

# Package: EnviroPRA2 (via r-universe)

October 27, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** Environmental Probabilistic Risk Assessment Tools

**Version** 1.0.1

**Date** 2024-01-23

**Description** It contains functions for dose calculation for different routes, fitting data to probability distributions, random number generation (Monte Carlo simulation) and calculation of systemic and carcinogenic risks. For more information see the publication: Barrio-Parra et al. (2019) "Human-health probabilistic risk assessment: the role of exposure factors in an urban garden scenario" [doi:10.1016/j.landurbplan.2019.02.005](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.landurbplan.2019.02.005).

**License** GPL

**Imports** MASS, kSamples, stats, fitdistrplus, truncdist

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2024-01-30 19:40:02 UTC

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.0

**Encoding** UTF-8

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 EnviroPRA2-package

*Environmental Probabilistic Risk Assessment Tools*


---

## Description

A collection of functions employed in environmental risk assessment to model exposure to a toxicant and predicting health effects, allowing to characterize variability and uncertainty in risk estimations

## Details

A set of tools to perform a deterministic and probabilistic risk assessment.

## Author(s)

F.Barrio-Parra

Maintainer: fernando.barrio@upm.es

## Examples

```
#### Performs Deterministic Environmental Risk Assessment ####
# Example of dermal contact with a chemical in swimming water
# Estimate the dermal absorbed dose during swimming in waters with a carcinogenic chemical
```

```
# (water concentration of 250 mg/m^3)
DWIR ( CW = 250)
# For a systemic effect:
DWIR ( CW= 250, AT=24*365)
# Specifying all the parameters for the carcinogenic case
I = DWIR ( CW=250, IR=1.5, EF = 300, ED = 24, BW = 85)
# Chemical Slope factor
SFAs = 1.5
# Dermal Absorption Factor
ABSAs = 3e-02
# Gastrointestinal Absorption Factor
GIAs = 1
# Risk Estimation
RISKdermal (AD = I, SF = SFAs, GI = GIAs)
#### Perform a test to assess the fitness of a theoretical distribution to empirical data ####
set.seed(123)
a <- rnorm(n=100, mean =1.5, sd = 0.25)
b <- rnorm(n = 15, mean = 300, sd = 15)
fit_dist_test(a)
fit_dist_test(b)
# Graphical representation of data fitting to a distribution
plot_fit_dist(a, "norm")
plot_fit_dist(b, "norm")
#### Perform a Probabilistic Environmental Risk Assessment ####
Fita <- Fit_dist_parameter(a)
Fitb <- Fit_dist_parameter(b)
IRr <-random_number_generator(n = 10000, Fited = Fita,
```

```

                                dist = "norm", a =0.8, b = 2.1)
Efr <-random_number_generator(n = 10000, Fited = Fitb,
                                dist = "norm", a =250, b = 330)
I = DWIR ( CW=250, IR=IRr, EF = EFr, ED = 24, BW = 85)
# Risk Estimation
Risk <- RISKdermal (AD = I, SF = SFAs, GI = GIAs)
hist (Risk)
quantile (Risk, c (0.05, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 0.95))

```

AD

*Dermal contact with chemicals in soil***Description**

Estimates the Absorbed dose [mg/Kg\*day] of chemicals through dermal contact with a soil

**Usage**

AD(CS = 1, SA = 2800, AF = 0.2, ABS = 0.001, EF = 350, ED = 24, BW = 70, AT = 365 \* 70)

**Arguments**

CS	Chemical concentration in soil [mg/Kg]
SA	Skin surface area available for contact [cm <sup>2</sup> ]
AF	Skin adherence factor [mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
ABS	Absorption factor (Chemical specific) [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical Absorbed dose [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

## References

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

## Examples

```
## Estimated absorbed dose for the estimation of carcinogenic effects using
# the default variables (EPA 2011) for a chemical soil concentration of
# 0.2 mg/Kg
```

```
AD( CS=0.2)
```

```
# For a systemic effect:
```

```
AD( CS=0.2, AT=24*365)
```

```
# Specifying all the parameters for the carcinogenic case
```

```
AD( CS=0.2, SA=2300, AF=0.25, ABS=0.01, EF=150, ED=10, BW=80)
```

