Package: Compositionalridge (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Ridge Regression for Compositional Data

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Maintainer Michail Tsagris <mtsagris@uoc.gr>

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Description A few ridge regression models for compositional data with zero values present. These are the zero adjusted Dirichlet regression, the multivariate zero inflated logistic normal, the Kullback-Leibler divergence and the alpha-regression. Some relevant papers include Tsagris and Stewart (2018) <doi:10.1134/S1995080218030198>, Tsagris et al. (2026) <doi:10.48550/arXiv.2510.12663>, and Li et al. (2018) <doi:10.1007/s12561-018-9219-2>.

License GPL (>= 2)

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Author Michail Tsagris [aut, cre], Christos Adam [aut] (ORCID: <https://orcid.org/0009-0003-3244-7034>)

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`Compositionalridge-package`

Ridge Regression for Compositional Data

Description

A few ridge regression models for compositional data with zero values present. These are the zero adjusted Dirichlet regression, the multivariate zero inflated logistic normal, the Kullback-Leibler divergence and the alpha-regression. Some relevant papers include Tsagris and Stewart (2018) <doi:10.1134/S1995080218030198>, Tsagris et al. (2026) <doi:10.48550/arXiv.2510.12663>, and Li et al. (2018) <doi:10.1007/s12561-018-9219-2>.

Details

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Author(s)

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References

Li Z., Lee K., Karagas M. R., Madan J. C., Hoen A. G., O'Malley A. J. and Li H. (2018). Conditional regression based on a multivariate zero-inflated logistic-normal model for microbiome relative abundance data. Statistics in Biosciences, 10(3): 587–608.

`Cross-validation for ridge regression for compositional data`
Cross-validation for ridge regression for compositional data

Description

Cross-validation for ridge regression for compositional data.

Usage

```
cv.zadrridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, tol = 1e-06, maxit = 100,
folds = NULL, nfolds = 10, seed = NULL)
cv.drridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, tol = 1e-06, maxit = 100,
folds = NULL, nfolds = 10, seed = NULL)
cv.kldridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100,
folds = NULL,  nfolds = 10, seed = NULL)
cv.mzilnridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100,
folds = NULL, nfolds = 10, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

`y`	A matrix with the compositional data (dependent variable). Only for the Dirichlet regression, zeros are not allowed.
`x`	The predictor variable(s), they can only be continnuous variables.
`lambda`	A vector with a sequence of the ridge λ values. If you do not know it leave it NULL and the function will compute it internally.
`nlambda`	The number of λ values to compute.
`tol`	The tolerance value to terminate the Fisher scoring algorithm.
`maxit`	The maximum number of iterations the Fisher scoring algorithm will perform.
`folds`	If you have the list with the folds supply it here. You can also leave it NULL and it will create folds.
`nfolds`	The number of folds to produce.
`seed`	You can specify your own seed number here or leave it NULL.

Details

K-fold cross-validation for the ridge regression using the Dirichlet regression, the zero adjuster Dirichlet regression, the Kullback-Leilber divergence regression or the multivariate zero inflated logistic normal regression.

Value

A list including:

`runtime`	The runtime of the ridge regression model.
`info`	A matrix with two or three columns containing the lambda, the penalized log-likelihood (for dr and zadr), and the Kullback-Leibler divergence between the observed and te fitted compositions.
`be`	A list with the ridge beta coefficients.
`est`	A list with the ridge estimated compositions.

Author(s)

Michail Tsagris.

R implementation and documentation: Michail Tsagris <mtsagris@uoc.gr>.

References

Li Z., Lee K., Karagas M. R., Madan J. C., Hoen A. G., O'Malley A. J. and Li H. (2018). Conditional regression based on a multivariate zero-inflated logistic-normal model for microbiome relative abundance data. Statistics in Biosciences, 10(3): 587–608.

See Also

`cv.zadrridge`, `areg.ridge`

Examples

```
x <- matrix( rnorm(150 * 10), ncol = 10 )
y <- as.matrix(iris[, 1:3])
y <- y / rowSums(y)
ind <- sample(150, 10)
for ( k in ind )  y[k, sample(3, 1)] <- 0
y <- y / rowSums(y)
mod <- kld.ridge(y, x)
```

`K-fold cross-validation for the ridge alpha-regression`

K-fold cross-validation for the ridge α-regression

Description

K-fold cross-validation for the ridge α-regression.

Usage

