

Package: CWT (via r-universe)

June 29, 2024

Type Package

Title Continuous Wavelet Transformation for Spectroscopy

Version 0.2.1

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Description Fast application of Continuous Wavelet Transformation ('CWT') on time series with special attention to spectroscopy. It is written using data.table and 'C++' language and in some functions it is possible to use parallel processing to speed-up the computation over samples. Currently, only the second derivative of a Gaussian wavelet function is implemented.

License GPL (>= 3)

URL <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT>

BugReports <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports data.table (>= 1.14.0), Rcpp

Suggests testthat (>= 3.2.0)

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

ByteCompile true

Config/testthat/edition 3

Encoding UTF-8

Language en-US

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

SystemRequirements GNU make

NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2024-06-28 03:50:02 UTC

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CWT-package	<i>Continuous Wavelet Transformation for Spectroscopy</i>
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Description

Fast application of Continuous Wavelet Transformation on time series with special attention to spectroscopy. It is written using 'data.table' and 'C++' language and in some functions it is possible to use parallel processing to speed-up the computation over samples.

Author(s)

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See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/Antguz/CWT/issues>

cwt	<i>Continuous Wavelet Transform</i>
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Description

Compute a 1D continuous wavelet transformation using 2st order derivative Gaussian wavelet.

Usage

```
cwt(t, scales, variance = 1, summed_wavelet = FALSE, threads = 1L)
```

Arguments

<code>t</code>	A data.table, matrix, or numeric vector where columns or values represent time (i.e., bands) and rows samples (i.e., pixels). Remember the transformation assume that columns or values are evenly spaced though time (i.e., bands at equal to sampling interval).
<code>scales</code>	A positive numeric vector describing the scales to compute. The minimum scale (i.e., <code>scales = 1</code>) is equal to sampling interval between columns.
<code>variance</code>	A positive number describing the variance of the Gaussian PDF used to scale. Default variance = 1.
<code>summed_wavelet</code>	If TRUE, it returns the sum of scales. If FALSE, each scale is returned.
<code>threads</code>	An integer specifying the number of threads to use. Experiment to see what works best for your data on your hardware.

Value

If `summed_wavelet = TRUE`, it returns a data.table where columns are the sum of wavelet scales. If `summed_wavelet = FALSE`, it returns an array (i.e., time, samples, and scales).

Author(s)

J. Antonio Guzmán Q.

Examples

```
time_series <- sin(seq(0, 20 * pi, length.out = 100))

# Using a numeric vector

cwt(t = time_series,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = FALSE)

cwt(t = time_series,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = TRUE)

# Using a matrix

times <- 100
frame <- matrix(rep(time_series, times),
                nrow = times,
                byrow = TRUE)

cwt(t = frame,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = FALSE)

cwt(t = frame,
    scales = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5),
    summed_wavelet = TRUE)
```

resampling_FWHM	<i>Full Width Half Maximum Resampling</i>
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Description

It resample spectra data using Full Width Half Maximum (FWHM).

Usage

```
resampling_FWHM(spectra, wavelengths, new_wavelengths, FWHM, threads = 1L)
```

Arguments

spectra	A <code>data.table</code> , <code>data.frame</code> , or <code>matrix</code> where columns represent bands and rows samples (i.e., pixels).
wavelengths	A numeric vector describing the current positioning of the spectral bands within spectra.
new_wavelengths	A numeric vector describing positioning of the new spectral bands to resample.
FWHM	A numeric vector describing the Full Width Half Maximums of the new spectral bands. The length of this vector should be equal than the length of <code>new_wavelengths</code> .
threads	An integer specifying the number of threads to use. Experiment to see what works best for your data on your hardware.

Value

It returns a `data.table` with the resampled spectra, where columns are the new bands and rows are samples.

Author(s)

J. Antonio Guzmán Q.

Examples

```
mean <- 50
sd1 <- 5
sd2 <- 10
n <- 100

test <- matrix(c(dnorm(1:n, mean = mean, sd = sd1),
                 dnorm(1:n, mean = mean, sd = sd2)),
               nrow = 2,
               byrow = TRUE)

current_bands <- 1:n
```

```
new_bands <- seq(10, 90, by = 5)
FWHM <- rep(5, length(new_bands))

resampling_FWHM(spectra = test,
                wavelengths = current_bands,
                new_wavelengths = new_bands,
                FWHM = FWHM)
```

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