---

ADboot

---

*Dermal contact with chemicals in soil by bootstrap*


---

## Description

Dermal contact with chemicals in soil by bootstrap

## Usage

```
ADboot(n, CS, SA, AF, ABS, EF, ED, BW, AT)
```

## Arguments

n	Output vector length
CS	Chemical concentration in soil [mg/Kg]
SA	Skin surface area available for contact [cm <sup>2</sup> ]
AF	Skin adherence factor [mg/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
ABS	Absorption factor (Chemical specific) [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical Absorbed dose [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
# Carcinogenic effects
c <- rnorm( n= 10, mean = 0.2, sd = 0.05 )
b <- rnorm( n= 100, mean = 20, sd = 5 )
ADboot (n = 1000, SA=2300, AF=0.25, ABS=0.01, CS = c, BW = b, ED = 10, EF = 250)
```

---

AIR

*Inhalation of airborne chemicals*

---

**Description**

Estimates the Intake rate by inhalation of airborne chemicals (vapor phase) [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

AIR(CA = 1, IR = 20, ET = 24, EF = 350, ED = 24, BW = 70, AT = 365 \* 70)

**Arguments**

CA	Chemical concentration in air [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]
IR	Inhalation Rate [m <sup>3</sup> /hour]
ET	Exposure time [hours/day]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Intake rate by inhalation of airborne chemicals (vapor phase) I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**References**

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

**Examples**

```
## Estimated absorbed dose for the estimation of carcinogenic effects using
# the default variables (EPA 2011) for a chemical air concentration
# of 0.2 mg/m^3
```

```
AIR ( CA=0.2)
```

```
# For a systemic effect:
```

```
AIR ( CA=0.2, AT=24*365)
```

```
# Specifying all the parameters for the carcinogenic case
```

```
AIR ( CA=0.2, IR=25, ET = 24, EF = 300, ED = 24, BW = 85)
```

---

 AIRboot

---

*Inhalation of airborne chemicals by bootstrap*


---

**Description**

Estimates the Intake rate by inhalation of airborne chemicals (vapor phase) [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

```
AIRboot(n, CA, IR, ET, EF, ED, BW, AT)
```

**Arguments**

n	Output vector length
CA	Chemical concentration in air [mg/m <sup>3</sup> ]
IR	Inhalation Rate [m <sup>3</sup> /hour]
ET	Exposure time [hours/day]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Intake rate by inhalation of airborne chemicals (vapor phase) I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
# Carcinogenic effects  
  
c <- rnorm( n= 10, mean = 0.2, sd = 0.05 )  
  
b <- rnorm( n= 100, mean = 20, sd = 5 )  
  
AIRboot (n = 1000, CA=c, IR=25, ET = 24, EF = 300, ED = 24, BW = b)
```

---

condition

*p-value significance checking function*

---

**Description**

Auxiliar function to check p-value significance (Function created for internal use of the model).

**Usage**

```
condition(n)
```

**Arguments**

n                      p-value

**Value**

Return "Significant" or "Not-significant" - Object class "character"

**Examples**

```
condition ( 0.001)  
  
condition (0.1)
```



---

 DWIR

*Chemical intake by Drinking Water*


---

**Description**

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by Drinking Water [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

DWIR(CW = 1, IRW = 2, EF = 350, ED = 24, BW = 80, AT = 365 \* 70)

**Arguments**

CW	Chemical concentrtrion in water [mg/L]
IRW	Water Ingestion Rate [L/Day]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical intake rate by drinking water I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**References**

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

**Examples**

```
# Estimate the dermal absorbed dose during swimming in waters with a carcinogenic chemical
# (water concentration of 250 mg/m^3)
```

```
DWIR ( CW = 250)
```

```
# For a systemic effect:
```

```
DWIR ( CW= 250, AT=24*365)
```

```
# Specifying all the parameters for the carcinogenic case
```

```
DWIR ( CW=250, IR=1.5, EF = 300, ED = 24, BW = 85)
```