```
cv.aregridge(y, x, a = seq(0.1, by = 0.1), lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100,
folds = NULL, nfolds = 10, seed = NULL)
```

Arguments

`y`	A matrix with the compositional data (dependent variable). Only for the Dirichlet regression, zeros are not allowed.
`x`	The predictor variable(s), they can only be continnuous variables.
`a`	A vector with values of α for the α-transformation. If zero values are present only the positive values of α are used.
`lambda`	A vector with a sequence of the ridge λ values. If you do not know it leave it NULL and the function will compute it internally.
`nlambda`	The number of λ values to compute.
`folds`	If you have the list with the folds supply it here. You can also leave it NULL and it will create folds.
`nfolds`	The number of folds to produce.
`seed`	You can specify your own seed number here or leave it NULL.

Details

K-fold cross-validation for the ridge α-regression.

Value

A list including:

`runtime`	The runtime of the ridge regression model.
`info`	A matrix with two columns containing the lambda, the penalized log-likelihood (for dr and zadr), and the Kullback-Leibler divergence between the observed and te fitted compositions.
`be`	A list with the ridge beta coefficients.
`sest`	A list with the ridge estimated compositions.

Author(s)

Michail Tsagris.

R implementation and documentation: Michail Tsagris <mtsagris@uoc.gr>.

References

Li Z., Lee K., Karagas M. R., Madan J. C., Hoen A. G., O'Malley A. J. and Li H. (2018). Conditional regression based on a multivariate zero-inflated logistic-normal model for microbiome relative abundance data. Statistics in Biosciences, 10(3): 587–608.

See Also

`cv.zadrridge`, `areg.ridge`

Examples

```
x <- matrix( rnorm(150 * 10), ncol = 10 )
y <- as.matrix(iris[, 1:3])
y <- y / rowSums(y)
ind <- sample(150, 10)
for ( k in ind )  y[k, sample(3, 1)] <- 0
y <- y / rowSums(y)
mod <- kld.ridge(y, x)
```

`Ridge alpha-regression for compositional data`

Ridge α-regression for compositional data

Description

Ridge α-regression for compositional data

Usage

```
areg.ridge(y, x, a, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, yb = NULL, xnew = NULL)
```

Arguments

`y`	A matrix with the compositional data.
`x`	A matrix with the continuous predictor variables or a data frame including categorical predictor variables.
`a`	The values of α for the α-transformation. If zero values are present only the positive values of α are used.
`lambda`	A vector with a sequence of the ridge λ values. If you do not know it leave it NULL and the function will compute it internally.
`nlambda`	The number of λ values to compute.
`yb`	If you have already α-transformed the data using α as given in the argument "a", put it here. Othewrise leave it NULL.
`xnew`	If you have new data whose response values you want to compute, pass them here.

Details

The ridge α-regression is applied.

Value

A list including:

`runtime`	The runtime of the ridge α-regression.
`info`	A matrix with two columns containing the lambda, and the Kullback-Leibler divergence between the observed and the fitted compositions.
`be`	A list with the ridge beta coefficients. **Note**: The predictors are standardised internally and then ridge regression is applied. The returned coefficients are transformed back to their original scale, just like the package glmnet does.
`est`	A list with the ridge estimated compositions, if xnew is not NULL.

Author(s)

Michail Tsagris.

R implementation and documentation: Michail Tsagris <mtsagris@uoc.gr>.

References

Tsagris M. and Pantazis Y. (2026). The α–regression for compositional data: a unified framework for standard, temporal and spatial regression models including compositional predictors. https://arxiv.org/pdf/2510.12663

Tsagris M. (2015). Regression analysis with compositional data containing zero values. Chilean Journal of Statistics, 6(2): 47-57. https://arxiv.org/pdf/1508.01913v1.pdf

Tsagris M.T., Preston S. and Wood A.T.A. (2011). A data-based power transformation for compositional data. In Proceedings of the 4th Compositional Data Analysis Workshop, Girona, Spain. https://arxiv.org/pdf/1106.1451.pdf

See Also

`cv.aregridge`, `zadr.ridge`

Examples

