	5.6	5.1	4.4	4.2	3.1	2.9	1.8	1.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
	2016	6.4	5.6	5.5	5.1	4.4	4.2	3.1	3.0	1.8	1.7	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.0
Sus	1996	10.4	9.6	8.5	8.5	6.7	7.2	5.0	5.6	3.2	3.7	1.4	1.6	0.0	0.0
	1997	10.2	9.3	8.4	8.3	6.6	6.9	5.0	5.4	3.2	3.6	1.4	1.5	0.0	0.0
	1998	10.0	9.0	8.3	8.0	6.5	6.7	4.9	5.2	3.2	3.5	1.4	1.5	0.0	0.0
	1999	9.8	8.7	8.1	7.8	6.4	6.5	4.8	5.0	3.1	3.4	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
	2000	9.6	8.5	8.0	7.6	6.3	6.3	4.7	4.8	3.1	3.2	1.4	1.4	0.0	0.0
	2001	9.4	8.2	7.8	7.3	6.1	6.1	4.6	4.6	3.0	3.1	1.3	1.4	0.0	0.0
	2002	9.1	7.9	7.6	7.1	6.0	5.8	4.5	4.5	2.9	3.0	1.3	1.3	0.0	0.0
	2003	8.8	7.6	7.4	6.8	5.8	5.6	4.3	4.3	2.8	2.8	1.3	1.2	0.0	0.0
	2004	8.4	7.3	7.1	6.5	5.6	5.4	4.1	4.0	2.7	2.7	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
	2005	8.1	6.9	6.8	6.2	5.3	5.1	4.0	3.8	2.6	2.5	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
	2006	7.7	6.6	6.5	6.0	5.1	4.9	3.8	3.6	2.5	2.4	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
	2007	7.4	6.3	6.2	5.7	4.9	4.7	3.6	3.5	2.3	2.2	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
	2008	7.0	6.1	6.0	5.5	4.7	4.5	3.4	3.3	2.2	2.1	1.0	0.9	0.0	0.0
	2009	6.8	5.9	5.8	5.4	4.5	4.4	3.3	3.2	2.1	2.0	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
	2010	6.6	5.8	5.6	5.2	4.4	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.1	2.0	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2011	6.5	5.7	5.6	5.2	4.4	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2012	6.4	5.6	5.5	5.1	4.4	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.0	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2013	6.4	5.6	5.5	5.1	4.4	4.3	3.2	3.1	2.1	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2014	6.4	5.5	5.5	5.1	4.5	4.3	3.3	3.1	2.1	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2015	6.4	5.5	5.6	5.1	4.5	4.3	3.3	3.1	2.1	1.9	0.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
	2016	6.4	5.5	5.6	5.1	4.6	4.3	3.4	3.1	2.1	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.0	0.0

We now have the relevant points for the graph showing YLL to diabetes for men and women by age, and calendar year, both under the immunity and susceptibility models for the calculation of YLL.

```
> plyll <- function(wh, xtxt){
+ par(mfrow = c(1, 2),
+ mar = c(3, 3, 1, 1),
+ mgp = c(3, 1, 0) / 1.6,
+ bty = "n",
+ las = 1)
+ matplot(a.ref, aYLL[wh, "M", , ],
+ type="l", lty=1, col="blue", lwd=1:2,
+ ylim=c(0, 12), xlab="Age",
+ ylab=paste0("Years lost to DM", xtxt),</pre>
```

```
yaxs="i")
+
  abline(v=50, h=1:11, col=gray(0.7))
+
  text(90, 11.5, "Men", col="blue", adj=1)
+
  text(40, aYLL[wh, "M", "40", "1996"], "1996", adj=c(0, 0), col="blue")
text(43, aYLL[wh, "M", "44", "2016"], "2016", adj=c(1, 1), col="blue")
+
+
+
  matplot(a.ref, aYLL[wh, "F", , ],
+
               type="1", lty=1, col="red", lwd=1:2,
+
               ylim=c(0, 12), xlab="Age",
+
               vlab=paste0("Years lost to DM", xtxt),
+
               yaxs="i")
+
  abline(v=50, h=1:11, col=gray(0.7))
+
+ text(90, 11.5, "Women", col="red", adj=1)
+ text(40, aYLL[wh, "F", "40", "1996"], "1996", adj=c(0, 0), col="red")
+ text(43, aYLL[wh, "F", "44", "2016"], "2016", adj=c(1, 1), col="red")
+ }
> plyll("Imm", " - immunity assumption")
> plyll("Tot", " - total mortality refernce")
```

```
> plyll("Sus", " - susceptibility assumed")
```



Figure 2.1: Years of life lost to DM: the difference in expected residual life time at different ages between persons with and without diabetes, assuming the persons without diabetes at a given age remain free from diabetes (immunity assumption — not reasonable). The lines refer to date of evaluation; the top lines refer to 1996-1-1 the bottom ones to 2016-1-1. Blue curves are men, red women.



Figure 2.2: Years of life lost to DM: the difference in expected residual life time at different ages between persons with and without diabetes, allowing the persons without diabetes at a given age to contract diabetes and thus be subject to higher mortality. The lines refer to date of evaluation; the top lines refer to 1996-1-1 the bottom ones to 2016-1-1. Blue curves are men, red women.

From figure 2.2 we see that for men aged 50 the years lost to diabetes has decreased from 6.5 to 4.5 years and for women from 4 to 4 years; so a greater improvement for women.

```
Start time: 2024-11-25, 19:33:01
End time: 2024-11-25, 19:33:10
Elapsed time: 0.17 minutes
```



Figure 2.3: Years of life lost to DM: the difference in expected residual life time at different ages between persons with and without diabetes. Allowance for susceptibility is approximated by using the total population mortality instead of non-DM mortality. The lines refer to date of evaluation; the top lines refer to 1996-1-1 the bottom ones to 2016-1-1. Blue curves are men, red women.

Bibliography

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- [2] B Carstensen, JK Kristensen, P Ottosen, and K Borch-Johnsen. The Danish National Diabetes Register: Trends in incidence, prevalence and mortality. *Diabetologia*, 51:2187–2196, 2008.