---

DWIRboot

*Chemical intake by Drinking Water by bootstrap*

---

### Description

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by Drinking Water [mg/Kg\*day]

### Usage

```
DWIRboot(n, CW, IRW, EF, BW, ED, AT)
```

### Arguments

n	Output vector length
CW	Chemical concentration in water [mg/L]
IRW	Water Ingestion Rate [L/Day]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

### Value

Chemical intake rate by drinking water I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

### Author(s)

F. Barrio-Parra

### Examples

```
# Carcinogenic effects
c <- rnorm( n= 10, mean = 250, sd = 15 )
b <- rnorm( n= 100, mean = 20, sd = 5 )
DWIRboot (n = 1000, CW=c, IR=1.5, EF = 300, ED = 24, BW = b)
```

---

extr_par	<i>Extracts the fitted distribution parameters to be introduced in other function</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

Auxiliar function for internal use only

**Usage**

```
extr_par(x, dist)
```

**Arguments**

x	List of parameters obtained by the application of the Fit_dist_parameter function
dist	Name of the distribution we would like to stract the parameters ("norm", "lnorm", "geom", "exp", "pois", "gamma", "cauchy", "logis", "weibull", "nbinom", "beta", "chisq", "t", "f")

**Value**

A list of fitted parameters.

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
a <- rnorm(n=100, mean =10, sd = 1)
b <- Fit_dist_parameter(a)
extr_par(x = b, dist ="norm")
```

---

Fit_dist_parameter	<i>Returns adjusted distribution parameters</i>
--------------------	---

---

**Description**

Returns the distribution parameters adjusted for by maximum likelihood (mle) for the following distributions: "normal", "log-normal", "geometric", "exponential", "Poisson", "cauchy", "logistic" and "weibull"

**Usage**

```
Fit_dist_parameter(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` A numeric vector of length at least one containing only finite values (non-censored data)

**Value**

<code>normal</code>	Fitted Mean and sd for a normal distribution
<code>'log-normal'</code>	Fitted Meanlog and sdlog for a log-normal distribution
<code>geometric</code>	Fitted prob for a geometric distribution
<code>exponential</code>	Fitted rate for a exponential distribution
<code>Poisson</code>	Fitted lambda for a exponential distribution
<code>cauchy</code>	Fitted location and scale for a Cauchy distribution
<code>logistic</code>	Fitted location and scale for a Logistic distribution
<code>weibull</code>	Fitted shape and scale for a weibull distribution

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**See Also**

Function `fitdistr` in Library (MASS)

**Examples**

```
a <- rnorm(n=100, mean =10, sd = 1)
b <- Fit_dist_parameter(a)
# Examples of result extraction
b$normal
b$weibull
```

---

fit\_dist\_test

*Summary of Godness-of-fit tests*


---

**Description**

Returns a data frame with the summary of Fiting distribution tests for the following distributions: "normal","log-normal","geometric","exponential","Poisson", "cauchy" , "logistic" and "weibull".

The considered Godness-of-fit tests are: Bayesian Information Criterium (BIC), Akaike Information Criterium (AIC), Kolmogorov-Smirnov test and Anderson-Darling test.

**Usage**

```
fit_dist_test(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                    A numeric vector of length at least one containing only finite values

**Value**

Distribution	Name of the tested distribution
BayesianIC	Bayesian Information Criterium (BIC)
AkaikeIC	Akaike Information Criterium (AIC)
Kol-SmirD	The value of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic
Kol-SmirPvalue	The value of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test p-value
Significance KS	A column to check the significance of the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
And-Dar1	The value of the nderson-Darling test statistic
And-Dar1Pvalue	The value of the Anderson-Darling test p-value
Significance AD	A column to check the significance of the Anderson-Darling test

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**See Also**

ad.test library(kSamples), AIC library(stats), BIC library(stats), ks.test library(stats),

**Examples**

```
set.seed(123)

a <- rnorm(n=100, mean =10, sd = 1)

fit_dist_test(a)

b<- rexp(n = 100,rate = 1)

fit_dist_test(b)
```

---

HI

*Hazard Index*

---

**Description**

Returns the Hazard Index (non carcinogenic effects)

**Usage**