```
x <- matrix( rnorm(150 * 10), ncol = 10 )
y <- as.matrix(iris[, 1:3])
y <- y / rowSums(y)
ind <- sample(150, 10)
for ( k in ind )  y[k, sample(3, 1)] <- 0
y <- y / rowSums(y)
mod <- areg.ridge(y, x, 0.5)
```

Ridge regression for compositional data

Ridge regression for compositional data

Description

Ridge regression for compositional data.

Usage

```
zadr.ridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, xnew = NULL, tol = 1e-6, maxit = 100)
dr.ridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, xnew = NULL, tol = 1e-6, maxit = 100)
kld.ridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, xnew = NULL)
mziln.ridge(y, x, lambda = NULL, nlambda = 100, xnew = NULL)
```

Arguments

y	A matrix with the compositional data (dependent variable). Only for the Dirichlet regression, zeros are not allowed.
x	The predictor variable(s), they can only be continnuous variables.
lambda	A vector with a sequence of the ridge λ values. If you do not know it leave it NULL and the function will compute it internally.
nlambda	The number of λ values to compute.
xnew	If you have new data whose response values you want to compute, pass them here.
tol	The tolerance value to terminate the Fisher scoring algorithm.
maxit	The maximum number of iterations the Fisher scoring algorithm will perform.

Details

Ridge regression using the Dirichlet regression, the zero adjuster Dirichlet regression, the Kullback-Leilber divergence regression or the multivariate zero inflated logistic normal regression.

Value

A list including:

runtime	The runtime of the ridge regression model.
info	A matrix with two or three columns containing the lambda, the penalized log-likelihood (for dr and zadr), and the Kullback-Leibler divergence between the observed and the fitted compositions.
be	A list with the ridge beta coefficients. Note that for the mziln.ridge() the additive log-ratio transformation is implied as well, but the reference category is the last component, unlike all other regression models that imply the first component. So, be careful with the interpretation. Also, for the kld.ridge() the coefficients

are based on the inverse of the centered log-ratio transformation. **Note**: For all regression models, the predictors are standardised internally and then ridge regression is applied. The returned coefficients are transformed back to their original scale, just like the package glmnet does.

`est` A list with the ridge estimated compositions, if xnew is not NULL.

Author(s)

Michail Tsagris and Christos Adam.

R implementation and documentation: Michail Tsagris <mtsagris@uoc.gr> and the C++ part of zadr.ridge() by Christos Adam <pada4m4@gmail.com>.

References

Tsagris M. and Pantazis Y. (2026). The α–regression for compositional data: a unified framework for standard, temporal and spatial regression models including compositional predictors. https://arxiv.org/pdf/2510.12663

Tsagris M. (2015). Regression analysis with compositional data containing zero values. Chilean Journal of Statistics, 6(2): 47-57. https://arxiv.org/pdf/1508.01913v1.pdf

Tsagris M.T., Preston S. and Wood A.T.A. (2011). A data-based power transformation for compositional data. In Proceedings of the 4th Compositional Data Analysis Workshop, Girona, Spain. https://arxiv.org/pdf/1106.1451.pdf

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Tsagris M. and Stewart C. (2018). A Dirichlet regression model for compositional data with zeros. Lobachevskii Journal of Mathematics,39(3): 398–412.

Li Z., Lee K., Karagas M. R., Madan J. C., Hoen A. G., O'Malley A. J. and Li H. (2018). Conditional regression based on a multivariate zero-inflated logistic-normal model for microbiome relative abundance data. Statistics in Biosciences, 10(3): 587–608.

Friedman J., Hastie T. and Tibshirani R. (2010) Regularization Paths for Generalized Linear Models via Coordinate Descent. Journal of Statistical Software, Vol. 33(1), 1–22.

See Also

`cv.zadrridge`, `areg.ridge`

Examples

```
x <- matrix( rnorm(150 * 10), ncol = 10 )
y <- as.matrix(iris[, 1:3])
y <- y / rowSums(y)
ind <- sample(150, 10)
for ( k in ind )  y[k, sample(3, 1)] <- 0
y <- y / rowSums(y)
mod <- kld.ridge(y, x)
```

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