```
HI(I, RFD)
```

**Arguments**

I	Intake Rate [mg/Kg*day]
RFD	Reference dose [mg/Kg*day]

**Value**

Hazard Index [-] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
# Assessing if there is systemic risk for an adult receptor that drinks water with 1000 ug/L
# of hexachlorobenzene (Reference Dose (IRIS data base) = 8e-04 [mg/Kg*day]) in a residential
# scenario (default EPA Maximum Reasonable Exposure parameters)
```

```
HI (I = DWIR( CW=1, AT=24*365), RFD = 8e-04)
```

---

HI<sub>dermal</sub>

*Hazard Index for dermal contact*

---

### Description

Returns the Hazard Index for dermal exposure with chemicals (non carcinogenic effects)

### Usage

HI<sub>dermal</sub>(AD, RFD, GI)

### Arguments

AD	Absorbed dose [mg/Kg*day]
RFD	Reference dose [mg/Kg*day]
GI	Gastrointestinal Absorption factor (chemical specific) [-]

### Value

Hazard Index [-] - Object class "numeric"

### Author(s)

F. Barrio-Parra

### Examples

```
# Assess if there is non-carcinogenic risk for an adult thorough dermal
# contact exposed to a soil that contains 45 mg/Kg of As in a residential
# scenario (default EPA Maximum Reasonable Exposure parameters)

RfDAs = 3e-04

# Dermal Absorption Factor

ABSAs = 3e-02

# Gastrointestinal Absorption Factor

GIAs = 1

I = AD (CS = 45, ABS = ABSAs, AT= 24*365)

HIdermal (AD = I, RFD = RfDAs, GI = GIAs)
```

---

HIinhal

*Hazard Index for inhalation of vapors*

---

**Description**

Returns the Hazard Index (systemic effects) for inhalation of vapors

**Usage**

HIinhal(INH, RFC)

**Arguments**

INH	Inhaled dose (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
RFC	Reference concentration (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )

**Value**

Hazard Index (non carcinogenic effects) [-] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
# Assess if there is systemic risk for the exposure of an adult
# (Reasonable Maximum Exposure) to a Toluene air concentration of 2 mg/ m3
```

```
HIinhal (INH = AIR (CA = 2, AT = 365*24), RFC = 5)
```

---

INH

*Inhalation of resuspended soil particles*

---

**Description**

Estimates the Intake rate of chemicals by inhalation of resuspended soil particles [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

INH(C = 10, EF = 350, ED = 24, PEF = 1.36<sup>9</sup>, AT = 365 \* ED)



**Arguments**

C	Concentration of chemicals in soil(mg/kg)
EF	Exposure frequency (day/year)
ED	Exposure duration (years)
PEF	Particle emission factor meaning resuspended particles(m <sup>3</sup> /kg)
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical intake rate by inhalation of soil particles I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**References**

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

**Examples**

```
# Estimated dose for the estimation of carcinogenic effects due to the
# inhalation of soil particles that contains 45 mg/Kg of As in a residential
# scenario (default EPA Maximum Reasonable Exposure parameters)
```

```
INH(C= 45, AT = 365*70)
```

```
# For non-carcinogenic effects:
```

```
INH(C= 45)
```

---

plot\_fit\_dist

*Graphical representation of data fitting to a distribution*

---

**Description**

A function to help assessing the distribution that best fit a data vector

**Usage**

```
plot_fit_dist(x, dist)
```

**Arguments**

x	A numeric vector of length at least one containing only finite values (values must be $\geq 0$ )
dist	Character vector indicating the distribution to be plotted: "norm", "lnorm", "geom", "exp", "pois", "cauchy", "logis", "weibull"

**Value**

Returns: Empirical and theoretical density plots, Empirical and theoretical CDFs, Q-Q plot, P-P plot

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**See Also**

plotdist from Library (fitdstrplus)

**Examples**

```
set.seed(123)
a <- rnorm(n = 100, mean = 10, sd = 1)
plot_fit_dist(a, "norm")
```

---

random\_number\_generator

*Random number generator*

---

**Description**

Return a vector of n random numbers following a truncated distribution (dist) in agreement with a fitted parameters "Fited"

**Usage**

```
random_number_generator(n, Fited, dist, a, b)
```

**Arguments**

n	The number of desired generated numbers
Fited	A list containing the parameters obtained by application of Fit_dist_parameter
dist	Character vector indicating the distribution to be applied: "norm", "lnorm", "geom", "exp", "pois", "cauchy", "logis", "weibull"
a	Truncation Lower limit
b	Truncation Upper limit

**Value**

A vector of n random numbers - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**See Also**

Fit\_dist\_parameter

**Examples**

```
set.seed(123)
a <- rnorm(n = 100, mean = 10, sd = 1)
Fit <- Fit_dist_parameter(a)

b <- random_number_generator(n = 10000, Fited = Fit,
                             dist = "norm", a = 8, b = 12)

hist(a,xlim= c(7,14))
hist(b,xlim= c(7,14))
```

---

RISK

*Risk*

---

**Description**

Returns the Risk estimation (carcinogenic effects)

**Usage**

```
RISK(I, SF)
```

**Arguments**

I	Intake Rate [mg/Kg*day]
SF	Slope Factor [(mg/Kg*day) <sup>-1</sup> ] (chemical specific)

**Value**

Risk [-] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
# Assessing if there is carcinogenic risk for an adult receptor that drinks water with 1000 ug/L
# of hexachlorobence (Oral Slope Factor (IRIS data base) = 1.6 [mg/Kg*day]^-1) in a residential
# scenario (default EPA Maximum Reasonable Exposure parameters)
```

```
RISK (I = DWIR( CW=1), SF = 1.6)
```

---

RISKdermal

*Risk for dermal contact*


---

**Description**

Returns the Risk for dermal exposure with chemicals (carcinogenic effects)

**Usage**

```
RISKdermal(AD, SF, GI)
```

**Arguments**

AD	Absorbed dose [mg/Kg*day]
SF	Slope Factor [(mg/Kg*day)^-1] (chemical specific)
GI	Gastrointestinal Absorption factor (chemical specific) [-]

**Value**

Risk [-] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**See Also**

AD

**Examples**

```
# Assess if there is carcinogenic risk for an adult thorug dermal
# contact exposed to a soil that contains 45 mg/Kg of As in a residential
# scenario (default EPA Maximum Reasonable Exposure parameters)
```

```
SFAs = 1.5
```

```
# Dermal Absorption Factor
```

```
ABSAs = 3e-02
```

```
# Gastrointestinal Absorption Factor
GIAs = 1
I = AD (CS = 45, ABS = ABSAs)
RISKdermal (AD = I, SF = SFAs, GI = GIAs)
```

---

RISKInhal                      *Risk for inhalation of vapors*

---

### Description

Returns the risk (carcinogenic effects) for inhalation of vapors

### Usage

```
RISKInhal(URi, I)
```

### Arguments

URi	Inhalation Unit risk [(ug/m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>-1</sup> ]
I	Inhalated dose (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )

### Value

Risk [-] - Object class "numeric"

### Examples

```
# Assess if there is cancer risk for the exposure of an adult
# (Reasonable Maximum Exposure) to a benzene air concentration of 2 mg/ m3
RISKInhal ( I = AIR (CA = 2), URi = 7.8e-06)
```

---

sampler                      *Execute sampling with replacement*

---

### Description

Auxiliar function (employed only for internal use)

### Usage

```
sampler(n, a)
```

**Arguments**

n                    Number of sampling iterations  
a                    data vector

**Value**

Resampled vector of length n - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**Examples**

```
a <- rnorm (n = 20, mean = 0, sd = 1)
b <- sampler (n = 100, a = a)
```

---

sig

*Significance level cheking function*

---

**Description**

Function that return if the p-value allows to accept H0 in a Kolmogorov Smirnov or Anderson Darling test

**Usage**

```
sig(n)
```

**Arguments**

n                    p-value

**Value**

Text string ("Significant" / "Not Significant") - Object class "character"

**Examples**

```
sig ( 0.001 )
sig ( 0.1 )
```

SIR

*Chemical intake by accidental soil ingestion***Description**

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by accidental soil ingestion [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

SIR(CS = 1, IR = 100, FI = 1, EF = 350, ED = 24, BW = 80, AT = 365 \* 70)

**Arguments**

CS	Chemical concentrtrion in soil [mg/Kg]
IR	Soil Ingestion Rate [mg/Day]
FI	Fraction ingested from contaminated source [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical intake rate by soil ingestion I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

F. Barrio-Parra

**References**

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

**Examples**

# Ingestion rate for a children weighing 20 Kg who ingest 200 mg  
# of soil every day, 250 days per year during 10 years. 95-UCL of  
# Arsenic in soil is 25 mg/Kg

# Carcinogenic effects

SIR ( CS = 25, BW = 20, IR = 200, ED = 10, EF = 250)

# Systemic effects

SIR ( CS = 25, BW = 20, IR = 200, ED = 10, EF = 250, AT = 365\*10)

---

SIRboot

*Chemical intake by accidental soil ingestion by bootstrap*

---

### Description

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by accidental soil ingestion [mg/Kg\*day]

### Usage

```
SIRboot(n, CS, IR, FI, EF, ED, BW, AT)
```

### Arguments

n	Output vector length
CS	Chemical concentration in soil [mg/Kg]
IR	Soil Ingestion Rate [mg/Day]
FI	Fraction ingested from contaminated source [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (Note that for No carcinogenic effects AT should be equal to 365*ED)

### Value

Chemical intake rate by soil ingestion I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

### Examples

```
# Carcinogenic effects
c <- rnorm( n= 10, mean = 22, sd = 2 )
b <- rnorm( n= 100, mean = 20, sd = 5 )
SIRboot (n = 1000, CS = c, BW = b, IR = 200, ED = 10, EF = 250)
```



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 VI *Chemical intake by ingestion of vegetables*


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**Description**

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

VI(CF = 1, IR = 210, FI = 1, EF = 350, ED = 24, BW = 80, AT = 365 \* 70)

**Arguments**

CF	Chemical concentration in food [mg/Kg]
IR	Vegetables Ingestion Rate [g / Kg * Day]
FI	Fraction ingested from contaminated source [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body weight (kg)
AT	Averaging time [day] (For No carcinogenic effects AT = 365*ED)

**Value**

Chemical intake rate by vegetable ingestion I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Author(s)**

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**References**

US Environmental Protection Agency, 2011. Exposure Factors Handbook: 2011 Edition. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA/600/R-(September), pp 1466.

**Examples**

# Assess the chemical intake by an adult that eats lettuce with a concentration of 2 mg/ Kg  
# in a maximum reasonable exposure scenario for non- carcinogenic effects

VI (CF = 2, AT = 365\*24)

---

 VIboot

*Chemical intake by ingestion of vegetables by bootstrap*


---

**Description**

Estimates the chemical Intake rate by ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables [mg/Kg\*day]

**Usage**

```
VIboot( n, CF, IR, FI, EF, ED, BW, AT)
```

**Arguments**

n	Output vector length
CF	Chemical concentrtrion in food [mg/Kg]
IR	Vegetables Ingestion Rate [g / Kg * Day]
FI	Fraction ingested from contaminated source [-]
EF	Exposure frequency [day/yr]
ED	Exposure duration [yr]
BW	Body Weight [Kg]
AT	Averaging time [day] (For No carcinogenic effects AT = 365*ED)

**Value**

A vector of Chemical intake rate by vegetable ingestion I [mg/Kg\*day] - Object class "numeric"

**Examples**

```
# Assess the chemical intake by an adult that eats lettuce with a concentration of 2 mg/ Kg of a
# chemical with non- carcinogenic effects in a maximum reasonable exposure scenario
# Figure out 10 data of Chemical concentration following a normal distribution (mean = 2, sd= 2)
# and 100 Body weight data that follow a normal distribution (mean = 70, sd = 15)

c <- rnorm( n= 10, mean = 2, sd = 2 )

b <- rnorm( n= 100, mean = 70, sd = 5 )

VIboot (n = 1000, CF = c, BW = b, AT = 365*24)
```

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